# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

### I. General Information

Course name	Academic and Research Practice
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	ВА
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Anna Kawalec, Piotr Szałek

Type of class	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
	teaching hours		
workshops	30	1	2

Course pre-requisites   none
------------------------------

### II. Course Objectives

- 1. Integration and adaptation of a group of students from different cultural areas. Adaptation to European and university rules, also specific to the field of study.
- 2. Prepares for independent research and publication work, implementation in the system of scientific work in Western culture.
- 3. Understanding the importance of research work and consciously coordinating the process of acquiring knowledge, the requirements of university culture, especially in the area of self-education and commitment (according to the specificity of the field of Applied Anthropology study at KUL)

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	W_01 Student recognixes ethical, substantive and cultural principles in scientific research, including social research in Western culture and specifically university culture. Understands the specificity of the "Good Life" principle in the context of engaged anthropology		
	SKILLS		
U_01	U_01 Reads, prepares and edits a scientific text, research and project (initially), discuss with the rigors of academic culture, also represent the student's attitude in a (often new) cultural situation		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		

K_01	Coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge specific to the	K_K01
	field of Applied Anthropology and competences, acquiring	
	new, flexible skills, knowledge necessary in research situations	
	and during the work of an anthropologist involved in	
	intercultural social activities. Additionally, they will acquire	
	socio-cultural competences necessary in the Western and	
	university environment.	

It is an introduction to university culture and practice. Its aim is to adapt and integrate a multicultural group of Applied Anthropology students to the conditions of education in the European system and the culture of behavior and speech, as well as research and publication work, often in new cultural and academic conditions. Additionally, during the classes, guests will be invited as speakers and advisers in the above-mentioned areas of academic and Polish culture.

### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	W_01 Problem method observation Assessment sheet				
SKILLS					
U_01	Practice method	observation	Assessment sheet		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Project method	observation	Assessment sheet		

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

Class attendance and discussion: 70% Involvement in workshop activities: 30%

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

# VIII. Literature

### **Basic literature**

Brick J. &others, Academic Culture: A Student's Guide to Studying at University, Okamoto Kazumi, Academic Culture -- An Analytical Framework for Understanding Academic Work [A Case Study in Japan], 2016. Materials adapted to the current needs of the group.

### **Additional literature**

Materials adapted to the current needs of the group.

### I. General Information

Course name	Academic writing
Programme	General academic
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible
---------------------------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	15	VI	2

Course pre-requisites	B2 level of English according to the Common European Framework of	
	Reference for Languages	

# II. Course Objectives

Preparing a student for an individual work on a written scientific thesis

Preparing a student to write various forms of formal academic texts (comparing and contrasting different formal academic texts and presenting how to write them, presenting how to use footnotes, bibliography, resources)

Preparing a student to recognise various forms of formal academic texts

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to		
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE	outcome		
144 04		K WOO		
W_01	Student knows how to precisely, logically and correctly express	K_W09		
	their views and opinions in the academic register			
W_02	Student knows vocabulary, fixed expressions and grammatical	K_W09		
	structures that allow them to prepare correctly structured			
	academic texts.			
	SKILLS			
U_01	Student perfects interpersonal and intercultural communication	K_U07		
	skills to discuss differences in the academic register of various			
	texts; undertakes intermediary activities between individuals			
	and groups from various social or cultural environments			
U 02	Student recognises main types of academic texts and knows	K_U09		
_	their function, knows how to describe their structure as well as			
	grammatical and lexical features.			
U_03	Student creates a coherent text using a proper style and correct	K_U09		

	beginning and ending.			
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Student individually coordinates the process of gaining	K_K02		
	knowledge and self-studying with the use of various resources			
	of written academic texts			
K_02	K_02 Student recognises changes in register K_K02			
K_03	Student manages knowledge and writing skills to meet	K_K09		
	immediate needs for the highest efficiency in problem solving			
	and task fulfilling			

The final effect of the classes is to prepare students to write a bachelor's thesis in English and to familiarize them with various forms of academic written texts. It is assumed that the course will contain the in-depth analysis of formal texts written in the academic register and students will be familiar with copyright law, creating bibliographies, avoiding plagiarism.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	Work on text	Written work	report		
W_02	Discussion	Observation	report		
W_03	Team work		report		
	SKILLS				
U_01	Discussion	Observation	report		
U_02	Work with resources	Observation	report		
U_03	Presentation	Observation	report		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Discussion	Observation	report		

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

Attendance 50%

Systematic, reliable and timely submission of written work 50%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	15
Number of hours of individual student work	45

# VIII. Literature

#### **Basic literature**

V. Evans Successful Writing Upper Intermediate

PTE Academic Expert B2

S.Bailey Academic Writing a Handbook for International Students

# I. General Information

Course name	Anthropological Theory and Ethnographical Research
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline Philosophy 50%, Culture and Religion Studies 50%	
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Anna Kawalec, Piotr Szałek
---------------------------------------	----------------------------

Type of class	Number of teach-	Semester	ECTS Points
	ing hours		
seminar	30+30	V+VI	15+8

Course pre-requisites	Interest (documented with assessment) in the areas: theoretical-anthro-
	pological and philosophical-anthropological

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. Preparing for independent research work
- 2. Preparation of a bachelor's thesis, respecting the requirements of research work at this level
- 3. Preparing the student for mature and independent functioning in the areas of engaged anthropology

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Student situates anthropology in relation to the sciences (esp. problem of deconstruction of discipline – T. Ingold) and understands the specific (and methodological specificity) of anthropology	K_W01
W_02	Student discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; esp. the hottest outbreaks, humanitarian crises (esp. knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods, also remedial world projects)	K_W05
	SKILLS	
U_01	Student integrates knowledge in the field of various anthropological subdisciplines about human beings, in addition philosophical anthropology (original at CUL)	K_U01
U_02	prepares and edits project, writes a research report and pre- pares a scientific text (according to the requirements of thesis at BA level)	K_U05
U_03	prepares a written essay and other forms (e.g. a multimedia	K_U09

	presentation, an oral speech) in the field of anthropology and		
	dimensions of the application of anthropological theories		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge and compe-	K_K01	
tences, acquires new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge and			
	skills in intercultural social activities		

The final effect of the course is the preparation of a BA thesis. Therefore, it is assumed that the subject area chosen by the students will be implemented in depth and that the methods of research and publication will be used.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Case study	observation	sheet	
W_02	Brainstorming	observation	sheet	
	SKILLS			
U_01	Textual analysis	observation	sheet	
U_02	Fieldwork	observation	sheet	
U_03	Textual analysis	observation	sheet	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Fieldwork, Brainstorming/	observation	sheet	
	discussion group			

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

Class attendance 30%

Regularity, reliability and efficiency of work on assignements 70%

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	60
Number of hours of individual student work	630

# VIII. Literature

Basic I	literature
adapte	ed to the individual research needs of the student during the preparation of the BA thesis
Additi	ional literature
adapte	ed to the individual research needs of the student during the preparation of the BA thesis

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

# I. General Information

Course name	Anthropologist's toolkit: Ethnographical research (in Spanish)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Ks. dr hab. Andrzej Pietrzak, prof. KUL
---------------------------------------	---

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshop	30	I	3

Course pre-requisites	-
000 00 p. 0 . 0 qu	

# II. Course Objectives

C1 acquisition of basic knowledge about ancient and contemporary Ibero-Latin American cultures
C2 Improvement of self-perception and social skills using ethnographic and anthropological know-

ledge, based on the example of Ibero-Latin American cultures,

C3 Improvement of communication in individual and collective intercultural contacts, intercultural conflicts and personal development, based on the example of Ibero-Latin American cultures,

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	the student knows the terminology in anthropology in Spanish and Portuguese	K_W02		
W_02	the student has a structured basis of anthropological knowledge in the area of the Spanish language	K_W04		
W_03	the student is familiar with the methodology of scientific research of current state of the Ibero-Latin American cultures			
	SKILLS			
U_01	the student applies the achievements of various scientific dis-	K_U01		

	ciplines on Ibero-Latin American cultures	
U_02	identifies the observed phenomena and formulates research problems, uses appropriate research tools, and if necessary, deploys existing or constructs new research tools flexibly	K_U02 K_U07
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations and the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities	K_K03
K_02	diagnoses and inspires the need for pro-social activities, especially in the intercultural context, promotes scientific knowledge in the contexts of various cultures and communities, especially groups excluded for social, political or economic reasons	K_K08
K_03	applies the basic principles of research work ethics as a committed anthropologist, draws conclusions from negative practices, improves incorrect decisions and projects, applies "best practices" in the field of anthropology, also as a discipline whose research has a special nature of social application	K_K012

# Lecture topics:

- 1. preliminary issues;
- 2. overview of the history of the Ibero-Latin American world;
- 3. Iberian cultures and religions;
- 4. Indian cultures and religions;
- 5. Afro-Latin American cultures and religions;
- 6. cultures and religions of Asian immigrants in Latin America;
- 7. cultures and religions of European immigrants in Latin America;
- 8. folk cultures and elites in Latin America;
- 9. cultures and subcultures of Latin American urban agglomerations;
- 10. acculturation and inculturation processes in Latin America;
- 11. anti-Colonialism and cultural identity movements in Latin America;
- 12. culture of new religious movements in Latin America;
- 13. social conflicts in Latin America.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Text-based activity	Observation	Protocol	
W_02	Debate	Observation	Protocol	
W_03	Project	Written text review	Protocol	
	SKILLS			
U_01	Text analysis	Observation	Protocol	
U_02	Discussion	Observation	Protocol	

SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Brainstorming	Observation	Protocol
K_02	Brainstorming	Observation	Protocol
K_03	Brainstorming	Observation	Protocol

# VI. Grading criteria

### Insufficient

- (W) The student does not know the basic content of the discussed issues;
- (U) The student is not able to apply basic knowledge in the debate;
- (K) The student is not able to describe the basic principles of ethnography and anthropology;

#### Sufficient

- (W) The student knows selected concepts, theories and interpretations discussed during the class;
- (U) The student is able to apply selected elements of knowledge in the discussion;
- (K) The student understands the need for a multidimensional view of the culture issues;

### Good

- (W)- The student knows most of the concepts, theories and interpretations discussed in class;
- (U)- The student is able to use most of the concepts, theories and interpretations discussed during the class;
- (K)- The student understands well the need for a multidimensional view of man, society, culture and religion;

### Very good

- (W)- The student knows all the content discussed in class;
- (U)- The student is able to apply all the knowledge gained during the class;
- (K)- The student understands very well the need for a multidimensional view of man, society, culture and religion.

The final grade is made up of grades of engagement in class (60%) and project reviews (40%).

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

### VIII. Literature

#### Basic literature

Bethell, L. (ed.) Historia de America Latina. T. 1-16

Gawrycki, M. (red.). Dzieje kultury latynoamerykańskiej. PWN, Warszawa 2019

González Ochoa, J. M. Atlas histórico de América Latina del Descubirmiento. Acento, Madrid 2004 Merrell, F., DePaoli, M. T. Las Culturas y Civilizaciones Latinoamericanas. Lanham, UPA, 2016

# Additional literature

Kottak C. Ph. Cultural Anthropology. New York 1994

Schultz E. A., Lavenda R. H. Cultural Anthropology. A Perspective on the Human Condition, New York 1990

https://www.britannica.com

Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

#### I. General Information

Course name	Anthropologist's toolkit: Humanistic and social methods and new technologies (in English)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	30	II	3

Course pre-requisites	none

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. To acquaint students with the basic concepts in the methodology of anthropological research and their ethical principles, as well as the ways of communicating their results.
- C2. Ability to create a research plan, adequate selection of methods, interpretation and analysis of data and communication of research results.
- C3. Preparing to undertake independent research tasks in the field of anthropology.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning
		outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01 Knowledge of the relationship of anthropology to other humanities and social sciences, understanding the subject and methodological specificity of anthropology, taking into account the integrated nature of applied anthropology and various research traditions		K_W04
	SKILLS	
U_01	prepares a short written essay in the field of social, applied or anthropological research	K_U09
U 02	knows and uses a modern foreign language at a level enabling	K U10

	translation into native language (and vice versa) of methodological texts in the field of anthropology	
U_03	evaluates and draws conclusions from the completed research project	K_U16
U_04	independently plans and implements expanding their know- ledge and developing professional skills concerning published literature, using various sources of information (in English, native and foreign) and reference databases	K_U21
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	manages research design related knowledge and skills to meet immediate needs for the highest efficiency in problem solving	K_K09

Theory and methodology of research process in anthropology. Approaches to anthropological research and research design. Methodology of fieldwork. Modern methods of data collection, analysis and interpretation with application of new technologies. Research ethics in anthropology. Communicating and publishing research.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	conversation lecture	presentation	presentation evaluation report
	SKILLS		
U_01	text analysis	observation	observation report
U_02	text analysis	observation	observation report
U_03	case study	paper	evaluated paper
U_04	working with data sets	observation	observation report
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	text analysis	observation	observation report

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade consists of:

- 1. Active participation in classes 20%
- 2. Paper 60%
- 3. Presentation 20%

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30

Number of hours of individual student work	60

### VIII. Literature

Racic	literature
Danii	merature

Angrosino M., Doing Ethnographic and Observational Research, London 2008.

Additional literature

Fife W., Doing Fieldwork: Ethnographic Methods for Research in Developing Countries and Beyond, New York 2005.

Lincoln Y.S., Denzin N.K. (eds.), *Qualitative Research*, New York 2003.

Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

# I. General Information

Course name	Anthropologist's toolkit: Anthropological reading (in Russian/Ukrainian)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person respon	sible Andrij Saweneć, Ph.D.

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	30	II	2

Course pre-	P_01: English proficiency at level B2 of the Common European
requisites	Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)
	P_02: Experience in reading and discussing academic texts in the
	Humanities in English

# **II.** Course Objectives

O1: Acquiring basic skills in using Russian/Ukrainian as a tool of anthropological reading O2: Getting familiar with the notion of thick description/thick translation as a method of anthropological reading

O3: Developing skills in reading, translating and discussing anthropological texts in Russian/Ukrainian based on the thick description/thick translation approach.

Symbol		Reference to
	Description of course learning outcome	programme
		learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Student understands the specific of anthropological reading,	K_W01
	taking into account the integrated nature of applied	
	anthropology.	
W_02	Student knows the terminology in the field of anthropology	K_W02
	in Russian/Ukrainian in the basic scope.	
W_03	Student knows the methodology of anthropological reading.	K_W04

	SKILLS	
U_01	Student knows and uses Russian/Ukrainian at a level enabling translation into native language of texts in the field of anthropology; can prepare a conference poster and multimedia studies in a foreign language.	K_U10
U_02	Student plans and organizes targeted activities, implements them as a leader or active participant in the executive team.	K_U15
U_03	Student independently plans and implements expanding her knowledge and developing professional skills, using various sources of information (in English, native and Russian/Ukrainian) and modern technologies (ICT).	K_U21
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Student coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations and the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities.	K_K01
K_02	Student is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; understands the ways of functioning of different perspectives of perceiving reality and various cognitive and life contexts of communities, especially as communities from states or cultures that are different than an anthropologist.	K_K03

The course starts with practical instruction on the basics of using Russian/Ukrainian as a tool for antropological reading (using dictionaries and online learning tools and data resources, typing in Cyrillic alphabets and transliteration) and discussing the thick description/thick translation approach as a method of anthropological reading based on source texts. The next part of the course includes reading, translating and discussing simpler types of texts in Russian/Ukrainian (simple forms of folk verbal art and poetry) used as a preparation for the key part of the course, which is reading, translating and discussing an anthropological text based on the thick reading/thick translation approach.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report	
W_02	Conversational lecture	Test	Evaluated test	
W_03	Conversational lecture, work with text	Test	Evaluated test	
	SKILLS			
U_01	Text analysis	Written assignment	Evaluated written	
_			assignment	
U_02	Practical classes	Written assignment	Evaluated written	
			assignment	

U_03	Practical classes	Written assignment	Evaluated written
_			assignment
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	K 01 Discussion Observation Observation report		
K 02	Discussion	Observation	Observation report

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade includes the following components:

- test 30%
- written assignment 30%
- participation in discussion and exercices 40%

Assessment criteria for the written test:

- 91 100% points grade 5,0
- 81 90% points grade 4,5
- 71 80% points grade 4,0
- 61 70% points grade 3,5
- 50 60% points grade 3,0

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

# Basic literature

Appiah, K. A. (1993) 'Thick Translation', in: L. Venuti. ed. (2000) *The Translation Studies Reader*, London: Routledge, 417-29.

Brown N. J. (1996) *The New Penguin Russian Course: A Complete Course for Beginners*. Penguin Books.

Geertz, C. (1929) 'Thick description: toward an interpretive theory of culture', in: C. Geertz (1973) *The interpretation of cultures: selected essays*. NY etc.: Basic Books, 3-30.

Hermans, Th. (2003) Cross-Cultural Translation Studies as Thick Translation, Bulletin of the School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London. Vol. 66, No. 3 (2003), 380-389

Ryle, G. (1968) 'The Thinking of Thoughts. What is Le Penseur Doing?', reprinted in G. Ryle (2009) Collected Papers, Vol. 2, J. Tanney (ed.). London: Routledge.

Šuvalova S. (1998) "Svoe" i "čužoe" v russkih poslovicah i pogovorkah, "Russkaâ reč" no 5, 103–111.

# Additional literature and internet resources

Muller V. K. (2013) Complete English-Russian Russian English Dictionary. Moscow: Eksmo.

https://www.multitran.com

https://www.lexilogos.com

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

#### I. General Information

Course name	Anthropologists's toolkit: How to teach (key issues of education)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	ВА
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr Piotr Steinbrich

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	II	2

Course pre-requisites	working knowledge of English at the B2 level (according to the descriptors
	specified in the CEFR)

# **II.** Course Objectives

- 1. To provide the students with the concepts of TEFL (Teaching English as Foreign Language) at the early stages of education.
- 2. To provide the students with the experience necessary to build the skills required of a foreign language instructor.
- 3. To build the awareness of intercultural differences and varied educational backgrounds in order to conduct effective teaching practices.

Symbol		Reference to
	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning
		outcome

	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	The student lists subject-related, didactic and educational competences of a teacher, conventional and unconventional teaching methods, describes the methodology of the teaching	K_W04
	material, the organization of work in various types of classrooms and ways of organizing classroom space.	
W_02	The student discusses teaching methods relevant to particular types of learners as well as the significance of the development of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.	K_W04
	SKILLS	
U_01	The student links the teaching content with other subjects creating optimal learning environments for developing knowledge and skill in the learners.	K_U14
U_02	The student analyzes learners' level of cognitive, personal, social and language development in selecting appropriate teaching methods and techniques as well as modes of communication with the learners.	K_U20
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	The student shapes relevant ethical and educational attitudes in the learners by providing a role model in pursuing creative, ethical and active attitudes.	K_K01, K_K11

- 1. Teaching English to young learners and teenagers: cognitive and affective aspects.
- 2. Information channels: The age factor.
- 3. Piaget's stages of development: The implications for TEFL.
- 4. The zone of proximal development and the notion of scaffolding in designing tasks and activities.
- 5. Teaching methods and techniques: Drama activities.
- 6. Teaching methods and techniques: Visuals, games and the TPR.
- 7. Teaching methods and techniques: Songs and rhymes.
- 8. Teaching methods and techniques: Vocabulary.
- 9. Teaching methods and techniques: Receptive and productive skills.
- 10. The integration of skills and subskills: Towards a holistic model.
- 11. Lesson structure and planning.
- 12. Interactive discourse and teacher talk.
- 13. Microteaching.
- 14. Microteaching.
- 15. Review of the semester

### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type			
	KNOWLEDGE					
W_01 Introductory lecture/		Observation/	Record in the teaching log			
	Explanation of relevant	Monitoring and feedback from				
	concepts/	the instructor and / or other				
	Group discussion	students				
W_02	Introductory lecture/	Observation/	Record in the teaching log			
	Explanation of relevant	Monitoring and feedback from				
	concepts/	the instructor and / or other				
	Group discussion	students				
		SKILLS				
U_01	Practical activities/	Observation/	Record in the teaching log			
	Discussion/	Monitoring and feedback from				
	Individual work/	the instructor and / or other				
	Task / text analysis	students				
U_02	Practical activities/	Observation/	Record in the teaching log			
	Discussion/	Monitoring and feedback from				
	Individual work/	the instructor and / or other				
	Task / text analysis	students				
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Pairwork/	Observation/	Record in the teaching log			
	Groupwork/	Monitoring and feedback from				
	Discussion	the instructor and / or other				
		students				

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

Student assessment is conducted on the basis of their active participation in classes, meeting task deadlines and preparation and execution of the microteaching sessions.

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

# VIII. Literature

Basic literature	
------------------	--

Brewster, J., Ellis, G., & Girard, D. (1992). The primary English teacher's guide. Harlow: Pearson Education.

Halliwell, S. (1992). Teaching English in the Primary Classroom London: Longman

Komorowska, H. (2001). Metodyka nauczania języków obcych, Warszawa: Fraszka Edukacyjna.

McKay, P., & Cameron, L. (2010). Bringing creative teaching into the young learner classroom. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Moon, J. (2000). Children Learning English. Oxford: Macmillan Heinemann.

Pamuła M., Metodyka nauczania języków obcych w kształceniu zintegrowanym, Warszawa 2006.

Phillips, S. (1993). Young learners. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Pinter, A. (2006). Teaching Young Language Learners. Oxford, Oxford University Press.

Scott, A. W., & Ytreberg, L. H. (1990). Teaching English to children. London and New York: Longman.

Slattery, M., & Willis, J. (2001). English for primary teachers. A handbook of activities and classroom language. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Szpotowicz, M., Szulc-Kurpaska, M. (2009). Teaching English to Young Learners. Warszawa, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN.

Vale, D., & Feunteun, A. (1995). Teaching children English. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

#### Additional literature

Cameron, L. (2003). Challenges from the expansion in teaching children. ELT Journal 57 (2), 105-112.

Edelenbos, P., Johnstone, R., & Kubanek, A. (2006). The main pedagogical principles underlying the teaching of languages to very young learners. Languages for the children of Europe. Published research, good practice & main principles. Final report of the EAC 89/04, Lot 1 study. Brussels: European Commission, Education and Culture, Culture and Communication, Multilingualism Policy.

Komorowska, H. 2009 (red.). Skuteczna nauka języka obcego. Struktura i przebieg zajęć językowych. Warszawa: CODN.

Linse, C, T. (2005). Practical English language teaching: Young learners. New York: McGraw-Hill.

McKay, P. (2006). Assessing young language learners. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Robson, S. (2006). Developing thinking and understanding in young children. Abingdon and New York: Routledge.

Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

### I. General Information

Course name	Anthropologist's toolkit: Humanistic methods (Western archeological literature and artifacts, Classical Greek and Latin)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr hab. Arkadiusz Gudaniec, prof. KUL

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	I	3

Course pre-requisites	

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. learning the basics of classical culture and the ideas of ancient humanism
- 2. mastering the elements of ancient Greek and (especially) Latin grammar, along with the cultural characteristics of these languages and a discussion of their impact on contemporary culture

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	knows the terminology in the field of anthropology in English and in the basic scope in ancient Latin and Greek	K_W02
W_02	has a structured basic knowledge of classical culture and the ideas of ancient humanism, as well as of the Western archeological literature and artifacts	K_W03
W_03	knows the methodology of humanities and social sciences	K_W04
	SKILLS	
U_01	calls the phenomena observed in the classical culture and formulates research problems, uses humanistic research tools, treats existing or constructs new research tools flexibly	K_U02
U_02	creates a multimedia and oral presentation in the field of ancient Latin and Greek phenomena with an application of anthropological theories	K_U09
U_03	integrates knowledge in the field of various scientific disciplines about humans, sees classical Greek and Latin as linguistic and cultural roots of Western civilization	K_U01
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	coordinates the process of gaining knowledge and education based on the elements of the classical Western culture, improving competences, gaining new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities	K_K01
K_02	is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; understands how distant and culturally basic perspectives for perceiving reality work, is aware of cognitive and life contexts of ancient Western culture	K_K03

### IV. Course Content

- 1. presentation of basic knowledge about the culture of ancient Greece and Rome, with an emphasis on anthropological aspects
- 2. discussion and analysis of selected cultural phenomena in the field of ancient Greek and Roman literature and art (fine literature, theatre, architecture, art, philosophy, rhetoric)
- 3. learning the basics of Greek and Latin grammar (inflection, the most important grammatical forms, methods of translation)
- 4. discussion of the relationship of Greek and Latin with contemporary European languages and with contemporary Western culture

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Work with text	Practical skills check	Evaluation card
W_02	Discussion	Observation	Observation report
W_03			
		SKILLS	
U_01	Text analysis	Presentation	Presentation evaluation
U_02			card
U_03	Discussion	Observation	Observation report
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report
K_02			

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

50% presentation, 25% work with text, 25% discussion

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

# VIII. Literature

### Basic literature

- 1. The Oxford Companion to Classical Civilization, ed. S. Hornblower et al., Oxford 1998
- 2. J. Doug, Latin Made Simple: A complete introductory course in Classical Latin, New York 2010

# Additional literature

- 1. W. Jaeger, Paideia: The Ideals of Greek Culture, vol. 1-3, New York Oxford 1986
- 2. Edinburgh Companion to Ancient Greece and Rome, ed. E. Bispham et al., Edinburgh 2006

Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

### I. General Information

Course name	Anthropologist's toolkit: Philosophical research (Human cognition and knowledge about the person)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr Jacek Jarocki
---------------------------------------	------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	30	I	3

Course pre-requisites	W1 – basic knowledge of the liberal arts
1	1

# II. Course Objectives

- C1 Knowledge of the main concepts and methods in contemporary philosophical anthropology
- C2 Ability to read with understanding and analyse philosophical anthropology texts
- C3 –Ability to reconstruct and evaluate arguments of philosophical anthropology, as well as to formulate and defend one's own views in the field

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Student knows English terminology used in philosophical anthropology	K_W02	
W_02	Student knows general methodology of scientific research in philosophical anthropology	K_W04	
	SKILLS		
U_01	Student integrates knowledge in the field of philosophical anthropology	K_U01	
U_02	Student describes properly the observed phenomena, formulates research problems, and uses or constructs appropriate tools to solve them	K_U02	
U_03	Student has developed philosophical skills (incl. open-	K_U14	

	mindedness, critical thinking, and respect to various opinions) that might be helpful in interpersonal and intercultural	
	communication	
U_04	Student communicates the results of research and activities to	K_U17
	specialists from philosophical anthropology and philosophy in	
	general, and speaks and argues his views in a precise manner,	
	uses specialist terminology and appropriate methods of	
	philosophical expression	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Student coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge and	K_K01
	skills, continuous education, and improving competences	
K_02	Student is open to, yet can critically assess, new ideas,	K_K03
	conceptions, theories, and arguments. He understands that	
	reality can be seen from different perspectives and in different	
	cognitive contexts	
K_03	Student creatively uses acquired knowledge and skills to solve	K_K04
	theoretical and practical problems	
K_04	Student diagnoses and inspires the need for pro-social	K_K08
	activities and cooperation considering differences and	
	similarities in various worldviews and philosophical opinions	
	<u> </u>	

The workshops are methodologic and problem oriented and introduce the basic tools of philosophical anthropology in human cognition and knowledge about the person. Starting with the classical philosophical anthropology, the workshops focus on the most important tools elaborated in phenomenological, analytical, and existential philosophy. It aims to enable students to operate competently with the methods and concepts about human being from the said philosophical traditions, and to understand the relationship between philosophical anthropology and other types of anthropology as well as related issues such the relationship of anthropology to various types of sciences: formal, natural, social sciences, and humanities.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

	+		+	
Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	1	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	A Conventional Lecture/A	An Essay/An Observation	An Essay Evaluation/A	
W_02	Discussion		Group Working	
			Evaluation Card	
		SKILLS		
U_01	A Classical Text Analysis/A	An Observation	A Group Working	
U_02	Discussion		Evaluation Card	
U_03	A Discussion	An Observation	A Group Working	
U_04			Evaluation Card	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	A Discussion	An Observation	A Group Working	
K_02			Evaluation Card	
K_04				
K_03	A Discussion	An Essay/An Observation	An Essay Evaluation/A	

	Group Working
	Evaluation Card

### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

#### Fail:

- (W) a student does not have a basic knowledge of the main concepts and methods in contemporary philosophical anthropology
- (U) a student does not have a competence in analysing philosophical anthropology classical texts and does not understand the basic content of the tutorials; the student is not able to offer any conceptual solution for the discussed problem
- (K) student is not engaged in the process of acquiring the knowledge offered within tutorials and does not fulfil tutorial's aims and tasks, does not engage himself into the discussion of the raised problems

### **Barely Pass:**

- (W) a student gained general but limited knowledge of the main concepts and methods in contemporary philosophical anthropology
- (U) a student barely can analyse and understand the contents of tutorials; with tutor's assistance student is able to analyse and reconstruct philosophical anthropology classical texts
- (K) student attends the classes, but is passive

#### Good Pass:

- (W) a student has gained a good knowledge of the main concepts and methods in contemporary philosophical anthropology
- (U) a student is able easily to demonstrate his knowledge on the main concepts and methods in contemporary philosophical anthropology and is able to apply the knowledge to a puzzling situation; the student can analyse philosophical anthropology classical texts without any serious difficulty (K) student is active at the classes and is willing to broaden his knowledge

#### Very Good Pass:

- (W) a student has systematized and wide knowledge of the main concepts and methods in contemporary philosophical anthropology
- (U) a student is highly competent as regards the analysis of the philosophical anthropology classical texts and is able easily to refer to the secondary sources
- (K) student is continually active at the classes and takes an initiative with broadening his knowledge

#### I. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

# II. Literature

#### Basic literature

(1) Leslie Stevenson, David L. Haberman, Peter Matthews Wright, and Charlotte Witt, Thirteen Theories of Human Nature, New York-Oxford: Oxford University Press 2018; (2) Roger Scruton, On

Human Nature, Princeton-Oxford: Princeton University Press 2017; (3) Thomas Nagel, Mortal Questions, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press 2012.

#### Additional literature

(1) Simon Blackburn, The Big Questions: Philosophy, London: Quercus 2009; (2) Simon Blackburn, The Oxford Dictionary of Philosophy, Oxford: Oxford University Press 1994; (3) John Cottingham (ed.), Western Philosophy: An Anthology, Oxford: Blackwell 1996; (4) Karol Wojtyła, Considerations on the Essence of Man, Lublin-Roma: SITA 2016; (5) Gabriel Marcel, Homo Viator: Introduction to the Metaphysic of Hope, Gloucester, MA: Peter Smith 1978; (6) Ludwig Wittgenstein, Bemerkungen über Frazers Golden Bough&Remarks on Frazer's Golden Bough, Rhees, R. (ed.), New Jersey: Brynmill 1979; (7) Arnold Gehlen, Man. His Nature and Place in the World, New York: Columbia University Prss 1988; (8) Mieczysław A. Krąpiec, I-Man. An Outline of Philosophical Anthropology, New Britain, Conn.: Mariel Publications 1983; (9) John Hospers, An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis, London: Routledge 1956/1997; (10) R.H. Popkin (red.), The Columbia History of Western Philosophy, New York: Columbia University Press 2006; (11) Simon Blackburn, Think: A Compelling Introduction to Philosophy, Oxford: Oxford University Press 1999; (12) Thomas Nagel, What Does It All Mean?: A Very Short Introduction to Philosophy, New York: Oxford University Press 1987; (13) Relevant entries from E. Craig's "Routledge Encyclopaedia of Philosophy" and online Stanford Encyclopaedia of Philosophy (http://plato.stanford.edu/). Appropriate excerpts from the classic and contemporary sources will be distributed in the course of the class.

# **Course Syllabus**

# I. General Information

Course name	Anthropologist's toolkit: Humanistic methods (Western archeological literature and artifacts, Classical Greek and Latin)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA
MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr hab. Arkadiusz Gudaniec, prof. KUL

Type of class (use only the types mentioned below)	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	I	3

Course pre-requisites	

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. learning the basics of classical culture and the ideas of ancient humanism
- 2. mastering the elements of ancient Greek and (especially) Latin grammar, along with the cultural characteristics of these languages and a discussion of their impact on contemporary culture

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	knows the terminology in the field of anthropology in English and in the basic scope in ancient Latin and Greek	K_W02
W_02	has a structured basic knowledge of classical culture and the ideas of ancient humanism, as well as of the Western archeological literature and artifacts	K_W03
W_03	knows the methodology of humanities and social sciences	K_W04
	SKILLS	.1
U_01	calls the phenomena observed in the classical culture and formulates research problems, uses humanistic research tools, treats existing or constructs new research tools flexibly	K_U02
U_02	creates a multimedia and oral presentation in the field of ancient Latin and Greek phenomena with an application of anthropological theories	K_U09
U_03	integrates knowledge in the field of various scientific disciplines about humans, sees classical Greek and Latin as linguistic and cultural roots of Western civilization	K_U01
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	coordinates the process of gaining knowledge and education based on the elements of the classical Western culture, improving competences, gaining new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities	K_K01
K_02	is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; understands how distant and culturally basic perspectives for perceiving reality work, is aware of cognitive and life contexts of ancient Western culture	K_K03

### IV. Course Content

- 1. presentation of basic knowledge about the culture of ancient Greece and Rome, with an emphasis on anthropological aspects
- 2. discussion and analysis of selected cultural phenomena in the field of ancient Greek and Roman literature and art (fine literature, theatre, architecture, art, philosophy, rhetoric)
- 3. learning the basics of Greek and Latin grammar (inflection, the most important grammatical forms, methods of translation)
- 4. discussion of the relationship of Greek and Latin with contemporary European languages and with contemporary Western culture

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods (choose from the list)	Forms of assessment (choose from the list)	Documentation type (choose from the list)		
	(Choose from the list)	, ,	(choose from the list)		
		KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Work with text	Practical skills check	Evaluation card		
W_02	Discussion	Observation	Observation report		
W_03					
	SKILLS				
U_01	Text analysis	Presentation	Presentation evaluation		
U_02			card		
U_03	Discussion	Observation	Observation report		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report		
K_02					

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

50% presentation, 25% work with text, 25% discussion

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

# VIII. Literature

# Basic literature

- 1. The Oxford Companion to Classical Civilization, ed. S. Hornblower et al., Oxford 1998
- 2. J. Doug, Latin Made Simple: A complete introductory course in Classical Latin, New York 2010

# Additional literature

- 1. W. Jaeger, Paideia: The Ideals of Greek Culture, vol. 1-3, New York Oxford 1986
- 2. Edinburgh Companion to Ancient Greece and Rome, ed. E. Bispham et al., Edinburgh 2006

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

# I. General Information

Course name	Arabic language and culture
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	o. dr Krzysztof Modras
- course coordinator, person responsible	0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.00

Type of class	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
teaching hours			
class 30 + 30		II + IV	2 + 2

Course pre-requisites	W 1. Desire to acquire the new language.	
	W 2. An ability to work through the semester in coordination with the given	
	materials.	

# **II.** Course Objectives

Students should form a basic knowledge of both the Arabic culture and language. They must be able to have basic communication skills in the Arabic language.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Student knows the terminology and main issue in the field of anthropology in the basic range in languages implemented as part of education (esp. Arabic)	K_W02	
	SKILLS		
U_01	knows and uses at least at a basic level (A1) at least one modern language of non-Western culture (esp. Arabic), for the purpose of daily communication with representatives of these communities	K_U12	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Student understands how different perspectives for perceiving reality work and various cognitive and life contexts of communities, especially as communities from countries or cultures other than anthropologist	K_K03	

- 1- Introduction to the Arabic language
- 2- What is meant by Arabic culture
- 3- The history of the Arab World
- 4- The geography of the Arab World
- 5- Language Workshop
- 6- How to ease pronunciation
- 7- From Language to culture and vice versa

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Card of presentation		
			evaluation
SKILLS			
U_01	Text analysis	Discussion	Observation report
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Discussion	Discussion	Observation report

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

Students' presentations (50%), contributions to the discussion (40%), and attendance (10%).

The ability to communicate in basic Arabic, being active during the course, achieving reasonable attendance hours, submitting the requried assignments, and having a good knowledge of the cultural aspects given during the course.

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	60
Number of hours of individual student work	60

#### VIII. Literature

Basic literature:	
Printed materials given by the teacher and related articles to discuss.	
Additional literature	
Multimedia materials, audio tracks, and simplified text in Arabic prepared by the lecturer.	

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

# I. General Information

Course name	Archeology and Anthropology: World's case studies	
Programme	General academic/Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies	BA	
Form of studies	Full-time	
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr hab. Piotr Plisiecki

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	1	2

Course pre-requisites	W 1.: Basic knowledge of History (European level)
	W 2.: Basic knowledge of Geography (European level)

# II. Course Objectives

C 1. Recognition of main periods in Archaeology and Anthropology.		
C 2. Knowledge of human's life in prehistoric society.		
C 3. Recognition of scientific workshop in Archaeology and Anthropology.		

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning out-		
KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	Graduate knows the terminology in the field of Anthropology and Archaeology in English and in the basic range in languages implemented as part of education.	K_W02		
W_02	Graduate knows the methodology of scientific research especially in Archaeology and humanities.	K_W04		
W_03	W_03 Graduate knows the basic Archaeological periods and cultures.			
SKILLS				

U_01	U_01 Graduate integrates knowledge in the field of various scientific disciplines about humans, especially those that are part of the world's Anthropology and Archaeology.			
U_02	U_02 Graduate names the observed phenomena uses the right research tools and formulates research problems in Archaeology and Anthropology.			
U_03	U_03 Graduate selects, develops, presents and interprets research results, draws conclusions, indicates directions for further research in the field of Archaeology and Anthropology.			
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01 Graduate coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations in Archaeology.		K_K01		
K_02 Graduate takes care of maintaining methodological standards in research, openness and sensitivity to problems in the field of Archaeology and Anthropology and making independent at- tempts to develop them.		K_K02		
K_03 Graduate designs research activities and practical plans to adapt the theory.		K_K10		

- 1. What is Archaeology?
- 2. Methods of Archaeological research.
- 3. Dating of artefacts.
- 4. The oldest artefacts of human being.
- 5. Prehistoric economy.
- 6. Archaeological research in Kenya.
- 7. The Stone Age chronology, artefacts and sites.
- 8. Prehistory of religion. Archaeological sites on Malta.
- 9. The Megalithic Culture.
- 10. Bronze Age chronology, artefacts and sites.
- 11. Iron Age settlement sites.
- 12. Introduction to Prehistoric Anthropology.
- 13. Prehistoric Art.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
KNOWLEDGE					
W_01	Tutorial, lecture	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)		
W_02	Tutorial, analysis	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)		
W_02	Tutorial, lecture	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)		
SKILLS					
U_01	Tutorial, exercises	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)		
U_02	Tutorial, exercises	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)		
U_03	Tutorial, exercises	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					

K_01	Tutorial, observation	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)
K_02	Tutorial, lecture	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)
K_03	Tutorial, lecture	Graded Pass	Student's book (report)

### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

Very good / optimal: Student knows perfectly the main Archaeological periods, is able to recognize the main artefacts and can join them with main Archaeological cultures. He knows very well the specificity of Archaeological research and workshop; knows very well the problems of prehistoric existence and society.

Good: Student knows well the main Archaeological periods, is able to recognize the main artefacts and can join them with main Archaeological cultures. He knows well the specificity of Archaeological research and workshop; student is well aware of problems of prehistoric existence and society.

Pass mark / Sufficient: Student has an idea of the main Archaeological periods, is able to recognize the main artefacts and can join them with main Archaeological cultures. He knows the specificity of Archaeological research and workshop; has an idea of problems of prehistoric existence and society.

Unclassified: Student doesn't know the main Archaeological periods, is not able to recognize the main artefacts and can not join them with main Archaeological cultures. He doesn't know the specificity of Archaeological research and workshop; has no idea of problems of prehistoric existence and society.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### VIII. Literature

### Basic literature

Albright W. F., From the Stone Age to Christianity, 1957.

Clark G. Archaeology and Society. Reconstructing the Prehistoric Past, London 1957.

Eliade M., Histoire des croyances et des idées religieuses, Paris 1976.

Eliade M., Traité d'histoire des religions, 1992.

Frazer J. G., The Golden Bough, 1922.

Gowlett J., Ascent to Civilization. The Archaeology of Early Man, New York 1990.

Petzinger von G., First Signs: Unlocking the Mysteries of the World's Oldest Symbols, 2016.

Renfrew C., Archaeology and Language. The Puzzle of Indo – European Origins, 1987.

### Additional literature

Binford S.R., Binford L. R., New Perspectives in Archaology, Chicago 1968.

Borders F., A Tale of Two Caves, New York 1972.

Butzer K.W., Environtment and Archaeology, Chicago 1964.

Chronologies in Old World Archaeology, red. R.W. Ehrich, Chicago 1965.

Daniel G. E., The Megalith Buildiers of Western Europe, London 1958.

Hodder I., Theory and Practice in Archaeology, London 1996.

Isaac G., Olorgesaile, Chicago 1977

Leakey M.D., Olduvai Gorge: Excavations in Beds I and II, III, Cambridge 1972.

Leroi – Gourhan A., Préhistoire de l'art occidental, Paris 1965.

Phillips P., Early Farmers of West Mediterranean Europe, London 1975.

The Archaeology of Human Origins. Papers by G. Isaac, red. B. Isaac, Cambridge 1986.

The Mesolitic in Europe, red. S. K. Kozłowski, Warszawa 1973.

Watkinson D. (red.), The First Aids for Finds, London 1987.

Whitehouse D, Whitehouse R., Archaeological Atlas of the World, London 1975.

# I. General Information

Course name	Broker in an educational environment
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA,	First level of studies
MSc, long-cycle MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-	full-time studies
time)	
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person	Ks. dr hab. Piotr Goliszek, prof. KUL
responsible	

Type of class (use only the types	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
mentioned below)	teaching hours		
classes	30	III	2

Course pre-	
requisites	

# II. Course Objectives

- C 2: Interpersonal communication in various social groups;
- C 3: Skill and responsibility in organizing and managing human resources;

		Reference to	
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme	
		learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	describes the importance of ethical principles in scientific	K_W06	
	research and ethical and legal conditions in the field of		
	research activities, including the principles of		
	entrepreneurial activities in the application of the		
	anthropological significance of		
	the "Good Life" principle;		
SKILLS			
U_01	communicates with specialists from various	K_U06	
	anthropological areas and with other target groups, using		
	various languages, techniques and communication		

	channels;		
U_02	can listen, speak, arguing carefully, uses language and terminology that is both specialized and relevant to the target group;	K_U06	
U_03	perfects interpersonal and intercultural communication skills; undertakes intermediary activities between individuals and groups from various social or cultural environments;	K_U07	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	inspires, organizes and manages the activities of others;	K_K11	

Ethics of scientific dialogue; the ethical principles of scientific and ethical research; the rules of scientific dialogue; the anthropological principle of "Good Life"; Interpersonal communication in various social groups; starting technique to establish communication with various people and groups of people using various techniques of interpersonal communication; starting technique listen, speak and argue among various social groups;

Skill and responsibility in organizing and managing human resources; introducing to literacy inspire, organize and manage the activities of other people and groups of various social and cultural environments;

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
Symbol	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Conversation lecture	Written test	Passing card
		SKILLS	
U_01	Work under the	Multimedia presentation	Presentation file
	guidance		
U_02	Discussion	Observation	Passing card
U_03	Teamwork	Observation	Documentation of the
			effects of teamwork
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Practical exercises	Observation	Documentation of
			exercises

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

The student knows the ethical principles of scientific and ethical research; Can list the rules of scientific dialogue; can discuss the anthropological principle of "Good Life"; The student is able to establish communication with various people and groups of people using various techniques of interpersonal communication; The student can listen, speak and argue among various social groups; The student is able to inspire, organize and manage the activities of

other people and groups of various social and cultural environments; Integration of didactic and educational interactions;

### Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### VII. Literature

### **Basic literature**

John Paul II, Encyclical Letter *Veritatis Splendor*, Vatican, 6 August 1993; idem. Encyclical Letter *Evangelium vitae*, Vatican, 25 March1995; idem. Encyclical Letter *Fides et Ratio*, Vatican, 4 September 1998; John Paul II. *Springtime of evangelization. The complete texts of the Holy Father's 1998 ad Limina addresses to the Bishops of the United States*. Ed. Th. D. Williams. San Francisco 1999; Bartnik Cz. S.: *Studies in personalist system*. Lublin: Wydawnictwo KUL 2007; Mortensen J. N. *The Common Good. An Introduction to Personalism*. Frederiksvaerk: Boedal Publishing 2014; Goliszek P. T.: *Personalistic concept of moral formation*. "Roczniki Teologiczne" 67:2020 z. 11 s. 79-93; Gacka B. *The personalism od Edith Stein and European Personalism*. Wrocław: Towarzystwo im. Edyty Stein 2017.

# **Additional literature**

Hayes E. J., Hayes P. J., Drummey J. J.: Catholicism and society, Norwood, MA: C.R. Publications 1997; Manello M. P.: Evangelising for the Third Millenium. The Maynooth Conference on the New Catechism, Veritas. Dublin 1997; Goliszek P. T.: Dialog medium wychowania. in: Człowiek – kultura – rodzina a Internet. ed. R. Podpora. Lublin: Gaudium 2007 s. 111–127; Parker Malaka, Alfaro Pablo. Education during the COVID-19 pandemic. Access, inclusion and psychosocial support. Santiago: United Nations 2022.

# I. General Information

Course name	Broker in a health environment
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc,	BA
long-cycle MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-	Full-time
time)	
Discipline	Health sciences
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible MA Sociology, PhD Health Sciences Kinga Zdu	unek
---	------

Type of class (use only the types	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
mentioned below)	teaching hours		
classes	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	All students need to verify English language proficiency (minimum B2
	level)

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. Students will acquire knowledge of current global and international health problems
- 2. Students will acquire skills that will enable an analytical view of contemporary international health issues
- 3. Students will acquire competences enabling creative and active solving of health problems at global level

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
K_W06	K_W06 understands the importance of the public health policy and describes theoretical and pactical concepts of the public health problems in health enviornment	
	SKILLS	
K_U18	integrates various approaches and concepts in order to be able to identify the determinants of various health threats	K_U18
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_K09	manages knowledge and skills to meet immediate needs for the highest efficiency in problem solving and presents a creative attitude in determining priorities for the implementation of a given task	K_K09

# The course content is going to be divided into three parts.

### 1. Press review and discussion of the current health problems

Students are going to prepare weekly press review choosing the most significant news which refer to the health issues. The review will be based on the press reports published by the respected international journals of portals such as WHO, BBC Health, El Pais, Le Monde, Corriere della Sera etc. After presentation of the weekly report the discussion on the current health issues will be initiated.

### 2. Public health policy and health problems. Work with text and discussion

Students are going to read every week the text provided by the teacher. During the class the text will be discussed. The texts are going to explain basic processes in the scope of public health, health policy and will stress the main problems in various health environments. These will include:

- 2.2 Theoretical concepts: determinants of health, inequalities in health, leadership development for public health practitioners, social marketing, health literacy, public health and media, ethics of public health.
- 2.3 Practical concepts: assessing public health need, planning public health initiatives, health impact assessment, public health and health promotion, disease prevention, environment and public health, emergency and disaster planning.

### 3. Health project

Students are going to prepare the health project which will aim to plan to solve the problem which occurs in health environment. Every week they are going to work in small groups on specific part of the project. These will include: socio-epidemiological characteristics of the target group, identification of the main problems, defining goals and objectives, defining the actions, building the timetable, social marketing plan, partners, results, funding sources and budget, evaluation, monitoring and continuation of the project.

The main topics of the projects and the target groups are going to be defined based on the professional interest of students.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
-,	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)
	KNOWLEDGE		
K_W06	Work with text	Written test	Written test
SKILLS			
K_U18 Project based learning Preparation of the project Project rating card		Project rating card	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_K09	Project based learning	Preparation of the project	Project rating card

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

### Components of the final grade:

- 1. Test composed of 20 questions. The score obtained during the test constitutes 50% of the final score. To pass the test, student must exceed the threshold of 60% of points.
- 2. Proposal of the health project. The score obtained for the proposal of the health project constitutes 50% of the final score. To pass the test, student must exceed the threshold of 60% of points.

- 3. Additional bonus points will be added to the final scoring for the press review. Student can obtain up to 3 additional points.
- 4. Final scoring

a.	100,00 %	92,00 %	5,0
b.	91,99 %	84,00 %	4,5
c.	83,99 %	76,00 %	4,0
d.	75,99 %	68,00 %	3,5
e.	67,99 %	60,00 %	3,0
f.	59,99 %	0,00 %	2,0

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

# VIII. Literature

Basic literature	
Willson F., Mabhala M, Key Concepts in Public Health, Sage, London 2009	
Additional literature	
1.Press review: <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/health">https://elpais.com/noticias/salud/</a> ,	
https://www.who.int/ and others depending on the linguistic abilities of students	
2. Health project: https://www.who.int/health-topics/	

### I. General Information

Course name	Business and charity attitudes – case studies
Programme	Applied anthropology
Level of studies	1
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Management and quality sciences
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Bogusław Żero

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
Tutorial	30	VI	4

Course pre-requisites	None

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. To familiarise students with basic definitions and concepts of business and charity works in the multicultural context and globalisation.
- C2. To examine business and charity attitudes in Poland (Europe) and in the developing world of Africa by the case studies taken from the contemporary events and form the experience of participants.
- C3. To identify elements that would create a balanced model of development where business goes hand in hand with charity. To learn basic skills helpful in the development and charity work. Finding cultural and social elements that boost or hinder development.

		Reference to
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning
		outcome

	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	In relation to anthropology knowledge of different development theories and policies, the influence of multicultural interactions on the development	K_W01
W_02	Comparing of the work experience in the business and charity organisations in the developing and developed world.	K_W05
W_03	Rules and guidelines necessary for the community work in the developing world in the field of anthropology. Finding a balance between business and charity approach	K_W07
	SKILLS	
U_01	Student selects, develops, presents and interprets research results, draws conclusions on the chosen problem	K_U04
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Assessment of the influence of multicultural interactions on the business and charity work. Ability to point out elements necessary for the sustained development.	K_K08

Through the case studies taken from the participants experience coming to the sustained development model that can strike a balance between charity and business approach.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Textual analysis	Test of practical skills	Evaluated written paper	
W_02	Project based learning	Presentation	Written Paper	
W_03	Brainstorming discussion group	Preparation of the project	Observation report	
SKILLS				
U_01	Case study	Observation	Evaluation card	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Group work and	

		evaluation card

### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

The final grade consists of:

- 1. Active participation 30 %
- 2. Presentation of case study 40 %
- 3. Written report from the case study 30 %

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

#### VIII. Literature

### **Basic literature**

Frances, N., Cuskelly M., *The end of charity time for social enterprise*, Crows Nest, N.S.W.: Allen & Unwin 2008.

Goldman, B. M., Shapiro, D. L., *The Psychology of Negotiations in the 21st Century Workplace: New Challenges and New Solutions*, London: Routledge; 2012.

#### **Additional literature**

### Books:

Sembene D., IMF Working Paper. Poverty, Growth, and Inequality in Sub-Saharan Africa: Did the Walk Match the Talk under the PRSP Approach?, International Monetary Fund, Washington, DC 2015, <a href="https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2015/wp15122.pdf">https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2015/wp15122.pdf</a> (access on 25 IX 2021).

Klaits F., The Request and the Gift in Religious and Humanitarian Endeavors, Cham 2017.

Shivji I., Silences in NGO discourse, Pambazuka Press, Nairobi 2007, <a href="https://www.oozebap.org/biblio/pdf/2011/shivji">https://www.oozebap.org/biblio/pdf/2011/shivji</a> forweb.pdf (access on 25 IX 2021).

United Nations. Department of Economic and Social Affair. World social report 2020. Inequality in a rapidly changing world,

https://www.un.org/development/desa/dspd/wp-content/uploads/sites/22/2020/02/World-Social-Report2020-FullReport.pdf (access on 25 IX 2021).

# Articles:

Mastromatteo G., Russo, F. F., Inequality and Charity, World development, 2017, Vol.96, p. 136-144.

### I. General Information

Course name	Communication and negotiations
Programme	Applied anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
Tutorial	30	VI	4

Course pre-requisites	None

### II. Course Objectives

- C1. To familiarize students with basic concepts of communication and technics of negotiations in the context of multiculturality so that they can be applied to the chosen cases coming from the experience of the course participants.
- C2. To acquire skills of effective communication and negotiations in the situation of conflicts on the base of reflection on the chosen contemporary examples influenced by interculturality
- C3. Understanding the role of the language and symbols in effective communication favouring conflict resolution, peace-making and social trust building.

		Reference to
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning
		outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Student discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; esp. social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises	K_W05
	SKILLS	
U_01	Student has developed interpersonal and intercultural commu-	K_U7
	nication skills; undertakes intermediary activities between va-	
	rious social or cultural individuals and groups	
U_02	Student has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural	K_U14
	communication; recognizes social problems and mitigates social	
	conflicts	
U_03	Communicates the results of research and activities to special-	K_U17
	ists from a wide area of sciences related to anthropology, corre-	
	sponding to current situations	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	participates in public debates, can adapt the information transfer to the different recipients	K_K07

Theory and definitions of communication in the process of negotiation. Methods of negotiations in the conflict situations. Data collection and analyse of chosen conflicts.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	SKILLS		
W_01	Disscusion	observation	Observation report
U_01	Textual analysis	Paper	Evaluated written paper
U_02	Brainstorming discussion	Preparation of the project	Observation report
	group		
U_03	Field Observation	Presentation	Observation report
K_01	Disscusion	Observation	Observation report

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

- 1. Active participation in classes 30%
- 2. Presentation of the chosen case study concerning communication and negotiations 40 %
- 3. Submitted paper with the case study concerning communication and negotiations 30%

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

### VIII. Literature

### **Basic literature**

Stadler S., *Conflict, Culture and Communication*, Routledge: London and New York 2020. Varner I., Beamer L., *Intercultural Communication in the Global Workplace*, McGraw-Hill Irwin: New York 2005 (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.).

### **Additional literature**

Blok V., Look who's talking: responsible innovation, the paradox of dialogue and the voice of the other in communication and negotiation processes, "Journal of responsible innovation", 2014, vol.1, nr 2, pp. 171-190.

Błeszyńska, K. M., Intercultural communication as negotiation of reality, "Pogranicze (Białystok)", 2013, vol. 21, pp. 107-119.

Çiftçi, E. Y., Karaman, A. C., 'I do not have to love them, I am just interested in their language': preparation for a study abroad period and the negotiation(s) of intercultural competence, "Language and intercultural communication", 2018, vol.18, nr 6, pp. 595-612.

Donohue (ed.) W. A., Rogan R. G., Kaufman S., *Framing Matters. Perspectives on Negotiation Research and Practice in Communication*, Peter Lang: New York 2011.

Gamble T. K., Gamble M., *Communication Works*, Random House: New York 1987 (2nd ed.). Ivanovski I., Gruevski D., Usage of Virtual Communication Tools in Business Communication and Negotiation – A Factor of Increased Efficiency, "TEM Journal", 2014, vol.3, nr 2, p.167-174. Bibliography in Polish:

Wilczyńska W., Mackiewicz M., Krajka J., *Komunikacja Interkulturowa. Wprowadzenie*, WydawnictwoNaukowe UAM: Poznań 2019.

### I. General Information

Course name	Defense practices (workshop)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr Pablo de la Fuente de Pablo
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------

Type of class	Number of teach-	Semester	ECTS Points
	ing hours		
workshops	30	IV	1

Course pre-requisites	None
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

- 1.- Provide capabilities to the student as CIMIC officer. A Civil-Military Cooperation Officer is the closest military employment to a civil anthropologist. Increasingly, the CIMIC officers are reserve officers whom theirs civil professions are useful for this kind of service.
- 2.- Develop the knowledge, the skills and social competencies described in the point III.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods	K_W05		
W_02	knows the legal and organizational norms and rules governing the institutions supervising activities in the field of anthropology	K_W07		
	SKILLS			
U_01	perfects interpersonal and intercultural communication skills; undertakes intermediary activities between individuals and groups from various social or cultural environments	K_U07		
U_02	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural commu- nication; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes, mitig- ating social conflicts, leading to settlement	K_U14		

U_03	independently plans and implements expanding their know- ledge and developing professional skills, using various sources of information (in English, native and foreign) and modern technologies (ICT)	K_U21
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations and the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities	K_K01
K_02	creatively uses acquired knowledge and skills to solve theoretical and practical problems of the community in which the anthropologist works, in justified cases he consults experts	К_КО4
K_03	actively participates in discussions and social activities in the intercultural context, in personnel crisis in the work environment	K_K05
K_04	diagnoses and inspires the need for pro-social activities, especially in the intercultural context, promotes scientific knowledge in the contexts of various cultures and communities, especially groups excluded for social, political or economic reasons	K_K08
K_05	manages knowledge and skills to meet immediate needs for the highest efficiency in problem solving	K_K09

The main target of this course is to form an anthropologist as his closest military version: a CIMIC officer. The goal of this course is form teams for a hypothetic deployment in a future scenario as peacekeepers under UN or NATO command. This hypothetic scenario will be chosen by the professor depending on the previous skills of the team of students and the geopolitical situation in this moment. The students will form teams of 2 or 3 members in order to elaborate:

- a) An Area Handbook previously to the deployment of the peacekeepers forces; or
- b) A project of civil cooperation implemented by the military forces in its area; or
- c) A project of liaison with NGO's acting in the zone.

### V. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

The final mark of the student depends on two points:

- The quality of his final work.
- The behaviour and his collaborative attitude during the classes.

# VI. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	0

### VII. Literature

NATO CIMIC Handbook. The Hague: Civil-Military Cooperation Centre of Excellence, 2020

# Additional literature

Additional literature will be provided depending on the subject of study of every team of students

### I. General Information

Course name	Dialogue and Support
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Ewa Pankiewicz
---------------------------------------	----------------

Type of class	Number of te- aching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	15	IV	1

Course pre-requisites   None
------------------------------

# **II. Course Objectives**

- C1. To develop social skills useful in teamwork and functioning in a multicultural environment.
- C2. To identify the needs of the local environment.
- C3. To familiarise students with project management cycle and project method.

		Reference to	
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning	
		outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods	W_05	
	SKILLS	•	
U_01	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes, mitigating social conflicts, leading to settlement	K_U14	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	actively participates in discussions and social activities in the intercultural context, in personnel crisis in the work environment	K_K05	

K_02 inspi	ires, organizes and manages the activities of others	K_K11
------------	--	-------

Value hierarchy. Group and team roles. Group processes. Characteristics of a good leader. Communication in teamwork. Creativity. Assertiveness. Stress coping strategies. Effective time management. Elements of developmental psychology. Conflict dissolving. Project Management Cycle (PMC), project method.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Protocol			
SKILLS				
U_01 Group work Observ		Observation	Protocol	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Project-based	Observation	Protocol	
	learning			

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

- 1. Active participation in classes 30%
- 2. Application of project management standards (project planning) 70%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	15
Number of hours of individual student work	15

#### VIII. Literature

### **Basic literature**

Stewart S., Capabilities and Human Development: Beyond the individual—the critical role of social institutions and social competencies, New York 2013.

Papadimitrov R., Nikolovski I., Handbook for EU project design and Project Cicle Management, Skopje 2017.

# **Additional literature**

Halle C., Mareschal S., Project Cicle Management in Emergencies and Humanitarian Crisises Handbook, 2018.

Simone Rychen D., Hersh Salganik L., Key Competencies for a successful life and well-functioning society, 2003.

# I. General Information

Course name	English language: writing legal documents and customs of immigration
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible | Dr Tomasz Sieniow

Type of class	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
	teaching hours		
classes	30	IV	2

Course pre-requisites	None
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

The aim of this course is to introduce students to the legal terminology used in the field of migration regulation and to present to them the organizational framework of the institutions overseeing and controlling the migration flows.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Student knows the legal and organizational norms and rules governing the institutions supervising activities in the field of migration.	K_W07	
	SKILLS		
U_01	U_01 Student translates and completes basic legal forms in the field of immigration law (using English and the necessary language of the local community).		
	Competences		
K_01	Student actively participates in discussions and social activities involving integration of migrants.	K_K05	

### IV. Course Content

1: Introduction

2. Exodus article from the "Statesman", Paul Collier, Facts and Myths about Migration – Prof. Hein

de Haas lecture

- 3. International Institutions: IOM, UNHCR, ICMPD, EASO, FRA, FRONEX, DG HOME and MIGRATION, European Courts
- 4. Geneva convention principles
- 5. Migration in Europe statistics (EASO yearly Asylum report and EuroSTAT data)
- 6. Competence of EU to regulate Immigration and Asylum Policy Treaty on the Functioning of the EU
- 7. Area of Freedom Security and Justice The position of the Third Country National
- 8. Provisions of the Charter of the Fundamental Rights and the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights applicable to foreigners
- 9. Filling out Application for International Protection (asylum or subsidiary protection)
- 10. Filling out Application for International Protection (asylum or subsidiary protection) continued
- 11. Application for the Long Term resident of the European Union
- 12. Application for the Residence Permit
- 13. Application for Assisted Voluntary Return (IOM)
- 14. Visa application forms (Short, long-term, Schengen, etc)
- 15: Wrap-up class

### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Socratic lecture, seminar	Participation in the in-class	Written works / Chart of
	discussion, problem based	discussion, written open	evaluation
	learning	ended question test	
SKILLS			
U_01	Text analysis and practical	Written application form	Written works / Chart of
	excercises	submitted	evaluation

### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

Student's final grade will depend on three factors:

- 50% final written test concerning use of migration glossary
- 20% filling out in English asylum application form stating reasons for applying for international protection
- 30% Weekly class participation (student will get 1% for every attendance in the workshop +1% for active input into discussion)

### Grading system:

Less than 51% - Fail (2,0)

51-57% – Satisfactory (3,0) 58-64% - Satisfactory plus (3,5) 65—72 % - Good (4,0) 73-79% - Good Plus (4,5) 80-100% - Very Good (5,0)

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### VIII. Literature

# **Basic literature**

FRA and ECtHR, Handbook on European law relating to asylum, borders and immigration, 2014, available at https://fra.europa.eu/node/6768

European Commission's DG Migration and Home Affairs Website content

# **Additional literature**

Materials distributed during the semester.

# **Course Syllabus**

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

### I. General Information

Course name	Entrepreneurship
Programme	applied anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA
MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	full-time
Discipline	philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Paweł Kawalec
---------------------------------------	---------------

Type of class (use only	Number of teaching	Semester	ECTS Points
the types mentioned	hours		
below)			
workshops	15		1

Course pre-requisites	Knowledge of the English language at the communicative level (A2).
	Understanding basic concepts related to labor. Ability to define needs
	related to the labor market. Willingness to learn. For students of applied
	anthropology only.

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. To familiarize students with the basic concepts of entrepreneurship and economic anthropology (e.g. demand-supply, entrepreneurial attitude, anthropology of organization and business, labor, job market, business ethics).
- 2. Development of entrepreneurial skills in humanitarian aid.
- 3. Shaping attitudes and habits related to educational, social and humanitarian aid processes.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Presents selected concepts and conceptions in the field of entrepreneurship and economic anthropology, job market, team work and project management in the field of humanitarian and social projects as well as the psychology of stress.	Un_P_W_01		
W_02	Has basic knowledge on economic activity, business planning and accounting.	Un_P_W_02		
	SKILLS			
U_01	Is able to plan professional career in the fields of applied anthropology using knowledge on economic assets and job market and to adapt it to specific situations of humanitarian and professional aid.	Un_P_U_01		
U_02	Interpersonal and intragroup communication in multicultural context of organizational activities.	Un_P_U_02		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Demonstrates commitment to the implementation of organizational tasks, including individual and team.	Un_P_K_01		
K_02	Networking by setting individual and group contacts.	Un_P_K_01		

### IV. Course Content

- 1. Economic markets
- 2. Job search in applied anthropology: source and barriers
- 3. Business project part 1. Vision, mission and strategy (design thinking)
- 4. Business project part. 2. Market analysis: micro- and macroeconomic conditions, legal and administrative, demographic, socio-cultural and technological administrative programs.
- 5. Business project part. 3. Consulting in the scope of the product / service reaching the needs and needs of the market, definition of market positioning, basics of the strategy.
- 6. Business project part. 4. Planning social entrepreneurship: setting up a business and the basics of management.
- 7. Completion of the final project (presentations of business projects)

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods (choose from the list)	Forms of assessment (choose from the list)	Documentation type (choose from the list)	
		KNOWLEDGE		
Un_P_W_0 1	Case study	Presentation	Observation report	
Un_P_W_0 2	Case study	Presentation	Observation report	
SKILLS				
Un_P_U_01	PBL	Report	Report	

Un_P_U_02	Team work	Observation	Team work report	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
Un_P_K_01 Project method Preparation of the project Project rating card				
Un_P_K_02	Project method	Preparation of the project	Project rating card	

### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade consists of accumulation by students of the appropriate number of points for:

- 1. Active participation in classes (25%)
- 2. Performing specific tasks set by the lecturer on

various stages of the implementation of the program of activities (including tests and colloquia checking knowledge) (25%)

3. Implementation of a business project (50%)

Criteria for assessing the achieved learning outcomes

Accumulation of the appropriate number of points in 3 ranges:

- 1. Active participation: 0-100 points, passing from 50 points.
- 2. Performing tasks commissioned during the program implementation: 0-100 points,

Passing from 50 points.

3. Implementation of a business project: 0-100 points. Passing from 70 points.

Total minimum number of points required to pass the course: 170

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	15
Number of hours of individual student work	15

### VIII. Literature

#### Basic literature

Armstrong G., Kotler P. (2018). *Marketing. Wprowadzenie*. Gab Cardona P., Rey C. (2009). *Zarządzanie poprzez misje*. Oficyna

Cieślik J. (2010). *Przedsiębiorczość dla ambitnych. Jak uruchomić własny biznes*. [wersja online]. Wydawnictwo Akademickie i Profesjonalne <a href="http://nowybiznes.edu.pl">http://nowybiznes.edu.pl</a>

Gierszewska G., Romanowska M. (2017). *Analiza strategiczna przedsiębiorstwa*. PWE Harrington-Mackin D. (2011). *Budowanie zespołu: zestaw narzędzi*. Rebis

Ingle B.R. (2015). Design thinking dla przedsiębiorców i małych firm. Potęga myślenia projektowego w codziennej pracy. HELION

Kotlorz D. (red.) (2011). *Współczesny rynek pracy. Wybrane problemy.* Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Ekonomicznego w Katowicach

Koźmiński A.K., Piotrowski W. (2018). Zarządzanie. Teoria i praktyka. PWN

Kryńska E., Kwiatkowski E. (2013). *Podstawy wiedzy o rynku pracy*. Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Łódzkiego

Niermeyer R. (2009). Umiejętności osobiste. Kadry, płace i BHP. BECK

Pogorzelski J. (2009). Pozycjonowanie produktu. PWE

Pujer K. (red) (2016). Rynek pracy w Polsce – szanse i zagrożenia. Exante

Raport: Młodzi na rynku pracy. Jak jej szukają? Gdzie ją znajdują?, [online], Absolvent.pl,

Warszawa, <a href="https://swresearch.pl/pdf/raport\_mlodzi\_o\_rynku\_oracy\_SWR.pdf">https://swresearch.pl/pdf/raport\_mlodzi\_o\_rynku\_oracy\_SWR.pdf</a>

Wojewódzki Urząd Pracy w Lublinie (2017). 7 dni poszukiwania pracy. Poradnik, [online]

<a href="https://www.kul.pl/files/971/7\_dni\_poszukiwania\_pracy.pdf">https://www.kul.pl/files/971/7\_dni\_poszukiwania\_pracy.pdf</a>

Wojewódzki Urząd Pracy w Warszawie (2016). *Rodzaje umów przy podejmowaniu zatrudnienia*. Wojewódzki Urzad Pracy w Warszawie

<a href="https://wupwarszawa.praca.gov.pl/documents/47726/695264/ABC%20um%C3%B3w%20o%20prac%C4%99/516aac3d-131c-4972-8b3b-35756a406549?t=1426760452000">https://wupwarszawa.praca.gov.pl/documents/47726/695264/ABC%20um%C3%B3w%20o%20prac%C4%99/516aac3d-131c-4972-8b3b-35756a406549?t=1426760452000</a>

### Additional literature

Dweck, C. (2017). Nowa psychologia sukcesu. Wydawnictwo: Muza.

Godlewska-Majkowska, H. (red.) (2009). Przedsiębiorczość: jak założyć i prowadzić własną firmę. Wydawnictwo: SGH.

Lisowska R., Ropęga J. (2016). Przedsiębiorczość i zarządzanie w małej i średniej firmie.

Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Łódzkiego.

Lubrańska A. (2017). Psychologia pracy - Podstawowe pojęcia i zagadnienia. Wydawnictwo: Difin.

Rudkin Ingle, B. (2015). Design thinking dla przedsiębiorców i małych firm. Potęga myślenia projektowego w codziennej pracy. Wydawnictwo: Helion.

Skrzypek, J. (2014). Biznesplan w 10 krokach. Wydawnictwo Poltext.

Strycharczyk D., Clough P. (2017). Odporność psychiczna - Strategie i narzędzia rozwoju.

Wydawnictwo GWP.

Tokarski, A., Tokarski M., Wójcik J. (2017). Jak solidnie przygotować profesjonalny biznesplan.

Wydawnictwo: CeDeWu.

# I. General Information

Course name	Ethics	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies	ВА	
Form of studies	full-time	
Discipline	Philosophy	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	prof. dr hab. Jan Kłos
---------------------------------------	------------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching	Semester	ECTS Points
	hours		
lecture	30	≡	2

Course pre-requisites	None
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

C1 – the first aim is to offer an analysis of the main trends in contemporary ethics
C2 – the second aim is to provide students with skills necessary for a critical way of thinking

C3 – the third aim is to show how moral reflection is important in our daily and public life.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	the student knows and understands, in general, the role of ethical reflection in developing social life, knows the philosophical foundations governing the institutions supervising activities in the field of anthropology	K_W06, K_W01, K_W07
	SKILLS	
U_01	the student can use the basic theoretical concepts, research paradigms and notions that are the most appropriate for studying a particular discipline in the arts within the most typical professional situations	K_U01, K_U04
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	the student is able to analyse moral problems, and is able to formulate own well-argued view; applies the basic principles of research work ethics as a committed anthropologist, draws conclusions from negative practices, improves incorrect decisions and projects, applies "best practices" in the field of anthropology, also as a discipline whose research has a special nature of social application	K_K04, K_K12
K_02	the student is aware of the role of critical ethical discussion in establishing good society	K_K04

Ethics as philosophical studies over morality. Structure of human action. Moral theory, its methods, aims, features. Consequential and deontological argumentation in ethics (Kantian and utilitarian ethics). Contemporary virtue ethics and ethical personalism. Some issues in applied ethics, e.g moral problem of abortion, in vitro, euthanasia (bioethics), the problem of death penalty (social ethics) etc.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
		KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	conventional lecture	exam	examination card		
		SKILLS			
U_01	Text analysis	written work	Written work		
U_02	Text analysis	test	test		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	discussion	observation	evaluation card		
K_02					

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

### Lecture: exam 100%

#### Fail

- (W) the student does not have a basic knowledge of discussed moral issues
- (U) the student is not able to offer any conceptual solution for the discussed moral problem
- (K) the student is not engaged in the process of acquiring the knowledge

### **Pass**

- (W) the student gained general but limited knowledge on the main topics of the lecture
- (U) the student barely can formulate some solution for the discussed moral problem
- (K) the student attends the lecture but is not interested in discussed problems

### Merit

- (W) the student has gained a good knowledge of the moral issues presented in lecture
- (U) the student is able easily to present gained knowledge
- (K) the student is active in the lecture and is willing to broaden his knowledge

### Distinction

- (W) the student has systematized and wide knowledge on the main topics presented in lecture
- (U) the student is able to present gained knowledge and formulate his own argumentation
- (K) the student is active and takes an initiative with broadening his knowledge

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### VIII. Literature

Basic literature	

- H. LaFolette, Oxford Handbook of Practical Ethics, Oxford 2005.
- M. Baron, Ph.Pettit, M.A. Slote, Three Methods of Ethics, Blackwell 1997.
- R. Shafer-Landau, The Fundamentals of Ethics, Oxford University Press, New York Oxford 2010

# **Additional literature**

R. Shafer-Landau (ed.), The Ethical Life. Fundamental Readings in Ethics and Moral Problems, Oxford University Press, New York – Oxford 2012.

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

### I. General Information

Course name	Ethnography and Anthropology
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	
	Ks. dr hab. Andrzej Pietrzak prof. KUL

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	II	1

Course pre-requisites	-

# II. Course Objectives

C1 Improvement of basic anthropological knowledge

C2 Improvement of self-perception and social skills using ethnographic and anthropological knowledge

C3 Improvement of communication in individual and collective intercultural contacts, intercultural conflicts and personal development

Symbol		Reference to	
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE		
K_W_01	situates anthropology in relation to the sciences and understands	K_W01	
	the specific and methodological specificity of anthropology, taking		
	into account the integrated nature of applied anthropology		
K_W_02	K_W_02 has ordered basic knowledge of basic disciplines for anthropology		
	SKILLS		
K_U_01	selects the appropriate methods; uses the methodology of	K_U03	
	humanities and social sciences, including collects ethnographic and		
	sociological data, translates oral and written statements		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_K_01	takes care of maintaining methodological standards in research,	K_K02	
	openness and sensitivity to problems in the field of human and social		
	sciences and making independent attempts to develop them		

1) Anthropology as a science

Socio-cultural anthropology: holistic perspective, comparativeism and cultural relativism.

- 3. Emic vs. etic approach in research
- 4. Ethnographic research methods.
- 5 The stages of research.
- 6 Problems in research: stereotypes, selection of informants and defining the role of the researcher (missionary, government official or anthropologist).
- 7. Research as a ritual of coming for an anthropologist/ethnographer.
- 8) Ethics and anthropology based on the "Code of Ethics (A Code of Ethics) developed by AAA.
- 9 The concept, dimensions and symptoms of cultural shock.
- 10. Paradigms in the study of culture.
- 11. Selected problems of anthropology and ethnography.
- 12. Myth, magic and religion.

### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
		KNOWLEDGE			
K_W_01	Text-based activity	ed activity Observation Protocol			
K_W_02	Debate	Observation	Protocol		
	SKILLS				
K_U_01	Text analysis	Observation	Protocol		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_K_01	Brainstorming	Observation	Protocol		

# VI. Grading criteria

#### Insufficient

- (W) The student does not know the basic content of the discussed issues;
- (U) The student is not able to apply basic knowledge in the debate;
- (K) The student is not able to describe the basic principles of ethnography and anthropology;

### Sufficient

- (W) The student knows selected concepts, theories and interpretations discussed during the class;
- (U) The student is able to apply selected elements of knowledge in the discussion;
- (K) The student understands the need for a multidimensional view of the culture issues;

### Good

- (W)- The student knows most of the concepts, theories and interpretations discussed in class;
- (U)- The student is able to use most of the concepts, theories and interpretations discussed during the class;
- (K)- The student understands well the need for a multidimensional view of man, society, culture and religion;

# Very good

- (W)- The student knows all the content discussed in class;
- (U)- The student is able to apply all the knowledge gained during the class;
- (K)- The student understands very well the need for a multidimensional view of man, society, culture and religion.

The final grade is made up of grades of engagement in class (60%) and project reviews (40%).

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	

### VIII. Literature

Basic literature		
Ember C. R., Ember M. Cultural Anthropology, Upper Saddle River 2004.		
Peoples J., Bailey G. Humanity. An Introduction to Cultural Anthopology. 2nd ed. New York 1991.		
Additional literature		
Kottak C. Ph. Cultural Anthropology. New York 1994.		
Schultz E. A., Layenda R. H. Cultural Anthropology, A Perspective on the Human Condition, New York 1990.		

#### I. General Information

Course name	First Aid (in conditions of international threats and disasters)	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies	BA	
Form of studies	Full-time	
Discipline	Health sciences	
Language of instruction	English	

### Course coordinator/person responsible

Type of class	Number of teach-	Semester	ECTS Points
	ing hours		
workshops	30	3	2

Course pre-requisites	none
Course pre-requisites	Hone

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. Knowledge and understanding of the principles of first aid and resuscitation algorithms in the field of basic life support (BLS)
- C2. Rules of medical examination of victims condition & consciousness evaluation under the circumstances of disaster
- C3. Transport accidents. Procedures at the scene of accident
- C4. Trauma examination
- C5. Respiratory protection
- C6. Putting victims into suitable rescue position
- C7. Rules for improvised transport and evacuation.
- C8. Improvisation in first aid and elements of survival techniques, environmental threats.
- C9. Introduction to disaster medicine; stages and organization scheme of a rescue action.
- C1. Provides safety for themselves, fellow team members and victims
- C2. Medical examination of victims condition & consciousness evaluation under the circumstances of disaster
- C3. Adult CPR (Cardio pulmonary resuscitation) Child and infant CPR. Cardiac arrest. AED (automated external defibrillator).
- C4. Dealing with trauma victims e.g. evacuation and transport of the wounded and sick.
- C5. Puts causality in a rescue position depending on bodily injury and immediate danger to life. Recovery position.
- C6. Wounds and bleeding pre-hospital management and treatment.
- C7. Dressing various parts of the body.
- C8. First aid for fractures and sprains.

- C9. Conducts medical segregation (triage) Evacuate victims to point of medical aid with improvised transport equipment and methods.
- C1. Co-operation with other team members; plays different roles in team
- C2. Readiness to predict and consider the factors influencing own and patients' reactions.
- C3. Readiness to consult the experts in case of difficulties with finding the solutions independently
- C4. Readiness to bear responsibility for the professional duties.
- C5. Readiness to respecting the patients' rights.
- C6. Developing decision-making skills in difficult situations stress overload with limited resources.
- C7. Providing help in difficult field conditions, day and night, and in conditions of considerable physical and mental strain.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

		Reference to pro-		
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	gramme learning out-		
	<b>0</b>	come		
KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on Knowledge and understanding of the principles of first aid and medical support.	K_W05		
SKILLS				
U_01	plans and organizes targeted activities, implements them as a leader or active participant in the executive team of first aid providers.	K_U15		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, Shaping the attitude of sensitivity, conscientiousness, discipline, personal involvement during rescue operations in situations of direct threat to human life or health.	K_K01		
K_02	creatively uses acquired knowledge and skills to solve theoretical and practical problems of the community in which the anthropologist works, in justified cases he consults experts.	K_K04		

### IV. Course Content

Selected aspects of first aid, travel/tropical medicine, based on the international guidelines, including the European Resuscitation Council and The Committee for Tactical Casualty Combat Care. The details of the subject include correct actions and behaviors in situations of threat to health or life during international crises and disasters. Practical aspects based solely on the knowledge necessary to work in conditions of increased risk following the safety, evacuation, and lifesaving principles. With particular emphasis on dealing with trauma victims' care and medical evacuation.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
KNOWLEDGE					
W_01	Conversational lecture	Exam	Rated written text		
SKILLS					
U_01	Case study	Observation	Group work evaluation		
			card		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Group work evaluation		
			card		

### I. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade consists of:

- 1. Active participation in classes 20%
- 2. Written exam 80%.

### II. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### III. Literature

### **Basic literature**

- Textbook of Adult Emergency Medicine, Edition 5 Edited by Peter Cameron, MBBS, MD, FACEM, Mark Little, MBBS, FACEM, MPH&TM DTM&H IDHA, Biswadev Mitra, MBBS MHSM PhD FACEM and Conor Deasy, MB DCH Dip IMC Dip Tox FRCEM PhD Publication Date: 02 Aug 2019
- 2. PHTLS 9E: Print PHTLS Prehosp Trauma Life Support 201 National Association of Emergency

  Medical Technicians (NAEMT)
- 3. ITLS: International Trauma Life Support for Emergency Care Providers Miękka oprawa 4 listopada 2019 by <u>International Trauma Life Support</u>
- 4. IFRC. *Emergency appeal: Iran flood*. Geneva: International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies; 2019.

### **Additional literature**

1. <a href="https://deployedmedicine.com/content/40">https://deployedmedicine.com/content/40</a>

- 2. <a href="https://books.allogy.com/web/tenant/8/books/b729b76a-1a34-4bf7-b76b-66bb2072b2a7/#idd73ab8ea-e0bd-489d-9f84-a743787595eb">https://books.allogy.com/web/tenant/8/books/b729b76a-1a34-4bf7-b76b-66bb2072b2a7/#idd73ab8ea-e0bd-489d-9f84-a743787595eb</a>
- 3. Emergency and Trauma Care for Nurses and Paramedics, Edition 3 By Kate Curtis, RN, Grad-DipCritCare, MNurs, PhD, FCENA, Clair Ramsden, RN, GradCertCardiol, MHealthcareEthics, MHlthServMgt, Ramon Z. Shaban, RN, CICP-E, BSc(Med), BN, GradCertInfCon, PGDipPH&TM, MEd, MCommHealthPrac, PhD, FCENA, FACN, Margaret Fry, RN, NP, BSc(Nurs), MEd, PhD, FCENA and Julie Considine, RN, RM, GDipNurs(AcuteCare), GradCertHEd, MNurs, PhD, FACN, FCENA; 03 Sept 2019

# I. General Information

Course name	Geography of world conflict: politics, religion, economy
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social and Economic Geography and spatial management
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	
	Aleksandra Kuczyńska-Zonik, dr

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	None

# II. Course Objectives

To give a solid grounding of international wars and conflicts

To introduce the concepts, vocabulary, and theories of international wars and conflicts

To use these concepts and theories to analyze contemporary challenges related to different dimensions: political/ religious/economic wars

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Cumbal		Reference to	
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning	
		outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	discusses the current state of civilization in conflict aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hostile relations, social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods	W_05	
W_02	knows the legal and organizational norms and rules governing the institutions supervising activities in the field of conflict prevention	W_07	
	SKILLS		
U_01	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes, mitigating social conflicts, leading to settlement	U_07	
U_02	integrates various theoretical approaches and concepts, and related disciplines regarding war and conflicts in everyday life	U_18	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	creatively uses acquired knowledge and skills to solve theoretical and practical problems, react to a crisis properly	K_04	
K_02	participates in public debates, adhering to the formal and substantive requirements of the discussion; can adapt the information transfer to the recipient	K_07	
K_03	designs research activities and practical plans to adapt the theory of wars and conflict	K_10	

#### IV. Course Content

- 1. Security theory
- 2. Nature of threats
- 3. War and conflict theories and definitions
- 4. What is war? Purposes and means of war
- 5. Types of war
- 5. Effect of war on society
- 6. Role of International Organizations
- 7-11. World conflicts: political, economic, ethnic, religious, environmental
- 12. Global conflict trends

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form		
W_02	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form		
	SKILLS				
U_01	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form		
U_02	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form		
K_02	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form		

K_03	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

Activity during discussion: 40%

Oral exam: 60%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

# Basic literature

Buzan B., Little R., International systems University Press, 2010

Weaver O., Chapter 3, Securitization and desecuritization [in:] R.D. Lipschutz, On security, Columbia University Press 1995, p. 46-86

Th.S. Szayna, A. O'Mahony, J. Kavanagh, S. Watts, B. Frederick, T.C. Norlen, Ph. Voorhies, Conflict Trends and Conflict Drivers. An Empirical Assessment of Historical Conflict Patterns and Future Conflict, Rand, 2017

M. Gersovitz, N. Kriger, What is a Civil War? A Critical Review of its Definition and (Econometric) Consequences, "Research Observer" 2013, Volume 28, Issue 2, p. 159-190

Dobroczyński M., The United Nations Organization in new international conditions [in:] United Nations Organization and International Security System, ed. W. Michowicz, Łódź 2010, p. 11-30

Multan W., Problems in Implementation a UN conception of Security in Europe, [in:] United Nations Organization and International Security System, ed. W. Michowicz, Łódź 2010, p. 67-93

The Role of OSCE Missions and Other Field Activities in Managing Conflict [in:] Building Security in Post–Cold War Eurasia The OSCE and U.S. Foreign Policy, P. Terrence Hopmann, p. 15-40

#### Additional literature

Goldgeier J. , NATO's role in European Security - and Beyond [in:] European Security and the Future of Transatlantic Relations, R. Alcaro, E. Jones (eds.), p. 41-53

Laţici T., European Deterrence Initiative: the transatlantic security guarantee, July 2018.

H.J. Brinkman, C.S. Hendrix, Food Insecurity and Violent Conflict: Causes, Consequences, and Addressing the Challenges, "Occasional Paper" 2011, nr 24

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

#### General Information

Course name	"Good life" and human rights
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr hab. Krzysztof Motyka prof. KUL
---------------------------------------	------------------------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
Lecture	30		3

Course pre-requisites	-
course pie requisites	

# • Course Objectives

C 1To acquaint students with the idea of human rights, in particular with its anthropological dimension, its origin as well as with the international and constitutional protection of these rights and their role in the life of the individual, society and international community.

C2 The student's acquisition of understanding of interrelationships, sometimes tensions / conflicts between some human rights and between them and the common good.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	The student knows and understands the concept of human	K_W01		
	rights and its link to philosophy, including philosophy of law,			
	philosophical anthropology and cultural anthropology.			
W_02	The student knows legal and juristic terminology in relation to	K_W02		
	human rights .	_		
W_03	The student has a structured knowledge of human rights, its link	K_W03, K_W05		

	to good life and systems and instruments of their protection.			
	SKILLS			
U_01	The student is able to analyze the facts from the perspective of human rights standards and tensions /conflicts between particular rights.	K_U02		
U_02	The student is able to use English juristic and anthropological			
	terminology in the field of human rights.	K_U14, K_U17		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	The student actively participates in discussion on human rights	K_K05		
	in intercultural context.			
K_02	The student is able to prepare inclusionary projects	K_K06		

#### • Course Content

- 1. The emergence and development of the concept of human rights (conceptualization).
- 2. Relations between human rights and religion, philosophical anthropology and cultural anthropology.
- 2. The concept of human rights, their division into negative rights (freedoms) and positive rights, and into generations of human rights.
- 3. Human rights in the documents of the Enlightenment, in particular in the Virginia Declaration of Rights, the Declaration of Independence of the United States and the French Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen (positivization/constitutionalization).
- 4. Classification of systems and instruments for the protection of human rights. Legal and extra-legal protection.
- 5. Internationalization of human rights. Human dignity as a source of human rights.
- 6. Protection of human rights within the United Nations system.
- 7. Protection of human rights in regional systems, with particular emphasis on the systems of the Council of Europe and of the African Union (regionalization).
- 8. Protection of human rights in the European Union.
- 9. The role of non-governmental organizations in the protection of human rights.
- 10. Human rights and individual and social development. Interconnectedness and conflicts of human rights.
- 11. Standards of selected human rights in the context of "good life" established by the practice of international bodies (in particular the UN Human Rights Committee, the European Court of Human Rights and the European Committee of Social Rights).

## Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Conventional lecture and lecture with elements of discussion	Written and/or oral exam	Exam works
W_02	Readings – text (documents, cases and scholarly publications) analysis	Written and/or oral exam	Exam works
SKILLS			
U_01	Conventional lecture and lecture with elements of	Written and/or oral exam	Exam works and/or assessment sheet

	discussion		
U_02	Readings – text (documents, cases and scholarly publications) analysis	Written and/or oral exam	Exam works and/or assessment sheet
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Lecture with elements of discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet
K_02	Is able to prepare projects linked to human rights	Exam	Exam works and/or assessment sheet

# Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

5 open-ended questions. Grades 5, 4, 3 – for 5, 4 and 3 good answers, respectively.

#### Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

#### Literature

## Basic literature

Human Rights and Anthropology, Theodore E. Downing, Gilbert Kushner, eds., Cambridge, Mass. 1988; Ellen Messer, Anthropology and human rights, "Annual Review of Anthropology", Vol. 22, 1993, pp. 221-249; Terence Turner, Human rights, human difference: anthropology's contribution to an emancipatory cultural politics, "Journal of Anthropological Research", Vol. 53, No. 3, 1997, pp. 273-291; Louis Henkin, Religion, religions, and human rights, "Journal of Religious Ethics", Vol. 26, No. 2, 1998, pp. 229-239; Gustav Radbruch, Five minutes of legal philosophy, "Oxford Journal of Legal Studies" Vol. 26, No. 1., 2006, pp. 13-15.

Linda Hajjar Leib, *Human Rights and the Environment: Philosophical, Theoretical and Legal Perspectives*, Leiden-Boston 2011, chapter 2: An overview of the characteristics and controversies of human rights; Edmunds Mary, A *Good Life. Human rights and encounters with modernity*, ANU Press 2013, chapter: Human rights and the promise of a good life, pp. 249-265; Nicole Hassoun, Human rights and the minimally good life, "Res Philosophica" Vol. 90, No. 3, 2013, pp. 413-438;

#### Additional literature

Human Rights, Culture and Context: Anthropological perspectives, Richard Ashby Wilson, ed., London 1997; Human rights, in: Nigel Rapport and Joanna Overing, Social and Cultural Anthropology. The Key Concepts, London-New York 2000: Human Rights, pp. 162-172; Mark Goodale, Toward a critical anthropology of human rights. "Current Anthropology" Vol. 47, No. 3, 2006, pp. 485–511; Mary Engle Sally, Anthropology and international law, "Annual Review of Anthropology", Vol. 35, 2006, pp.99–116; Hans Peter Schmitz, A Human Rights-Based Approach (HRBA) in Practice: Evaluating NGO Development Efforts, "Polity", Vol. 44, No. 4, 2012, pp. 523-541

# I. General Information

Course name	History of Philosophical Anthropology
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr Jacek Jarocki
	dr Marcin Iwanicki

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	30+30	III, IV	2+3

Course pre-requisites   W1 – basic knowledge of the liberal arts	
--	--

# II. Course Objectives

C1 – the first aim is to give an account of the fundamental streams in philosophy and of essential anthropological concepts which philosophers elaborated from the ancient to medieval times

C2 – the second aim is to enable students to acquire skills necessary for both analytic and synthetic way of thinking and a good argumentative and critical competence

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE	•	
W_01	Student places anthropology in relation to science and understands the specific character of the history of philosophical anthropology	K_W01	
W_03	Student has ordered knowledge of anthropological disciplines	K_W03	
	SKILLS		
U_01	Student integrates knowledge in the field of various scientific disciplines about humans, especially in philosophical anthropology	K_U01	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Student is open to, yet can critically assess, new ideas, conceptions, theories, and arguments. He understands that reality can be seen from different perspectives and in different cognitive contexts	K_K03	

A year-long lecture, consisting of two semesters, is providing an introductory course of the history of philosophy with a special emphasis on anthropological issues through the major themes and philosophers. In the first semester, it consists of the main ancient and medieval philosophical and anthropological standpoints such as, among others, of Pre-Socratics, Socrates, Plato and Aristotle, St Augustin, and St Thomas Aquinas. The lecture gives an opportunity for students to gain and broaden their knowledge about crucial philosophical and anthropological categories, arguments and conceptual schemas elaborated by philosophers through the course of ancient, medieval and modern philosophy. It also gives a tool for critical thinking and deeper self-consciousness as regards different opinions and ideas.

#### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form
W_03			
SKILLS			
U_01	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	A Conventional Lecture	An Exam	An Exam Form

# VI. Grading criteria

#### Fail:

- (W) student does not have a basic knowledge on the fundamental streams in philosophy and of essential anthropological concepts which philosophers elaborated from the ancient to medieval times.
- (U) student does not have a competence in analysing the lecture's contents and does not understand the basic content of the lecture; student is not able to offer any conceptual solution for the discussed problem
- (K) student is not engaged in the process of acquiring the knowledge offered within lecture and does not fulfil lecture's aims and tasks, does not engage himself into the discussion of the raised problems

#### **Barely Pass**

- (W) student gained general but limited knowledge on the fundamental streams in philosophy and of essential anthropological concepts which philosophers elaborated from the ancient to medieval times
- (U) student barely can analyse and understand contents of the lecture; with a tutor's assistance student is able to analyse and reconstruct the contents.
- (K) student attends the lecture, but is passive

#### **Good Pass**

(W) – student has gained a good knowledge on the fundamental streams in philosophy and of essential anthropological concepts which philosophers elaborated from the ancient to medieval times

- (U) student is able easily to demonstrate his knowledge on the ancient and medieval history of philosophical anthropology and can apply the knowledge to a problematic situation; student can analyse raised problems without any serious difficulty
- (K) student is active at the lecture and is willing to broaden his knowledge

#### **Very Good Pass**

- (W) student has systematized and wide knowledge on the fundamental streams in philosophy and of essential anthropological concepts which philosophers elaborated from the ancient to medieval times
- (U) student is highly competent as regards the lecture and is able easily to refer to its content and the reading list sources
- (K) student is continually active at the lectures and takes an initiative with broadening his knowledge

#### I. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	60
Number of hours of individual student work	90

#### II. Literature

#### Basic literature

(1) R.H. Popkin (ed.), The Columbia History of Western Philosophy, New York: Columbia University Press 2006; (2) A. Kenny, Ancient Philosophy: A New History of Western Philosophy, Vol. 1, New York: Oxford University Press 2004; (3) A. Kenny, Medieval Philosophy: A New History of Western Philosophy, Vol. 2, New York: Oxford University Press 2005.

#### Additional literature

(1) A. Kenny, An Illustrated Brief History of Western Philosophy, Oxford: Blackwell 1999; (2) Leslie Stevenson, David L. Haberman, Peter Matthews Wright, and Charlotte Witt, Thirteen Theories of Human Nature, New York-Oxford: Oxford University Press 2018; (3) F. Copleston, History of Philosophy, Vols. 1-3 (various editions); (4) B. Russel, History of Western Philosophy (various editions); (5) G. Reale, A History of Ancient Philosophy, Vols. 1-4, Albany: SUNY Press 1987-1990; (6) É. Gilson, History of Christian Philosophy in the Middle Ages, New York: Random House 1953; (7) Classical philosophical works by Plato, Aristotle, Augustine, and Aquinas (further details on required reading selections from the works will be given at the lecture); (8) Selected essays from the Cambridge Companions series, especially from those on Plato (R. Kraut), Aristotle (J. Barnes), Augustine (E. Stumpf and N. Kretzmann), Aquinas (E. Stumpf and N. Kretzmann); (9) Relevant entries from E. Craig's "Routledge Encyclopaedia of Philosophy" and online Stanford Encyclopaedia of Philosophy (http://plato.stanford.edu/).

#### I. General Information

Course name	How to teach English
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	ВА
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr Piotr Steinbrich

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	IV	2

Course pre-requisites	working knowledge of English at the B2 level (according to the descriptors
	specified in the CEFR)

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. To perfect the students with the concepts of TEFL (Teaching English as Foreign Language) at the early stages of education.
- 2. To provide the students with the experience necessary to build the skills required of a foreign language instructor and specifically for an English teacher of several basic levels
- 3. To perfect the awareness of intercultural differences and varied educational backgrounds in order to conduct effective teaching practices.

Symbol	Symbol Description of course learning outcome	
KNOWLEDGE		

W_01 The student lists subject-related, didactic and educational competences of a teacher, conventional and unconventional teaching methods, describes the methodology of the teaching material, the organization of work in various types of classrooms and ways of organizing classroom space.  W_02 The student discusses teaching methods relevant to particular types of learners as well as the significance of the development of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14  U_01 The student analyzes learners' level of cognitive, personal, social K_U20			
teaching methods, describes the methodology of the teaching material, the organization of work in various types of classrooms and ways of organizing classroom space.  W_02 The student discusses teaching methods relevant to particular types of learners as well as the significance of the development of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14	W_01	The student lists subject-related, didactic and educational	K_W04
material, the organization of work in various types of classrooms and ways of organizing classroom space.  W_02 The student discusses teaching methods relevant to particular types of learners as well as the significance of the development of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14		competences of a teacher, conventional and unconventional	
and ways of organizing classroom space.  W_02 The student discusses teaching methods relevant to particular types of learners as well as the significance of the development of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14		teaching methods, describes the methodology of the teaching	
W_02 The student discusses teaching methods relevant to particular types of learners as well as the significance of the development of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14		material, the organization of work in various types of classrooms	
types of learners as well as the significance of the development of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14		and ways of organizing classroom space.	
of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14	W_02	The student discusses teaching methods relevant to particular	K_W04
strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14		types of learners as well as the significance of the development	
curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.  SKILLS  K_U14		of inter- and intrapersonal skills in the learners and the need of	
SKILLS K_U14		strengthening a positive attitude towards learning, developing	
K_U14		curiosity, critical thinking, creativity and problem solving.	
		SKILLS	
U_01 The student analyzes learners' level of cognitive, personal, social K_U20			K_U14
U_01 The student analyzes learners' level of cognitive, personal, social K_U20			_
U_01 The student analyzes learners' level of cognitive, personal, social K_U20			
U_01 The student analyzes learners' level of cognitive, personal, social K_U20			
	U_01		K_U20
and language development in selecting appropriate teaching			
methods and techniques as well as modes of communication		•	
with the learners.		with the learners.	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01 The student shapes relevant ethical and educational attitudes in K_K01, K_K11	K_01	The student shapes relevant ethical and educational attitudes in	K_K01, K_K11
the learners by providing a role model in pursuing creative,		the learners by providing a role model in pursuing creative,	
ethical and active attitudes.		ethical and active attitudes.	

Developing issues and teaching skills in the context of teaching English among different age and cultural groups of students

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Introductory lecture/ Explanation of relevant	Observation/ Monitoring and feedback from	Record in the teaching log
	concepts/	the instructor and / or other	
	Group discussion	students	
W_02	Introductory lecture/	Observation/	Record in the teaching log
	Explanation of relevant	Monitoring and feedback from	
	concepts/	the instructor and / or other	
	Group discussion	students	
		SKILLS	
U_01	Practical activities/	Observation/	Record in the teaching log
	Discussion/	Monitoring and feedback from	
	Individual work/	the instructor and / or other	
	Task / text analysis	students	

	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Pairwork/	Observation/	Record in the teaching log	
	Groupwork/	Monitoring and feedback	from	
	Discussion	the instructor and / or oth	ner	
		students		

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

Student assessment is conducted on the basis of their active participation in classes, meeting task deadlines and preparation and execution of the microteaching sessions.

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

# VIII. Literature

Basic literature - selected according to the preferences of the lecturer and group

Brewster, J., Ellis, G., & Girard, D. (1992). The primary English teacher's guide. Harlow: Pearson Education.

Halliwell, S. (1992). Teaching English in the Primary Classroom London: Longman

Komorowska, H. (2001). Metodyka nauczania języków obcych, Warszawa: Fraszka Edukacyjna.

McKay, P., & Cameron, L. (2010). Bringing creative teaching into the young learner classroom. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Moon, J. (2000). Children Learning English. Oxford: Macmillan Heinemann.

Pamuła M., Metodyka nauczania języków obcych w kształceniu zintegrowanym, Warszawa 2006.

Phillips, S. (1993). Young learners. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Pinter, A. (2006). Teaching Young Language Learners. Oxford, Oxford University Press.

Scott, A. W., & Ytreberg, L. H. (1990). Teaching English to children. London and New York: Longman.

Slattery, M., & Willis, J. (2001). English for primary teachers. A handbook of activities and classroom language. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Szpotowicz, M., Szulc-Kurpaska, M. (2009). Teaching English to Young Learners. Warszawa, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN.

Vale, D., & Feunteun, A. (1995). Teaching children English. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

## Additional literature

Cameron, L. (2003). Challenges from the expansion in teaching children. ELT Journal 57 (2), 105-112.

Edelenbos, P., Johnstone, R., & Kubanek, A. (2006). The main pedagogical principles underlying the teaching of languages to very young learners. Languages for the children of Europe. Published research, good practice & main principles. Final report of the EAC 89/04, Lot 1 study. Brussels: European Commission, Education and Culture, Culture and Communication, Multilingualism Policy.

Komorowska, H. 2009 (red.). Skuteczna nauka języka obcego. Struktura i przebieg zajęć językowych. Warszawa: CODN.

Linse, C, T. (2005). Practical English language teaching: Young learners. New York: McGraw-Hill.

McKay, P. (2006). Assessing young language learners. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Robson, S. (2006). Developing thinking and understanding in young children. Abingdon and New York: Routledge.

# **Course Syllabus**

# I. General Information

Course name	Human being – ontological aspects
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA
MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr hab. Arkadiusz Gudaniec, prof. KUL

Type of class (use only the types mentioned below)	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	30	VI	4

Course pre-requisites	

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. learning the basics of ontology and metaphysics of human being -- answer to the philosophical question: "who is man?" and "who is person?"
- 2. learning about different types of philosophical explanation of man
- 3. learning about the fundamental elements of the ontological structure of man
- 4. in-depth analysis of personal dimensions and activities of human life

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol		Reference to
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning
		outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	understands the methodological specificity of anthropology,	K_W01
	taking into account the unique character of the	
	ontological/metaphysical explanation in relation to	
	explanations of sciences	
W_02	knows different types of philosophical explanation of man,	K_W01
	fundamental elements of the ontological structure of man	
	SKILLS	
U_01	integrates knowledge in the field of various scientific disciplines	K_U01
about human beings, especially those that are part of the		
	philosophical anthropology	
U_02	is able to make an ontological analysis of personal actions	K_U01
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	is open and critical to ideas, concepts, theories and arguments;	K_K03
	understands how different perspectives for perceiving human	
	being work and how various cognitive contexts and ontological	
	theories of man can help explain the role and meaning of	
	human civilization	

# IV. Course Content

- 1. the specificity of the ontological aspect of understanding human being
- 2. different types of philosophical explanation of man
- 3. fundamental elements of the ontological structure of man
- 4. deeper analysis of human personal activities, such as intellectual cognition, freedom, love
- 5. analysis of personal life contexts, such as the cultural, moral, social and religious dimensions

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods (choose from the list)	Forms of assessment (choose from the list)	Documentation type (choose from the list)		
		KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Conventional lecture	Exam	Examination card		
W_02					
	SKILLS				
U_01	Analysis and critical	Exam	Examination card		
U_02	evaluating of philosophical				
	argumentation				
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Using the knowledge	Exam	Examination card		
	gained in this lecture to				

solve relevant problems	·	i l
Solve relevant broblems	!	1
Solve relevant problems	·	i

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

100% exam

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

# VIII. Literature

# Basic literature

1. M. A. Krąpiec, *I-Man. An Outline of Philosophical Anthropology,* New Britain (Conn.): Mariel Publications 1983

# Additional literature

- 1. G. Haeffner, *The Human Situation: A Philosophical Anthropology*, University of Notre Dame Press 1994
- 2. K. Wojtyła, Considerations on the Essence of Man, Lublin: PTTA 2016

#### I. General Information

Course name	Humanitarian Law
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time/Stationary
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person	
responsible	

Type of class	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
	teaching hours		
Tutorial	30	6	4

Course pre-requisites	None
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. This course will examine the sources of humanitarian law (HL). It is an introduction to the key principles and terminology of HL. After completing this course, participants will have a thorough knowledge of the sources of HL.
- **C2.** This course will delve into one of the most challenging and important aspects of humanitarian law (HL) its implementation in practice. It will also explore challenges of implementation and challenge students to think critically and creatively about how to make HL work in practice.
- C3. This course examines the conduct of hostilities in situations of international armed conflict (IAC), also known as the Law of The Hague. Following this course, participants will know who the protected persons and goods are and what HL rules can be used for their protection in IAC.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Discussion about the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods	K_W05
W_02	Knows of the legal and organizational norms and rules governing the institutions supervising activities in the field of anthropology.	K_W07

SKILLS			
U_01	Communication of the results of research and activities to specialists from a wide area of sciences related to anthropology and other target groups, ability to speak and argue one's views in a precise manner, and to use specialist terminology and methods of expression corresponding to current situations	K_U17	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Involvement in intercultural social activity, preparing prosocial and integration projects (especially in the intercultural contexts of excluding refugees and immigrants)	к_к06	

Humanitarian law represents the ultimate reference in situations of crisis and conflict. This course will examine the sources of humanitarian law (HL), its key principles and terminology as well as the most challenging aspects of its implementation in practice.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Discussion	Observation	Group work evaluation
			card
		SKILLS	
U_01	Case study	Observation	Group work evaluation
			card
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Project-based learning	Presentation/Research	Group work evaluation
		report	card/Rated written text

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

The final grade consists of:

1. Active participation in classes: 20%

2. Oral presentation: 30%

3. Written research report: 50%

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

# VIII. Literature

Basic literature	
Bouchet-Saulnier Françoise, Bray, L., & Michel, C. (2013). The practical guide to humanitarian law	

(Third English language). Rowman & Littlefield.

# **Additional literature**

Provost René. (2002). International human rights and humanitarian law (Ser. Cambridge studies in international and comparative law). Cambridge University Press.

Djukić Dražan & Pons Niccolò (Eds.). (2018). The companion to international humanitarian law (Ser. International humanitarian law series, volume 55). Brill Nijhoff.

Saxon, D. (Ed.). (2013). International humanitarian law and the changing technology of war (Ser. International humanitarian law series, v. 41). Martinus Nijhoff.

# I. General Information

Course name	Immigration Law
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social and Economic Geography and spatial management
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr Tomasz Sieniow
---------------------------------------	-------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	30	IV	2

None

# II. Course Objectives

The aim of this workshop is to introduce students to the regulation of forced and voluntary migration (especially in the European context). It will provide a brief historical overview of migration, discuss current trends, consider policy problems and dilemmas (human rights and public security, demographic perspectives, crisis of a multicultural society).

		Reference to		
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning		
		outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Student understands the phenomenon of migration, its			
	economic, social, religious and environmental causes and	K_W05		
	consequences.			
W_02	He/she knows the difference between the forced and voluntary	K_W05		
	migration and can assign proper legal regimes to particular cases.			
W_03	Student is able to discuss controversial aspects of the intersection of	K_W05		
	the protection of human right of migrants and sovereignty (security)			
	of the state (especially in the European legal and political context).			
	SKILLS			
U_01	Student is able to collect and analyze data concerning migration and	K_U03		
	asylum, understanding the trends and projecting future			
	developments.			
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Student is involved in intercultural social activity, preparing	K_K06		
	pro-social and integration projects directed to refugees and			
	migrants.			
K_02	Student can discuss and promote migrants' integration models	K_K08		
	based on experience from studying different state policies.			
K_03	Student applies the basic principles of research work ethics as	K_K12		

a committed anthropologist, draws conclusions from negative	
practices, improves incorrect decisions and projects, applies	
"best practices" in the fields related to migration regulation.	

#### Theme 1: What are immigration and migration? Different types of migration.

• International migration. Who, where and why. Deutsche Bank research, 2003.

#### Theme 2: Facts and myths about Migration

- Hein de Hass, Maastricht University inaugural lecture (facts and myths about migration) https://youtu.be/Z8x3HIh9Zpo
- Paul Collier, How to Have sensible conversation about migration: https://www.newstatesman.com/politics/2013/11/new-exodus

# Theme 3: 1951 Geneva convention relating to the status of Refugees

- Definition of a Refugee (art. 1A)
- Principle of non-refoulement
- Actors of persecution
- Mandate of United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
- UNHCR Persons of concern global statistics

#### Theme 4: Migration into and within EU

- Elspeth Guild, The Legal Framework: Who is Entitled to Move? P. in: D. Bigo, E. Guild (eds.) Controlling Frontiers. Free Movement Into and Within Europe, Ashgate 2005, p.14-42.
- Treaty on the functioning of the European Union (art.21, 45-48,77-80)
- Directive 2004/38

### Theme 5: Frontier Controls,

- *Didier Bigo,* Frontier Controls in the European Union: Who is in Control? in: D. Bigo, E. Guild (eds.) Controlling Frontiers. Free Movement Into and Within Europe, Ashgate 2005, p.49-91.
- Frontex Regulation (Council Regulation (EC) 2007/2004/)

## Theme 6: Push-Backs on EU external Borders

- EU-Turkey Deal
- Exterritorial migration controls
- Access to asylum

# Theme 7: Common European Asylum System (one)

- Genesis and development
- Eurodac,
- Dublin III Regulation

# Theme 8: Common European Asylum System (two)

- Qualification directive (refugee status/subsidiary protection)
- Temporary protection
- Reception of refugees,
- Procedural guarantees

#### Theme 9: Detention and Return (expulsion) of irregular migrants and failed asylum seekers

- Return Directive 2008/115
- Return Policy
- Role of Frontex

# Theme 10: Solidarity and sharing burden of migration

- Relocation
- Resettlement
- Future challenges in European Pact on Asylum and Migration

#### Theme 11: Smuggling and trafficking of human beings,

• R. Piotrowicz, Trafficking of human beings and their human rights in the migration context in: R.Cholewinski, R Perruchoud & E. MacDonald, eds., International Migration Law, The Hague 2007, p. 275-290.

#### Theme 12: National Integration Policies,

- R. Sussmuth &W. Weidenfeld, Managing Integration: The European Union's Responsibilities towards Immigrants, Migration Policy Institute 2005, p. 1-72.
- Discussion "Best integration policy model"

#### Theme 13: The economic impact of migration

 Stephen Drinkwater, Paul Levine. Emanuela Lotti, Joseph Pearlman The economic impact of migration: A survey, FLOWENLA DISCUSSION PAPER 8, Hamburg Institute of International Economics 2003

# Theme 14: Practical case-studies from the daily work of the Rule of Law Institute's Center for Migrants' Rights

Theme 15: Wrap-up class

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Socratic lecture, seminar discussion	Written final paper	Chart of evaluation
W_02	Socratic lecture, seminar discussion	Participation in the in-class discussion	Chart of evaluation
W_03	Socratic lecture, seminar discussion	Participation in the in-class discussion	Chart of evaluation
		SKILLS	
U_01	Socratic lecture, seminar discussion	Presentation	Chart of evaluation
		SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Problem based learning	Participation in the practical activities	Chart of evaluation
K_02	Problem based learning	Participation in the practical activities	Chart of evaluation
K_03	Problem based learning	Participation in the practical activities	Chart of evaluation

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

Student's final grade will depend on three factors:

30% - Best integration model presentation and discussion

50% - written final paper

20% - Weekly class participation (and preparing a take home simple assignements)

## Grading system:

Less than 51% - Fail (2,0) 51-57% — Satisfactory (3,0) 58-64% - Satisfactory plus (3,5) 65—72 % - Good (4,0) 73-79% - Good Plus (4,5) 80-100% - Very Good (5,0)

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

#### **Basic literature**

FRA and ECtHR, Handbook on European law relating to asylum, borders and immigration, 2014, available at https://fra.europa.eu/node/6768

European Commission's DG Migration and Home Affairs Website content

# **Additional literature**

- International migration. Who, where and why. Deutsche Bank research, 2003;
- World Migration Report, IOM;
- D. Bigo, E. Guild (eds.) Controlling Frontiers. Free Movement Into and Within Europe, Ashgate 2005, p.14-42 and 49-91.
- R. Piotrowicz, Trafficking of human beings and their human rights in the migration context in: R. Cholewinski, R, Perruchoud & E. MacDonald, eds., International Migration Law, The Hague 2007, p. 275-290:
- R. Sussmuth &W. Weidenfeld, Managing Integration: The European Union's Responsibilities towards Immigrants, Migration Policy Institute 2005, p. 1-72.
- Stephen Drinkwater, Paul Levine. Emanuela Lotti, Joseph Pearlman The economic impact of migration: A survey, FLOWENLA DISCUSSION PAPER 8, Hamburg Institute of International Economics 2003.

# I. General Information

Course name	Inclusion – Cultural and intercultural communities
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Mgr Ewa Pankiewicz
---------------------------------------	--------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
Classes	30	III	2

The state of the s	
Course pre-requisites	None

# **II. Course Objectives**

- C1. To develop social skills useful in teamwork and functioning in a multicultural environment.
- C2. To identify the needs of the local environment.
- C3. To familiarise students with project management cycle and project method.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE	0.0000	
W_01	discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods	W_05	
	SKILLS		
U_01	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes, mitigating social conflicts, leading to settlement	K_U14	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	actively participates in discussions and social activities in the intercultural context, in personnel crisis in the work environment	K_K05	
K_02	inspires, organizes and manages the activities of others	K_K11	

Value hierarchy. Group and team roles. Group processes. Characteristics of a good leader. Communication in teamwork. Creativity. Assertiveness. Stress coping strategies. Effective time management. Elements of developmental psychology. Conflict dissolving. Project Management Cycle (PMC), project method.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Discussion	Observation	Protocol
	SKILLS		
U_01	Group work	Observation	Protocol
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Project-based learning	Observation	Protocol

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

- 1. Active participation in classes 20%
- 2. To obtain a positive mark (at least sufficient) from test 40%
- 3. To obtain a positive mark (at least sufficient) from a descriptive task 40%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

## **Basic literature**

Stewart S., Capabilities and Human Development: Beyond the individual—the critical role of social institutions and social competencies, New York 2013.

Papadimitrov R., Nikolovski I., Handbook for EU project design and Project Cicle Management, Skopje 2017.

# **Additional literature**

Halle C., Mareschal S., Project Cicle Management in Emergencies and Humanitarian Crisises Handbook, 2018.

Simone Rychen D., Hersh Salganik L., Key Competencies for a successful life and well-functioning society, 2003.

# I. General Information

Course name	Intercultural and interreligious dialogue
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media
	Studies
Language of instruction	English

b. Marek Słomka, prof. KUL
o. Ivlar

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	interest in the intercultural and interreligious dialogue
-----------------------	---

# II. Course Objectives

C1: providing basic knowledge on the important relationships among various ideas in cultures and religions

C2: providing the ability to understand main problems of intercultural and interreligious dialogue

C3: enabling participation in rational discussions concerning the intercultural and interreligious dialogue, developing the ability to distinguish between correct and incorrect arguments, encouraging independent thinking subordinated to methodological rules

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning	
		outcome	
	SKILLS		
U_01	U_01 Student perfect interpersonal and intercultural communication skills; can show the main intercultural and interreligious problems in the context of personal and social life		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Student creatively use acquired knowledge and skills to solve theoretical and practical problems of the community in which the anthropologist works, can organize debates on intercultural and interreligious dialogue	K_K04	

# IV. Course Content

Among others: main religious and cultural concepts, foundations of interreligious and intercultural dialogue: institutions, representatives, unsolved problems, perspectives for the future, The Catholic Church and the local community impact to the intercultural and interreligious dialogue.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	SKILLS			
U_01	U_01 The analysis of texts and problems PowerPoint presentations Assessment sheet			
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_04	Group-working within various cultural and religious communities of Lublin	Observation	Assessment sheet of team-working	

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

an active participation 40%

a group work in various roles 30%

PowerPoint presentations 30%

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

# Basic literature

Keith Ward, Religion in the Modern World. Celebrating Pluralism and Diversity, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press 2019; Brian J. Hurn, Barry Tomalin, Cross-Cultural Communication. Theory and Practice, Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire: Palgrave Macmillan 2013; Michael L. Fitzgerald, Nostra Aetate, a Key to Interreligious Dialogue, "Gregorianum" 87 (4):2006, p. 700-713.

# Additional literature

Martyn Barrett (ed.), Interculturalism and Multiculturalism. Similarities and Differences, Strasbourg: Council of Europe 2013; Qodratollah Qorbani, Relation Between Exclusivism and Criteria of Rationality of Religious Traditions Dialogue, "Philosophical Investigations" 13 (27):2019, p. 273-292; Marina V. Vorobjova, Religious Tolerance as the Basic Component of Inter-Religious Dialogue, "Journal for the Study of Religions and Ideologies" 3 (9):2004, p. 19-26; Michael H. Mitias, Mysticism as a Basis of Inter-Religious Dialogue, "Dialogue and Universalism" 29 (2): 2019, p. 89-107.

# I. General Information

Course name	Intercultural Broker – profession and case studies
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person	Mgr Ewa Pankiewicz
responsible	

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	None
-----------------------	------

# **II. Course Objectives**

- C1. To familiarize students with the principal goals and the role of the intercultural broker profession.
- C2. To extend awareness of students' own cultures as a starting point of fulfilling the role of the intercultural broker.
- C2. To provide examples of the intercultural brokering application.

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome  Reference to pr learning out		
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods		K_W05
	SKILLS		
U_01	U_01 has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes, mitigating social conflicts, leading to settlement		K_U14
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	K_01 actively participates in discussions and social activities in the intercultural context, in personnel crisis in the work environment		K_K05

Introduction to intercultural broker profession. Culture brokering model. Key concepts (culture, diversity, cultural competencies, the stereotyping, acculturation process, etc.). Intercultural communication. Culture shock. Examples and areas of the intercultural broker involvement, case studies.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Case study	Observation	Protocol	
SKILLS				
U_01	Group work	Observation	Protocol	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Group work in different	Observation	Protocol	
	roles (leader, presenter,			
	participant)			

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

- 1. Active participation in classes 20%
- 2. To obtain a positive mark (at least sufficient) from test 40%
- 3. To obtain a positive mark (at least sufficient) from a descriptive task 40%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

# **Basic literature**

Jezewski A., Culture Brokering: Providing Culturally Competent Rehabilitation Services to Foreign-Born Persons, 2001

# **Additional literature**

Thomas A., Kinast E., Schroll-Machl S., Handbook of intercultural Communication and Cooperation, 2010.

Michie, M., The role of culture brokers in intercultural science education: A research proposal, New Zeland 2003.

#### I. General Information

Course name	Intercultural communication
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible   Mariusz Wołońciej, PhD	)
--	---

Type of class	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
	teaching hours		
tutorial	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	English B2
-----------------------	------------

# II. Course Objectives

Intercultural Communication course is designed to familiarize students with key theories and models in Intercultural communication and cultural awareness in communication. It takes an interdisciplinary approach to the field and provides students with the foundational knowledge to perform efficient intercultural communication. As our increasingly globalized world has revealed a greater need to effectively communicate across cultures, we will develop how to appreciate differencies and an understanding of people with their respective cultures—including their beliefs, customs, languages/communication styles and not become distant, isolated, or culturally disconnected in the world of inherent dependence. Students will be encouraged to broaden perspectives, to develop critical thinking skills, and to consider the course topics within the context of cultural diversity and multicultural society. This course aims to increase ones own cultural values awareness, and those of others, and to learn how these influence communication styles, the way one conceptualize the world and self. The course will be offered in four 4-hour modules arranged as conversation classes and problem-solving discussions. They will be highly studentcentered through interactive lectures and group discussion activities. Based on a set of exercises and reading materials, we will cover specific topics by posing a series of questions concerning cross-cultural communication in management and other contexts. Students will be expected to have read the assigned materials in advance and come prepared to participate actively in the discussions.

		Reference to
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme
		learning outcome

	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	knows the terminology of anthropology and intercultural communication in English and, to a basic extent, in the languages of study	K_W02		
	SKILLS			
U_01	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes, mitigating social conflicts, leading to settlement	K_U14		
U_02	integrates various anthropological approaches and concepts and related disciplines, as well as ways of communication in everyday life	K_U18		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	actively participates in discussions and social activities in an intercultural context, in crisis situations in the work environment	K_K05		

# Unit 1.

What is culture in communication? Culture, values, beliefs (objective and subjective culture) model of intercultural communication;

# Unit 2.

Dealing with difference: Cultural differences by Lewis, Hofstede, and Gesteland. Cultural maps of communication styles;

#### Unit 3.

Why culture matters in communication? Selected issues of intercultural challenges in communication across cultures (leyers of culture, sterotypes and generalization, nonverbal communication).

# Unit 4.

Language and the Relativity of Experience. Sapir – Whorf hypothesis; Communication styles: high and low context;

#### Unit 5

Categorization of cultures by Trompenaars and GLOBE

## Unit 6

Cross-cultural communication competences; From description through interpretation to evaluation (DIE model). Values and assumpions

# Unit 7

Unit 8

Communication competencies for managing cultural differences; Global mindset; Cultural self-awareness (Who am I?), Generalization & stereotypes in our language

Language and the Relativity of Experience: Cultural differences in communication by E. T. Hall. Low and high context cultures;

Unit 9

Six stumbling blocks: Assuming similarity, Language difference, Non-verbal misinterpretation, Preconceptions, and stereotypes, Tendency to evaluate (approve /disapprove), High anxiety/tension; Unit 11

Intercultural sensitivity and Golden rule in communication. Ethical issues in inter-cultural communication; Ethnorelative ethics;

Unit 12

Cultural adaptation and language: Developing intercultural sensitivity in our communication.

Development Model of Intercultural Sensitivity (DMIS)

by Benett

Unit 13

Summary; Question and answer session, Discussion on the presented theories and models of communication across cultures, applied in international manager skills.

### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	Lecture, discussion,	Written assignement	Word doc	
SKILLS				
U_01	Case studies, video	Selected case presentation	PPt	
	samples. Multimedia			
	presentation PP			
	•			
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Lecture,	Discussion	Final exam	

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

# Note 5

The student is expected to acquire advanced knowledge and skills to interact with/in different cultures in order to be aware of the complexity of the language and attitude to unfamiliar cultures one can meet in intercultural communication. Is competent in analysis, deeper understanding and verifying their 'cultural lens' that e.g. condition various preconceptions and stereotypes.

# Note 4

The student is expected to acquire average knowledge and skills to interact with/in different cultures in order to be aware of the complexity of language one can meet in management environment. The student can critically analyze the cultural constraints of complex intercultural communication

The student is expected to acquire basic knowledge to interact with/in different cultures in order to be aware of the complexity of language one can meet in intercultural communication

Note 2

Lack of basic knowledge to interact with/in different cultures in order to be aware of the complexity of the language one can meet in intercultural communication

#### VII.

#### Note 5

The student is expected to acquire advanced knowledge and skills to interact with/in different cultures in order to be aware of the complexity of the attitude to unfamiliar communication modes one can meet in intercultual environment. Is competent in analysis, deeper understanding and verifying their 'cultural lens' that e.g. condition various communication issues

The student is expected to acquire average knowledge and skills to interact with/in different cultures in order to be aware of the complexity of the language, attitude to unfamiliar behavioral scripts one can meet across cultures. The student can critically analyze the cultural constraints of complex communication isses.

#### Note 3

The student is expected to acquire basic knowledge to interact with/in different cultures in order to be aware of the complexity of the language and communication.

#### Note 2

Lack of basic knowledge to interact with/in different cultures and communication modes in order to be aware of the complexity of the language and communication

#### VIII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### IX. Literature

#### Basic literature

- 1. Bennett, M. J. (1998). Basic concepts of intercultural communication; selected readings. Intercultural Press: Boston, London;
- 2. Luthans, F.; Doh, J. P. (2017). International management. Culture, Strategy, and Behavior; New York: McGraw-Hill Education.
- 3. Bennett, Milton, J. (1998). Intercultural communication: A current perspective. In Milton J. Bennett (Ed.), Basic concepts of intercultural communication: Selected readings. Yarmouth, ME: Intercultural Press
- 4. Hall, E (1989). Hidden dimension. Garden City, NY. Anchor Press.

# Additional literature

1. Hall, E. (1984). The dance of life: The other dimension of time. Garden City, NY.

## Anchor Press.

- 2. Landis, D., Janet M. Bennett, & Milton J. Bennett (Eds.) (2004) Handbook of Intercultural Training. London: Sage Publishers;
- 3. Lomen, M. (2007). Fluent Fools? Beyond language and basic survival skills. St Francis Magazine, 1 (3), 1-13.
- 4. R. E. Nisbett, (2003). The Geography of Thought: How Asians and Westerners Think Differently, and Why. New York: Free Press;
- 5. Ting-Toomey, S. (1999). Communicating Across Cultures. New York: Guilford Press;

#### I. General Information

Course name	Intercultural management economic and health projects
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Management and quality sciences
Language of instruction	English

## Course coordinator/person responsible

Type of class	Number of teach-	Semester	ECTS Points
	ing hours		
lecture	30	4	2

Course pre-requisites	None
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. Introduction to disaster medicine; stages and organization scheme of a rescue action Organisation of medical assistance in mass accidents and disasters.
- C2. Knowledge of organization scheme for rescue action and medical assistance for mass Accidents/disaster.
- C3. The stages of rescue action, as well as secondary effects of disaster and rescue action organization scheme.
- C1. Skill of medical examination of victims and procedures of on-site operation for mass accident/disaster.
- C2. Provide first aid in situations of immediate life-threatening.
- C3. Immobilization of fractures and sprains and prepare the patient for transport.
- C4. Conducts rescue medical examination of victims under the circumstances of disaster
- C5. Evaluates general condition and consciousness of victims under the circumstances of disaster.
- C6. Organisation of medical assistance in mass accidents and disasters.
- C1. Be aware of the ethical issues surrounding disaster response.
- C2. Ready to do what is best for the patient, respect the dignity and autonomy of the entrusted caretakers as well as respect the cultural and the world-outlook differences,
- C3. show empathy in relations with the victims and their families.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	describes the importance of ethical principles in scientific research and ethical and legal conditions in the field of research activities, in-	K_W06		
	cluding the principles of planning and organizing medical support in industrial, communication, chemical and ecological disasters, as well as natural disasters and military threats.			
	SKILLS			
U_01 prepares of a public health development aid project, and a report on its implementation.		K_U08		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in Organisation of medical assistance in mass accidents and disasters.	K_K01		

# IV. Course Content

Assessment and allocation of our resources in a situation of disaster. Knowledge of relevant procedures in selected disasters.

Organization of medical assistance during catastrophes

Principles of planning and organizing medical support in industrial, communication, chemical, and ecological disasters.

A rescue operation in the Nepal earthquake 2015 as an example of the implementation of international medical aid with the participation of Polish organizations.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Conversational lecture	Exam	Rated written text	
	SKILLS			
U_01	Case study	Observation	Group work evaluation card	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Group work evaluation card	

# I. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade consists of:

- 1. Active participation in classes 20%
- 2. Written exam 80%.

# II. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### III. Literature

### **Basic literature**

- 1. Pan American Health Organization. Natural Disasters—Protecting the Public's Health; Scientific Publication NO. 575; PAHO: Washington, DC, USA, 2000. [CrossRef]
- 2. Ochi, S.; Hodgson, S.; Landeg, O.; Mayner, L.; Murray, V. Medication supply for people evacuated during disasters. J. Evid. Based Med. 2015, 8, 39–41. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 3. Alrazeeni, D. Saudi EMS Students' Perception of and Attitudes toward their Preparedness for Disaster Management. J. Educ. Pract. 2015, 6, 110–116.
- 4. International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies. Disaster Preparedness. Available online: https://media.ifrc.org/ifrc/what-we-do/disaster-and-crisis-management/disaster-preparedness/ (accessed on 19 December 2018).

### **Additional literature**

- 5. Ryan, J.; Gavalas, M. What goes wrong at a disaster or major incident? Hosp. Med. 1998, 59, 944–946. [PubMed]
- WHO. Essential Laws for Medicines Access: A Pilot Study on National Legislation; Report to the WHO-EMP Department on work undertaken in Geneva; WHO: Geneva, Switzerland, 2010.
- 7. World Health Organization. Medicines Supply. Available online: http://www.who.int/medicines/areas/access/supply/en/ (accessed on 18 December 2018).

## I. General Information

Course name	Intercultural Management/Intercultural Brokering
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle MA)	Bachelor
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	Full-time studies
Discipline	Management and quality sciences 50%, Social and Economic Geography and spatial management 50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Agnieszka Marek, PhD
	Piotr Rubaj, PhD

Type of class (use only	Number of teaching	Semester	ECTS Points
the types mentioned	hours		
below)			
seminar	30+30	5, 6	15+8

Course pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of the applied anthropology methods, problems and
	applies. Ability to think logically and to solve problems.

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. Understanding and popularisation the value of anthropological methods and theories for practical problem-solving in different areas and sectors.
- C2. Highlighting and discussing value of applied anthropology in both academic and non-academic venues.
- C3. Improving the presence of anthropologists in global economy and business, and management

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	understands the specific and methodological specificity of anthropology, taking into account the integrated nature of applied anthropology	K_W01
W_02	knows the methodology of scientific research, especially in various social sciences (esp. economy and management)	K_W04
W_03	discusses the social, economic, also political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises	K_W05
	SKILLS	
U_01	prepares a project of research activities and social projects, and a report on its implementation	K_U05
U_02	prepares a written essay or creates a multimedia presentation or an oral speech in the field of has developed skills in management and economics)	K_U09
U_03	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication (with others interested and professionals in the fields of economy and management, esp. in international and intercultural dimensions)	K_U14
U_04	plans and organizes targeted activities, takes the rule of a leader or active participant in the executive team	K_U15
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations, especially in the topics of management and economics	K_K01
K_02	takes care of maintaining methodological standards in the interested research fields	K_K02
K_03	is preparing pro-social (especially in the intercultural contexts)	K_K06

## IV. Course Content

- 1. Principles and methodology of writing a research paper
- 2. Formulating hypotheses and research conclusions
- 3. Collecting and compiling literature sources
- 4. Preparation of an individual research dissertation
- 5. Defending a research dissertation.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)		
	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	Seminar	active participation in the	BA dissertation		
		seminar			
SKILLS					
U_01	seminar	active participation in the	BA dissertation		
		seminar			
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					

K_01	seminar	active participation in the	BA dissertation
		seminar	

## Grading criteria, weighting factors.

- 1. Attendance (minimum 75%)
- 2. Active participation in the seminar discussions, critical disputes, presentations.
- 3. Individual problem based project.

### VI Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	60
Number of hours of individual student work	630

#### VII Literature

_						
Bas	1	liti	or:	atı	ır	Δ

Warsh, David (2006), Knowledge and the Wealth of Nations, Norton, ISBN 978 – 0393059960

Additional literature

Peng M., Meyer K., International Business, Cengage Learning EMEA, 2019, ISBN- 978-1-4737-5843-8

Collinson S., Narula R., Rugman A., International Business, Pearson 2017, ISBN – 978-1-292-17593-5

Kaur A., International Business, Lambert Academic Publishing, 2011, ISBN 978-3-8443-2714-4 Tiku P., The Emerging Markets Handbook, Harriman House Limited, 2014, ISBN 9780857192981 Biswas R., Emerging Markets Megatrends, Palgrave Macmillan, 2018, ISBN 978-3-319=78122-8 Heijdra, B. J.; Ploeg, F. van der (2002), Foundations of Modern Macroeconomics, Oxford University Press, ISBN 0-19-877617-9.

# Web sites:

https://www.worldbank.org/

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/home

https://unctad.org/en/Pages/Home.aspx

https://www.wto.org/

https://www.imf.org/external/index.htm

https://www.oecd.org/

https://www.weforum.org/

https://www.imd.org/

http://hdr.undp.org

# I. General Information

Course name	International projects in business
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Management and quality sciences
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Piotr Rubaj, PhD

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	30	III	2

Course pre-	Basic knowledge of international business and global economics.
requisites	Ability to think logically and to solve problems.

# II. Course Objectives

C.1 Introduction to basic definitions, terms and problems in international business

C.2 Explanation of the most important processes in international business and global economics

C.3 Constructive and creative thinking in field of international business

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol		Reference to programme	
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome		
		learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Student has a structured basic knowledge of basic	K_W03	
	disciplines for anthropology		
W_02	W_02 discusses the present state of civilization in a		
	multifaceted way; this knowledge covers the area of the		

	hottest focal points of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with particular emphasis on knowledge about global institutions and methods of hoping	
W_03	describes the importance of ethical principles in scientific research and ethical and legal conditions in the field of research activities, including the principles of entrepreneurial activities in the application of the anthropological significance of the "Good Life" principle.  Skills: a graduate can	K_W06
K 01	plans and organizes targeted activities, implements them	K U15
K_01	as a leader or active participant in the executive team	K_013
K_02	evaluates and draws conclusions from the completed project	K_U16
K_03	independently plans and implements expanding their knowledge and developing professional skills, using various sources of information (in English, native and foreign) and modern technologies (ICT)	K_U21
	Social competence: a graduate	
U_01	is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; understands the ways of functioning of different perspectives of perceiving reality and various cognitive and life contexts of communities, especially as communities from states or cultures that are different than an anthropologist	K_K03
U_02	creatively uses acquired knowledge and skills to solve theoretical and practical problems of the community in which the anthropologist works, in justified cases he consults experts.	K_K04

## IV. Course Content

- 1. International business key issues and problems;
- 2. International trade formulas "Incoterms 2020" discussion and application;
- 3. Ways of crediting business activities in international business;
- 4. Settlements and payments in international business;
- 5. Foreign trade risks and ways to minimise them;
- 6. Agreements and arbitration in international business;
- 7. Selected export markets and their characteristics;
- 8. Preparation of **own business project** in accordance with the requirements below:
- a. Short description of the company (legal form, organizational structure, scope of activity);
- b. Characteristics of the selected product or service (name, logo, brand, application);
- c. Characteristics of the target market (country, market segment, recipients, local, cultural conditions, etc.);
- d. Competitiveness of the company (market advantages, SWOT analysis);
- e. Description of planned strategic activities (ways of entering the market, adopted strategy, planned effects);
- f. Necessary budget for operational activities (promotions, exhibitions, fairs, etc.);

- g. Commercial terms and conditions offer preparation (prices according to Incoterms 2020 formulas, payment and delivery conditions, etc.)
- h. Expected strategic, commercial and financial results (e. g. increase in the scale of production, increase in revenue, diversification of the customer market, financial profit);
- 9. Conclusions and summary.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
W_01	Workshop	Graded pass	Single choice test results

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

- 1. Attendance (minimum 75%)
- 2. Active participation in the course discussions, critical disputes
- 3. Individual problem based presentations;
- 4. Single choice final test.
- 5. Grading scale:
- 2,00 2,64: 2,0
- 2,65 3,29: 3,0
- 3,30 3,64: 3+
- 3,65 4,29: 4,0
- 4,30 4,64: 4+
- 4,65 5,00: 5.0.

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### VIII. Literature

		٠.				
Basi	rΙ	11	er:	at.	П	r٩

Peng M., Meyer K., International Business, Cengage Learning EMEA, 2019, ISBN- 978-1-4737-5843-8

Collinson S., Narula R., Rugman A., International Business, Pearson 2017, ISBN - 978-1-

## 292-17593-5

Kaur A., International Business, Lambert Academic Publishing, 2011, ISBN 978-3-8443-2714-4

Warsh, David (2006), Knowledge and the Wealth of Nations, Norton, ISBN 978 – 0393059960

Tiku P., The Emerging Markets Handbook, Harriman House Limited, 2014, ISBN 9780857192981

Biswas R., Emerging Markets Megatrends, Palgrave Macmillan, 2018, ISBN 978-3-319=78122-8

Heijdra, B. J.; Ploeg, F. van der (2002), Foundations of Modern Macroeconomics, Oxford University Press, ISBN 0-19-877617-9.

# Additional literature

Begg David, Economics McGraw-Hill Education – Europe, ISBN: 0077154517, 2014 Macroeconomics, 7th edition by Michael Parkin, published by Pearson Addison-Wesley, ISBN 0-321-25360-4.

### Web sites:

https://www.worldbank.org/

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/home

https://unctad.org/en/Pages/Home.aspx

https://www.wto.org/

https://www.imf.org/external/index.htm

https://www.oecd.org/

https://www.weforum.org/

https://www.imd.org/

http://hdr.undp.org/en/year/2020

# I. General Information

Course name	International projects in security and safe life	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies	BA	
Form of studies	Full-time	
Discipline	Social and Economic Geography and spatial management	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr hab. Urszula Soler
---------------------------------------	-----------------------

Type of class	Number of	Semester	ECTS Points
	teaching hours		
workshop	15	IV	1

Course pre-requisites	This course will not require previous experience in any particular area.
To all to pilot it additions	The course the regime provides experience in any particular areas

# II. Course Objectives

C1: providing basic knowledge on: 1) international projects: their goals, assumptions, documentation, methods of implementation 2) security in the context of the safe life.

C2: providing the ability to formulate problems related to the issue of security.

C3: enabling participation in rational discussions, developing the ability to distinguish between correct and incorrect arguments, encouraging independent thinking that is subordinated to methodological rules.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

		Reference to	
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning	
	,	outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W 01	Student presents ordered knowledge about security and safe	K W03	
_	life and its meaning for man.	_	
W_02	Student knows English terminology used in international	K_W02	
	projects.		
W_04	Student knows general methodology of scientific research,	K_W04	
especially in social sciences and in humanities.			
W_05	Student describes the importance of ethical principles in	K_W06	
	scientific research and the importance of the ethical and legal		
conditions in the field of research activities			
	SKILLS		
U_01	Student describes properly the observed phenomena,	K_U02	
	formulates research problems, and uses or constructs		
	appropriate tools to solve them.		

U_02	Student is able to work in a varied group and perfects	K_U07
	interpersonal and intercultural communication skills.	
U_03	Student plans and organizes targeted activities, implements	K_U15
	them as a leader or active participant in the executive team.	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Student is open to new ideas, conceptions, theories and	K_K03
	arguments. Student develops the ability to work in a	
	multicultural team taking into account the cultural differences	
	in the perception of reality.	
K_02	Student applies the basic principles of research work ethics as a committed anthropologist, draws conclusions from negative practices, improves incorrect decisions and projects. Student applies "best practices" in the field of anthropology, also as a discipline whose research has a special nature of social application.	K_K12

### IV. Course Content

The workshops are problem-oriented. The goal of this workshop is to create the specific project on safety and safe life oriented to a specific region of the world.

At the beginning, analysis of selected international projects will be done:

- 1. What could the main project's goal;
- 2. What are the assumptions of the project should be;
- 3. What the model project documentation looks like;
- 4. What are the methods of implementation of the project.

The second stage will be to design an international project in security and safe life in groups.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
		KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet of		
			team-working		
		SKILLS			
U_01	The analysis of texts	Observation	Assessment sheet of		
			team-working		
U_02	Discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet of		
			team-working		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet of		
			team-working		
K_02	Working in a group in	Observation	Assessment sheet of		
	various roles		team-working		

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

#### Grade 2:

W: Student does not know the basic knowledge about international project in security and safe life and is not able to design it.

U: Student does not know basic material presented in class

K: Student is not engaged in the process of acquiring knowledge, does not take part in discussions and is not able to coherently express his own views

#### Grade 3:

W: Student has general knowledge about international project in security and safe life and is not able to design it.

U: Student does know basic material presented in class.

K: Student is engaged only to a small extent in the process of acquiring knowledge, in discussions, and has difficulties with coherent expression of his beliefs.

### Grade 4:

W: Student has orderly knowledge about international project in security and safe life and is not able to design it.

U: Student does know basic material presented in class and is able to use it in forming his own beliefs.

K: Student is intensively engaged in the process of acquiring knowledge, in discussions, and has no difficulties with coherent expression of his beliefs.

### Grade 5:

W: Student has orderly and detailed knowledge about international project in security and safe life and is not able to design it.

U: Student does know all material presented in class and is able to use it in forming his own beliefs. K: Student is intensively engaged in the process of acquiring knowledge, in discussions, has no difficulties with coherent expression of his beliefs, and independently deepens his knowledge and intellectual skills.

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	15
Number of hours of individual student work	15

### VIII. Literature

Basic literature	
The literature will be given during the first class	
Additional literature	
The literature will be given during the first class	

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

## I. General Information

Course name	Introduction to Anthropology: New views, themes, and discipline	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies	BA	
Form of studies	full-time	
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies 50%, Philosophy 50%	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr hab. Anna Kawalec, prof. KUL

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	30		4

Course pre-requisites	none
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. Study of the main issues, anthropological subdisciplines and the specifics of anthropology as a discipline
  - 2. Acquainting with the specificity of applied anthropology among anthropological subdisciplines
  - 3. Acquiring skills and attitudes seeking the determinations of "becoming human being" (M. Engelke)

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	situates anthropology in relation to the sciences and under- stands the specific and methodological specificity of anthro- pology, taking into account the integrative nature of applied anthropology	K_W01
W_02	knows the terminology in the field of anthropology in English and in the basic range in languages implemented as part of education	K_W02
W_03	has ordered basic knowledge of basic disciplines of anthropology	K_W03
	SKILLS	
U_01	Communicates the results of research and activities to specialists from a wide area of sciences related to anthropology and other target groups, speaks and argues his views in a precise manner, uses specialist terminology and methods of expression corresponding to current situations	K_U01
U_02	uses the methodology of humanities and social sciences (selects the appropriate), including collects ethnographic and sociological data, explains oral and written statements	K_U03
U_03	Student integrates various anthropological approaches and concepts, and related disciplines, including ways of communication in everyday life	K_U18
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	takes care of maintaining methodological standards in research, openness and sensitivity to problems in the field of human and social sciences and making independent attempts to develop them	K_K02

### IV. Course Content

The course is subordinated to the requirements of introduction to the field and discipline. Includes meta-object and subject-matter considerations. The first part concerns terminology, key problems of the sub-disciplines of anthropology, the "deconstruction" of anthropology as an hermetic discipline (esp. T. Ingold) and the outline of history, with particular emphasis on the specificity of applied / practical / engaged anthropology and its formation at the John Paul II Catholic University of Lublin. The second part of the lecture is a presentation of examples of research problems undertaken in the field of anthropology, including the issue of humanity, otherness, culture, language or social life (including the problem of dichotomy system / agency)

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)

	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	Conversational	Written exam	Exam sheet		
	lecture				
W_02	Discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet		
W_03	Case study, discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet		
	SKILLS				
U_01	Case study, discussion	observation	Assessment sheet		
U_02	discussion	observation	Assessment sheet		
U_03	discussion	observation	Assessment sheet		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	SWOT method, discussion	observation	Assessment sheet		

## VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

Participation, discussion – 40%, written exam 60%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

#### VIII. Literature

#### Basic literature

Companion Encyclopedia of Anthropology: Humanity, Culture and Social Life (Routledge World Reference), red. T. Ingold, Handbook of Social Anthropology, Richard Fardon, Oliva Harris, Trevor H J Marchand, Cris Shore, Veronica Strang, Richard Wilson, Mark Nuttall (eds.), Sage 2012, M. Engelke, Think like an Anthropologist, Pelican Books 2017, Gell A., Art and Agency, red. Eric Hirsch, Athlone, London 1999; reprint: Berg, Oxford 2006., Kawalec A., Osoba i Nexus, Lublin 2016, zwł. rozdz. 1., Ingold Tim red. (1996), Key Debates in Anthropology, Routledge, London, New York., Parkin David, Ulijaszek Stanley red. (2007), Holistic Anthropology: Emergence and Convergence, Berghahn Books, New York, Oxford. Rabinow Paul, Marcus George E. i in. red. (2008), Designs for an Anthropology of the Contemporary, Duke University Press, Durham, London.

## Additional literature

The Art of Anthropology: Essays and Diagrams, red. Eric Hirsch, Athlone, London 1999; reprint: Berg, Oxford 2006, Barth Fredrik, Gingrich Andre, Parkin Robert, Silverman Sydel (2005), One Discipline, Four Ways: British, German, French, American, Foreword Chris Hann, The Halle Lectures, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, London, Bernard H. Russell, Gravlee Clarence C. red. (20152), Handbook of Methods in Cultural Anthropology, Rowman & Littlefield, Maryland., M. Archer (2000) Being Human: The Problem of Agency, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. Evans-Pritchard Edward (1972), Social Anthropology, Cohen and West, London., A Companion to the Anthropology of Europe, red. Ullrich Kockel, Máiréad Nic Craith, Jonas Frykman, Viley-Blackwell, Malden,, Carrithers Michael, Barry Andrew, Brady Ivan, Geertz Clifford, Keesing Roger M., Roth Paul A., Rubinstein Robert A., Whittaker Elvi (1990), Is Anthropology Art or Science? [and comments and reply], "Current Anthropology" t. 31, nr 3, s. 263-282. Clifford James, Marcus George E. red. (1986), Writing Culture. The Poetics and Politics of Ethnography, University of California Press, Berkeley, Los Angeles, Geertz Clifford (Press 1974), From the Native's Point of View: On the Nature Anthropological Understanding, "Bulletin of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences" t. 28, nr 1, s. 26-45;, Anthropological Locations: Boundaries and Grounds of a Field Science, red. Akhil Gupta, James Ferguson, University of California Press, Oakland,, Experiments in Holism: Theory and Practice in Contemporary Anthropology, red. Ton Otto, Nils Bubandt, Blackwell Publishing Ltd., Chichester 2010, Making: Anthropology, Archaeology, Art and Architecture, Routledge, London. Kuper A., Anthropology and Anthropologists: The Modern British School, Routledge & Kegan Paul, London, Boston 1983, Layton Robert (1997), An Introduction to Theory in Anthropology, Cambridge University, Cambridge., Moore Henrietta L., Sanders Todd red. (2006), Anthropology in Theory: Issues in Epistemology, Blackwell Publishing, Malden, Oxford, Carlton., Panourgiá Neni, Marcus George E. (2008), Ethnographica Moralia: Experiments in Interpretive Anthropology, Fordham University Press, New York., Ruby Jay (2005), Anthropology as a Subversive Art, "American Anthropologist" t. 107, nr 4, s. 684-687., Thomassen Bjorn (2013), Anthropology and Social Theory: Renewing Dialogue, "European Journal of Social Theory" t. 16, nr 2, s. 188-207, Vigh Henrik Erdman, Sausdal David Brehm (2014), From Essence Back to Existence: Anthropology beyond the Ontological Turn, "Anthropological Theory" t. 14, nr 1, March, s. 49-73., Wagner Roy (2001), An Anthropology of the Subject. Holographic Worldview in New Guinea and Its Meaning and Signifi cance for the World of Anthropology, University of California Press, Berkeley, Los Angeles, London (and other art.)

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

## I. General Information

Course name	Introduction to Biological Anthropology: Development of
	Homo sapiens sapiens
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Natural science
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible Dr Justyna Herda

Type of class	Number of teach- ing hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	1	2

Course pre-requisites	No pre-requisites
-----------------------	-------------------

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. Acquisition of basic knowledge on the theory of evolution by natural selection and presenting the evolutionary history of Earth and life on it as a necessary condition for human evolution
- C2. Acquisition of basic knowledge on human evolution and philosophical issues related to it
- C3. Presenting the main aspects of human behavior and culture from an evolutionary perspective

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to pro- gramme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	A student knows the specificity of the integrated character of anthropology in relation to basic disciplines	K_W01	
W_02	A student has well-ordered knowledge from the area of evolutionary biology especially with regard to evolution of Homo species	K_W03	
	SKILLS		
U_01	A student is able to find, analyse and evaluate information about human evolution from printed and digital sources	K_U01	
U_02	A student is able to integrated knowledge in the field of biological anthropology with knowledge from other fields of anthropological research to describe the observed phenomena from an evolutionary perspective	K_U01	
U_03	A student is able to point out and formulate controversies and research problems around human origin	K_U02	

	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	A student takes care of maintaining methodological standards in research especially in regard to evolution of Homo sapiens sapiens	K_K02
K_02	A student understands the ways of functioning of different perspectives of perceiving reality from evolutionary point of view	K_K03

# IV. Course Content

- The theory of evolution: work of Charles Darwin, historical context of discovery of natural selection mechanism
- The evolution of the Earth and life
- Naturalistic and non-naturalistic explanation of human origin methodological controversies
- Methods of research of human past
- Evolution of *Homo sapiens* and its ancestors
- Uniqueness of Homo species

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	Conversational lecture	Written test/Essay	Evaluated test/Evaluated		
			essay		
W_02	Working with text	Presentation	File with presentation		
SKILLS					
U_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report		
U_02	Textual analysis	Paper	Evaluated paper		
U_03	Discussion	Observation	Observation report		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report		
K_02	Problem-Base Learning	Evaluation of the process	Group-work rating card		

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

Written test/essay: 30%
Prepared presentation: 30%
Activity in the classroom: 40%

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### VIII. Literature

Basic literature			
1.	Tomasello Michael. 2019. Becoming Human: A Theory of Ontogeny. Harvard University		

- Press. 2019.
- 2. Par Michael. 1998/2010. Biological Anthropology: An Introductory Reader. McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Słomka Marek. 2016. Uniqueness of Man in Nature and Some Examples of Its Questioning. Roczniki Filozoficzne vol. 64/3: 39-57.

## **Additional literature**

- 1. Harcourt-Smith W. E. H., L. C. Aiello. 2004. Fossils, feet and the evolution of human bipedal Locomotion. J. Anat. Vol. 204: 403–416.
- 2. Lahr Marta Mirazon.2006. Human Evolution. Encyclopedia of Cognitive Science. <a href="https://www.researchgate.net/publication/230248135">https://www.researchgate.net/publication/230248135</a> Human Evolution
- 3. Schwartz J. H., I. Tattersall. 2010. Fossil Evidence for the Origin of Homo sapiens. Yearbook of Physical Anthropology 53: 94–121.
- 4. Smith J.M., E. Szathmary. 2000. The Origins of Life: From the Birth of Life to the Origin of Language. Oxford University Press.

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

## I. General Information

Course name	Key (classical) Debates in Social and Cultural Anthropology	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies	BA	
Form of studies	full-time	
Discipline	Culture and Religion Sciences	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	
	Dr. Edyta Kuzian

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	2	3

Course pre-requisites	None

# II. Course Objectives

- C1: After completing this course students will have basic knowledge on key debates in social, cultural, and applied anthropology.
- C2: Students will be able to critically examine and relate these debates in interdisciplinary contexts, focusing on the philosophical perspective and integrate the course materials with outside topics.
- C3: Through stimulating in-class discussions students will generate thought-provoking presentation and questions from the readings. Moreover, students will demonstrate a command of the readings during course meetings and strengthen their written skills through writing assignments.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Students critically approach and asses the methodology and	K_W01		
	key concepts in applied anthropology			
W_02	Students acquire key anthropological English terms	K_W02		
W_03	Students improve interdisciplinary knowledge of disciplines	K_W03		

	related to anthropology, primarily philosophy			
	SKILLS			
U_01	The ability to analyze different scientific studies about	K_U01		
	humans, with a primary focus on socio-cultural anthropology			
U_02	The ability to observe and formulate research problems,	K_U02		
	including the use of appropriate research tools			
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Student is open and critical of new ideas, concepts, theories,	K_K03		
arguments and challenges related to socio-cultural				
	anthropology of the 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> century			

### IV. Course Content

This course is designed to provide an overview of the key concepts and theories in social, cultural, and applied anthropology. We will explore six debates discussed in *Key Debates in Anthropology* by Tim Ingold. The first debate addresses the disciplinary character of social anthropology: can it be regarded as a science, and if so, is it able to establish general propositions about human culture and social life? The second examines the concept of society, and in the third debate the spotlight is turned on the role of culture in people's perception of their environments. The fourth debate focuses on the place of language in the formation of culture. The fifth takes up the question of how we view the past in relation to the present. Finally, in the sixth debate, the concern is with the cross-cultural applicability of the concept of aesthetics (Ingold).

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Lecture	Research paper	Graded research paper	
W_02	Lecture	4 short written assignments	Graded assignments	
W_03	Lecture	Exam	Graded exam	
		SKILLS		
U_01	U_01 Discussion Evaluation of discussion Evaluation of the performance			
U_02	Discussion	Research paper	Graded research paper	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the performance	

## VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

It is essential for students to attend and participate in zoom class meetings. Participation represents 20% of your final grade. Students are required to have completed the day's assigned readings by the date indicated below.

Students will write four in-class assignments during the term. These are one single-spaced word papers based on the particular week's readings. These assignments are each worth 5% of the student's final grade. These papers are due in class and shall be emailed to <a href="mailto:edytakuzian@kul.lublin.pl">edytakuzian@kul.lublin.pl</a> by the end of our class meeting.

The final 7–8 page paper worth 20% of your final grade is required by the end of the semester (11:59PM, June 16, 2021).

# Final exam 20%

Each student should cover two of the rotating presentations. <u>Each presentation is</u> worth 10% of your final grade

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

## VIII. Literature

# **Primary Literature**

**Key Debates in Anthropology** 

Edited by Tim Ingold, 1996

ISBN-13: 978-0415150194

ISBN-10: 0415150191

## Secondary literature

Nigel Rapport, Joanna Overing, Social and Cultural Anthropology. The Key Concepts, Routledge, London 2000.

Gary Ferraro, Classic Readings in Cultural Anthropology, Cengage Learning, Boston, MA 2016. Barbara Miller, Cultural Anthropology in a Globalizing World, Pearson, Boston MA 2017.

Ted C. Lewellen, The Anthropology of Globalization. Cultural Anthropology Enters the 21<sup>st</sup> Century, Bergin & Garvey, London 2002.

Carla Cuerrón-Montero, Introduction: Preparing Anthropologists for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century, "National Association for the Practice of Anthropology Bulletin 29(1), March 2008, pp. 1-13.

Brian Morris, Religion and Anthropology. A Critical Introduction, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge 2006.R. Jon McGee, Richard L. Warms (eds.), Theory in Social and Cultural Anthropology. An Encyclopedia, Sage, London 2013.

Chris Jenks, Culture. Key Ideas, Routledge, London 2001.

Ralph Linton, The Study of Man. An Introduction, Appleton-Century-Crofts, Inc., New York 1936.

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

## I. General Information

Course name	Key theme in Anthropology: Economy	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	Bachelor	
MA)		
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	Full-time studies	
Discipline	Management and quality sciences	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	Piotr Rubaj, PhD
---------------------------------------	------------------

Type of class (use only	Number of teaching	Semester	ECTS Points
the types mentioned	hours		
below)			
tutorial	30	2	3

Course pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of economics and business topics.
	Ability to think logically and to solve problems.

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. Introduction to basic definitions and problems in economics
- C2. Explanation of the most important processes in economics;
- C3. Constructive and creative thinking in field of global economy.
- C4. Understanding and popularisation the value of anthropological methods and theories for practical problem-solving in global economy.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Student has ordered basic knowledge of basic disciplines for anthropology , esp. economic anthropology, taking into account the integrated nature of applied anthropology	K_W03	
	SKILLS		
U_01	selects the appropriate methods; uses the methodology of economic and general social sciences, including collects sociological data	K_U03,	
K_01	Students understands how different perspectives (esp. economic and social) for perceiving reality work and various cognitive and life contexts of communities, especially as communities from countries or cultures other than anthropologist	K_K03	

### IV. Course Content

- 1. Basic definitions and problems related to science of economics;
- 2. Macroeconomics:
  - National accounts and economic growth;
  - Inflation as the main monetary and fiscal problem;
  - Unemployment and its social and economic consequences;
  - Public finances budget deficit and government debt;
  - Accounts of foreign trade;
  - Central bank and monetary policy.
- 3. Microeconomics:
  - Demand, supply and equilibrium;
  - Market structures and competition;
  - Monopoly, monopolistic competition and oligopoly;
  - Banks, credits and financial institutions.
  - Business activity in practice.
- 4. Introduction to international economics:
  - International trade and global demand;
  - Globalization and protectionism;
  - Exchange rates and balance of payments;
  - Global problems poverty and economic inequality.
- 5. Social economics
- 6. Development economics
- 7. Summary and key conclusions

## V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	tutorial	Graded pass	Single choice test results
SKILLS			
U_01	tutorial	active participation in the	Individual problem

		seminar	based presentations;
	SO	CIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	tutorial	active participation in the seminar	Individual problem based presentations;

# Grading criteria, weighting factors.

- 1. Attendance (minimum 75%)
- 2. Active participation in the course discussions, critical disputes
- 3. Individual problem based presentations;
- 4. Single choice final test.
- 5. Grading scale:
- 2,00 2,64: 2,0
- 2,65 3,29: 3,0
- 3,30 3,64: 3+
- 3,65 4,29: 4,0
- 4,30 4,64: 4+
- 4,65 5,00: 5.0.

### VI Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

## **VII Literature**

# Basic literature

Begg David, Economics McGraw-Hill Education – Europe, ISBN: 0077154517, 2014

Macroeconomics, 7th edition by Michael Parkin, published by Pearson Addison-Wesley, ISBN 0 – 321 – 25360 – 4.

### Additional literature

Peng M., Meyer K., International Business, Cengage Learning EMEA, 2019, ISBN- 978-1-4737-5843-8

Collinson S., Narula R., Rugman A., International Business, Pearson 2017, ISBN – 978-1-292-17593-5

Kaur A., International Business, Lambert Academic Publishing, 2011, ISBN 978-3-8443-2714-4 Warsh, David (2006), Knowledge and the Wealth of Nations, Norton, ISBN 978 – 0393059960

Tiku P., The Emerging Markets Handbook, Harriman House Limited, 2014, ISBN 9780857192981 Biswas R., Emerging Markets Megatrends, Palgrave Macmillan, 2018, ISBN 978-3-319=78122-8 Heijdra, B. J.; Ploeg, F. van der (2002), Foundations of Modern Macroeconomics, Oxford University Press, ISBN 0-19-877617-9

### Web sites:

https://www.worldbank.org/

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/home

https://unctad.org/en/Pages/Home.aspx

https://www.wto.org/

https://www.imf.org/external/index.htm

https://www.oecd.org/

https://www.weforum.org/

https://www.imd.org/

http://hdr.undp.org

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

## I. General Information

Course name	Key theme in Anthropology: Kinship and Politics
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy 50%, Culture and Religion Studies 50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	
	prof. dr hab. Jan Kłos

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	II	2

Course pre-requisites	None
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

The main purpose is to teach students some fundamental questions in anthropology with regard to individual and social life.

Another goal is to teach them analytical and synthetic thinking

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE	0		
W_01	has ordered basic knowledge of basic disciplines for anthropology			
		K_W03		
	SKILLS			
K_U01	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes, mitigating social conflicts, leading to settlement	K_U14		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; understands how different perspectives for perceiving reality work			

and various cognitive and life contexts of communities, especially as	K_K03
communities from countries or cultures other than anthropologist	

### IV. Course Content

- 1. The Human Person General Considerations
- 2. The Human Person and Society.
- 3. The Human Person and the State.
- 4. The Problem of Autonomy of the Human Person.
- 5. The Human Person and Political Activity.
- 6. The Human Person and Economic Activity.
- 7. The Human Person in the Context of Political Systems (Examples)
- 8. To Accomplish the Common Good.
- 9. The Human Person and Freedom.
- 10. The Human Person Towards Responsibility and Solidarity.
- 11. The Principle of Subsidiarity.
- 12. The Person in the Mass Media.
- 13. Justice and Balance.
- 14. Sustainable Development.
- 15. Conclusions.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Discussion, presentation	Presentation, active	Presentation, active	
		participation	participation	
	SKILLS			
U_01	Discussion, argumentation	Presentation, active	Presentation, active	
		participation	participation	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Listening to others	Presentation, active	Presentation, active	
		participation	participation	

### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

### Lecture: exam 100%

### Fail

- (W) the student does not have a basic knowledge of the anthropological issues
- (U) the student is not able to offer any conceptual solution for the anthropological problem
- (K) the student is not engaged in the process of acquiring the knowledge

# Pass

- (W) the student gained general but limited knowledge on the main topics of the tutorial
- (U) the student barely can formulate some solution for the anthropological problem under discussion
- (K) the student attends the lecture but is not interested in the problems under discussion

### Merit

- (W) the student has gained a good knowledge of the moral issues presented in the tutorial
- (U) the student is able easily to present gained knowledge
- (K) the student is active in the lecture and is willing to broaden his knowledge

### Distinction

- (W) the student has systematized and wide knowledge on the main topics presented in the tutorial
- (U) the student is able to present gained knowledge and formulate his own argumentation
- (K) the student is active an takes an initiative with broadening his knowledge

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

### VIII. Literature

### Basic literature

M. Herzfeld, Cultural Intimacy. Social Poetics in the Nation-State, New York and London: Routledge, 2016. M. Herzfeld, Anthropology through the looking-glass, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999.

### Additional literature

- I. Berlin, Two Concepts of Liberty
- K. Wojtyła, The Acting Person, Analecta Husserliana 1979.
- Ch. Taylor, Sources of the Self: The Making of Modern Identity. Harvard University Press, 1989.

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

# I. General Information

Course name	Key theme in Anthropology: Religion and Totemism	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies	BA	
Form of studies	Full-time	
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies 50%, Philosophy 50%	
Language of instruction	English	

	Course coordinator/person responsible	dr hab. <b>Robert T. Ptaszek</b> , prof. KUL
--	---------------------------------------	--

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	2	3

Course pre-requisites	W 1. Basic knowledge of religion.
	W 2. An ability to find relationships among religious and anthropological
	ideas

# II. Course Objectives

- C 1. To acquaint students with issues of essence and origin of religion.
- C 2. To acquaint students with various types of religions and their roles in human life.
- C 3. Presentation of various concepts of totemism and their significance for the understanding of man and his culture.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

		_
		Reference to
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning
		outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Student presents ordered knowledge about religion, its	K_W03
	meaning for man and his culture. He knows various concepts of	_
	totemism and the ways of their use in different currents of	
	anthropology.	
W_02	Student describes different ways of seeing religion and its	K_W05
cultural role. He shows the connections between religions and		_
civilizations. Student discusses the importance of religion as a		
	factor that evokes and stabilizes social and political conflicts.	
SKILLS		
U_01	Student selects the appropriate methods to examine	K_U03
	anthropological and cultural aspects of different religions	
K_01	Student is able to point out religious inspirations in various	K_K03

dimensions of the functioning of culture, is open to new	
cultures and ideas, and at the same time sees the need for	
responsibility for preserving cultural heritage.	
Student develops the ability to work in a multicultural team	
taking into account the cultural differences in the perception of	
reality.	

#### IV. Course Content

## Religion

- 1. Definitions of religion
- 2. Essence of religion
- 3. Elementary forms of religion
- 4. Theories of the evolution of religion (Edward B. Tylor, John Lubbock)
- 5. The origin of religion Wilhelm Schmidt position
- 6. Religions and civilisations

### **Totemism**

- 1. History, definitions and ways to understand the term
  - 1.1. Totemism as a form of animal worship
  - 1.2. Totemism as a manifestation of religious life
  - 1.3. Totemism as a tool for building social relations
  - 1.4. Totemism as a way to Transcendence
- 2. Emile Durkheim's totemism concept
- 3. Theory of totemism by Sigmund Freud and its social and cultural consequences
- 4. Bronisław Malinowski: Totemism at functional anthropology
- 5. Claude Levi-Strauss: totemism and structuralism
- 6. Adam Kuper and his critique of totemism

## V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Conversational lecture	Presentation	Presentation rating card
W_02			
SKILLS			
U_01	Textual analysis	Presentation	Presentation rating card
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

Students' presentations (60%), work with text and discussion (35%) attendance (5%).

# Knowledge

**Grade 2**: Student does not prepare the presentation, does not participate in discussions, is absent more than 3 times.

- **Grade 3**: Student prepares the presentation, participates in discussions, is absent maximally 3 times.
- **Grade 4**: Student prepares a good presentation, gives a real contribution to the discussion, is absent maximally 2 times.
- **Grade 5**: Student prepares an excellent presentation, gives a very good contribution to the discussion, is absent maximally 1 time.

#### **Skills**

- **Grade 2**: Student cannot use appropriate methods to examine anthropological and cultural aspects of different religions; cannot prepare a presentation on issues of religion and basic anthropological aspects of totemism.
- **Grade 3**: Student with some difficulties can: use appropriate methods to examine anthropological and cultural aspects of different religions; prepare a presentation on issues of religion and basic anthropological aspects of totemism.
- **Grade 4**: Student can: use appropriate methods to examine anthropological and cultural aspects of different religions; prepare a presentation on issues of religion and anthropological aspects of totemism.
- **Grade 5**: Student easily can: use appropriate methods to examine anthropological and cultural aspects of different religions; prepare a presentation on issues of religion and anthropological aspects of totemism.

## **Social competences**

- **Grade 2**: Student cannot point out religious inspirations in different dimensions of the functioning of culture, is not open to new cultures and ideas, does not see the need for responsibility for preserving cultural heritage, does not develop the skills of working in a multicultural team.
- **Grade 3**: Student can point out some religious inspirations in various dimensions of the functioning of culture, is basically open to new cultures and ideas, sees the need for responsibility for preserving cultural heritage, develops the ability to work in a multicultural team.
- **Grade 4**: Student can point out religious inspirations in different dimensions of the functioning of culture, is open to new cultures and ideas, clearly sees the need for responsibility for preserving cultural heritage, develops the ability to work in a multicultural team.
- **Grade 5**: Student independently can indicate religious inspirations in various dimensions of the functioning of culture, is wide open to new cultures and ideas, clearly sees and can justify the need for responsibility for preserving cultural heritage, effectively and independently develops the ability to work in a multicultural team.

### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

## VIII. Literature

# **Basic literature**

Fiona Bowie, Anthropology of Religion: an introduction, Oxford, 2006

Robert Alun Jones, *The Secret of the Totem: Religion and Society from McLennan to Freud*, New York 2005

Adam Kuper, *The Reinvention of Primitive Society. Transformations of a Myth,* London, New York 2005

# **Additional literature**

Emile Durkheim, *Elementary Forms of Religious Life*, New York, London, Toronto, Sydney, Tokyo, Singapore 1995

Claude Lévi-Strauss, Totemism, London 1964

# I. General Information

Course name	Key Themes in Anthropology: Culture, Society, Ethnicity, Identity
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr. Edyta Kuzian

Type of class	Number of teaching	Semester	ECTS Points
	hours		
lecture	30	4	2

Course pre-	None
requisites	

# **II.** Course Objectives

- C1: After completing this course students will have basic knowledge of the key themes in anthropology, culture, society, ethnicity, and identity.
- C2: They will be able to critically examine and relate these themes in interdisciplinary contexts, focusing on the philosophical perspective and integrate the course materials with every day experience.
- C3: Through stimulating in-class discussions students will generate thought-provoking presentation and questions from the readings. Moreover, students will demonstrate a command of the readings during course meetings and strengthen their written skills through writing assignments.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Students critically approach and asses the methodology and key themes in applied anthropology	K_W01
W_02	Students master key anthropological English terms	K_W02
W_03	Students improve interdisciplinary knowledge of disciplines related to anthropology, primarily philosophy	
	SKILLS	
U_01	The ability to analyze different scientific studies about humans, with a primary focus on socio-cultural anthropology	K_U01
U_02	The ability to observe and formulate research problems, including the use of appropriate research tools  K_U02	
U_03	The ability to communicate the results of research and activities to the target groups, uses specialist terminology and methods of expression corresponding to current situations	K_U17
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Student takes care of maintaining methodological standards in research, openness and sensitivity to problems in the field of human and social	K_K02
K_02	Student is open and critical of new ideas, concepts, theories, arguments and challenges related to socio-cultural anthropology of the 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> century	K_K03

## **IV.** Course Content

This course is designed to provide an overview of the key themes in anthropology, culture, society, ethnicity, and identity. We will explore these themes using *Key Themes in Anthropology: Culture, Society, Ethnicity, Identity* (2012) by Gary Ferraro and Susan Andreatta.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	<u> </u>	KNOWLEDGE	1
W_01	Lecture	Research paper	Graded research paper
W_02	Lecture	4 short written assignments	Graded assignments
W_03	Lecture	Exam	Graded exam
		SKILLS	
U_01	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the performance
U_02	Discussion	Research paper	Graded research paper
U_03	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the performance
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the performance
K_02	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the performance

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors:

It is essential for students to attend and participate in zoom class meetings. Participation represents 20% of the final grade. Students are required to have completed the day's assigned readings by the date indicated.

<u>MindTap assignments worth 20%</u> of the final grade (assignments are here: <a href="https://www.cengage.com/dashboard/#/course-confirmation/MTPP7FFQ9B69/initial-course-confirmation">https://www.cengage.com/dashboard/#/course-confirmation/MTPP7FFQ9B69/initial-course-confirmation</a> Course Key: MTPP-7FFQ-9B69

<u>The final 7–8 page paper worth 20%</u> of your final grade is required by the end of the semester (11:59PM, June 16, 2021).

Final exam 20%

Each student should cover two of the following rotating presentations. <u>Each presentation is worth 10% of your final grade</u>.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

## Primary Literature

Key Themes in Anthropology: Culture, Society, Ethnicity, Identity (2012) by Gary Ferraro and Susan Andreatta

## Secondary literature

Nigel Rapport, Joanna Overing, Social and Cultural Anthropology. The Key Concepts, Routledge, London 2000.

Gary Ferraro, Classic Readings in Cultural Anthropology, Cengage Learning, Boston, MA 2016.

Barbara Miller, Cultural Anthropology in a Globalizing World, Pearson, Boston MA 2017.

Ted C. Lewellen, The Anthropology of Globalization. Cultural Anthropology Enters the 21<sup>st</sup> Century, Bergin & Garvey, London 2002.

Carla Cuerrón-Montero, Introduction: Preparing Anthropologists for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century, "National Association for the Practice of Anthropology Bulletin 29(1), March 2008, pp. 1-13.

Brian Morris, Religion and Anthropology. A Critical Introduction, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge 2006.R. Jon McGee, Richard L. Warms (eds.), Theory in Social and Cultural Anthropology. An Encyclopedia, Sage, London 2013.

Chris Jenks, Culture. Key Ideas, Routledge, London 2001.

Ralph Linton, The Study of Man. An Introduction, Appleton-Century-Crofts, Inc., New York 1936.

## I. General Information

Course name	Key themes in Applied Anthropology: Justice, Charity and Humanitarianism (Good Life)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Philosophy 50%, Social Communication Studies and media Studies 50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Rev. Dr. Krzysztof Smykowski
---------------------------------------	------------------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	W1. Interest in the issues	
	W2. Basic knowledge of philosophical anthropology	

# II. Course Objectives

C1 – presenting moral aspects of basic areas of social life	
C2 – presenting theological and moral interpretation of the principles of social life	
C3 - making a moral evaluation of selected social phenomena and problems	

## III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	The student discusses the current state of civilization in social and moral aspects	K_W05	
W_02	The student knows the ethical norms and rules governing the institutions supervising activities in the field of anthropology	K_W07	
	SKILLS		
U_01	The student integrates various anthropological approaches and concepts in social and moral aspects	K_U18	
SOCIAL COMPETENCE			
K_01	The student coordinates the process of moral formation and, improving social competences	K_K01	
K_02	The student is involved in social activity	K_K06	

## IV. Course Content

- 1. World and community
- 2. The biblical vision of the community
- 3. Extreme models of community life: liberalism and collectivism
- 4. Person as a center of community life
- 5. Principles of community life
- 6. Love and mercy
- 7. Justice
- 8. Freedom
- 9. The truth
- 10. Missions as an example of the Church's activity for the community

## V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Conventional lecture, conversational lecture	Oral exam	Protocol
W_02	Conventional lecture, conversational lecture	Oral exam	Protocol
SKILLS			
U_01	Textual analysis	Oral exam	Protocol
SOCIAL COMPETENCE			
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report
K_02	Discussiom	Observation	Observation report

## VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

#### Oral exam

#### Poor grade

the student has no knowledge of the anthropological and dogmatic foundations of social life, has no knowledge of the process of moral development and its social conditions, and does not know at the specialist and interdisciplinary level the issues of social life and the assessment of selected social issues

#### Fair grade

the student has partial knowledge of the anthropological foundations of social life, the process of moral development and its social conditions, and knows selected issues regarding the principles of social life

#### Good grade:

the student knows the anthropological foundations of social life well, the process of moral development and its social conditions as well as the issues of the principles of social life, including the assessment of basic social issues

#### Very good grade

the student has specialist and integrated knowledge of the anthropological foundations of social life, moral development and its social conditions, principles of social life; is familiar with social issues - knows the rules of social life and is able to apply them in solving moral and social dilemmas

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

## Basic literature

Pontifical Council for Justice and Peace. *Compendium of the Social Doctrine of the Church*. Rome 2004.

Wojtyla K. Person and Act and Related Essays. Washington 2021.

### Additional literature

John Paul II. Encyclical letter Dives in miserocordia. Rome 1980.

John Paul II. Encyclical letter Centesimus annus. Rome 1991.

II Vatican Council. Pastoral Constitution on the Church in the Modern Worl *Gaudium et spes*. Rome 1965.

Nagórny J. Posłannictwo chrześcijan w świecie. T. 1: Świat i wspólnota. Lublin 1998.

Peschke K.H. Christian Ethics. Moral Theology in the Light of Vatican II. Vol. 1-3. Winchester 1979.

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

## I. General Information

Course name	Language as the means of communication
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and media
	Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr hab. Henryk Duda prof. KUL

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	I	2

Course pre-requisites   Knowledge of basic linguistic termino	ology, knowledge of English (≥B2)
---	-----------------------------------

## II. Course Objectives

Preparation of the theoretical and methodological base for the implementation of all studies in applied anthropology.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Symbol		
Description of course learning outcome		programme learning	
		outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	The student knows the basic linguistic terminology in English	K_W02	
	and in his native language		
W_02	The student knows the structure of natural language, its	K_W02	
	functions and varieties.		
W_03	The student knows what linguistics is and has a basic	K_W_02	
knowledge of linguistic research.			
	SKILLS		
U_01	The student is able to talk about the language, its structure	K_U06	
	and functioning with specialists from various anthropological		
	areas and with other target groups, using different languages,		
	techniques and channels of communication.		
U_02	The student is able to apply the basic principles of the art of	K_U11	
	translation in matters related to his life, situation and field of		
	study.		

SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	The student is ready to actively participate in the social	K_K07
discourse about language and its functioning in social life,		
especially in a multicultural environment.		
K_02	Student is open to new ideas and concepts in linguistics,	K_K07
	discourse and culture.	

#### IV. Course Content

- 1) What is linguistics introductory remarks
- 2) The sounds of speech (1) phonetics
- 3) The sounds of speech (2) phonology
- 4) Morphology (1) inflection
- 5) Morphology (2) Word formation
- 6) Sentence structure
- 7) Words and their meanings
- 8) Speech acts and the functions of language
- 9) Language power
- 10) Language styles and dialects
- 11) Other language varieties (sociolects, genderlects etc.)
- 12) Writing systems

## V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Class	Graded pass	evaluation card	
W_02	Class	Graded pass	evaluation card	
W_03	Class	Graded pass	evaluation card	
W_04	Class	Graded pass	evaluation card	
		SKILLS		
U_01	Class	observations	evaluation card	
U_02	Class	observations	evaluation card	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Class	observations	evaluation card	
K_02	Class	observations	evaluation card	
K_03	Class	observations	evaluation card	

## VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors...

**Knowledge criteria: for grade 2** - Insufficient mastery of the material; **for grade 3** - Basic acceptance and understanding of issues and concepts presented in class; **for grade 4**: Active participation in classes indicating good mastery of the teaching material; **for grade 5**: Very good knowledge of the material in question and the same intellectual activity.

**Skill criteria:** for grade **2** - Inability to use acquired knowledge in practice; for grade **3** - The student is able to use the acquired knowledge at the basic level; for grade **4**: The student demonstrates freedom in operating the lectured content; for grade **5**: Very good ability to use acquired knowledge.

**Criteria for social competences: for grade 2** - The student does not have any competences in transferring acquired knowledge; **for grade 3** - The student knows how to draw on the acquired knowledge in a barely satisfactory way; **for grade 4**: The student can pass his / her skills to others; **for grade 5**: Student may be an authority among other people.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

### Basic literature

Aitchison Jean, *Linguistics made easy*, [London, Hodder Education], 2012.

Akmajian Adrian, Demers Richard A., Farmer Ann K. [et al.], *Linguistics An Introduction to Language and Communication*, Cambridge Mass: The MIT Press, 2001.

Fromkin Victoria, Rodman Robert, Hyams Nina, An introduction to language, 2003.

#### Additional literature

Aitchison Jean, *The articulate mammal: an introduction to psycholinguistics*, New York, Routledge, 2015.

Aronoff Mark, Rees-Miller Janie, The Handbook of Linguistics, Wiley-Blackwell, 2017.

Bünting Karl-Dieter, Einführung in die Linguistik [in German], Athenäum: Weinheim Beltz 1996.

Also available in Polish: Bünting Karl-Dieter, Wstęp do lingwistyki, Warszawa: PWN 1989.

Dechaine Rose-Marie, Vatikiotis-Bateson Eric, Burton, Strang, *Linguistics for Dummies*, Hoboken, CANADA: For Dummies, 2018.

Grzegorczykowa Renata, *Wstęp do językoznawstwa* [Introduction to linguistics – in Polish], Warszawa, 2007.

Milewski Tadeusz, *Introduction to the study of language*, The Hague: Mouton – Warszawa: PWN-Polish scientific publ., 1973.

Wierzbicka Anna, O języku dla wszystkich [in Polish], Warszawa 1967.

Course syllabus Applied Anthropology BA year 1

## I. General Information

Course name	Linguistic Anthropology – Diversity and similarity
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle MA)	ВА
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies 50%, Social Communication Studies and Media Studies 50%
Language of instruction	English

	Course coordinator	/person responsible	
--	--------------------	---------------------	--

Type of class (use only the types mentioned below)	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	VI	4

Course pre-requisites	
Course pre-requisites	

# **II. Course Objectives**

- Knowledge of linguistic dynamics and social linguistic issues
   Ability to implement linguistic knowledge in adequate social circumstances
- 3. Openness to linguistic and social diversity

## III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	has ordered basic knowledge of linguistic anthropology and its relation to social issues and language dynamics	K_W03	
	SKILLS		
U_01	Student has integrated knowledge in the field of various scientific disciplines about human beings (esp. in the socio-cultural anthropology, but philosophical anthropology also).	K_U01	
U_02	Student has developed interpersonal and intercultural communication skills in the various social and cultural environments	K_U07	

U_03	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication in social context, mitigating social conflicts, leading to settlement	K_U14	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01 coordinates the process of acquiring linguistic and social knowledge, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations and the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities		K_K01	

#### **IV. Course Content**

Linguistic relativities. Foundations of ethnolinguistics. Methodological issues in cross-culture linguistic naming. Bilingualism. Intimate grammars. Maximizing ethnopoetics: fine-tuning anthropological experience. Interpreting language variation and change

## V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01				
	SKILLS			
U_01				
U_02				
U_03				
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01				

## VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

## VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

## VIII. Literature

Basic literature	
Additional literature	

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

## I. General Information

Course name	Linguistic Anthropology: Source and development of the world's languages
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies 50%, Philosophy 50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr hab. Henryk Duda prof. KUL
---------------------------------------	-------------------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
Tutorial	30	II	2

Course pre-requisites	Knowledge of basic linguistic terminology, knowledge of English (≥B2)
ocurse pro requisites	11101110460 01 24010 1116410 101010 101010 10101101

# II. Course Objectives

Preparation of the theoretical and methodological base for the implementation of all studies in applied anthropology.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol		Reference to		
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning		
		outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Student situates linguistics in relation to sciences and knows the relationship between language, linguistics and anthropology	K_W01		
W_02	Student knows the role of languages in culture and the consequences of intercultural and inter-linguistic contacts.	K_W01		
W_03	Student knows English and Polish/their native language terminology K_W02 used in applied anthropology			
W_04	W_04 Knows the basics of linguistics as a science, knows the structure of language, its origin and evolution, as well as the relationship with man's material and spiritual culture.			
SKILLS				
U_01	Student describes properly the observed phenomena, formulates	K_U02		
	research problems, and uses or constructs appropriate tools to solve them			
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			

K_01	Student cares about languages as an intangible cultural heritage	K_K02
K_02	Student is ready to apply linguistic and anthropological knowledge in	K_K02
	the current public discourse	

#### IV. Course Content

- 1. Linguistics as a scientific discipline. Subdisciplines of linguistics.
- 2. Language structure (from phonetics to text).
- 3. The concept of natural language. Languages in a figurative sense.
- 4. Diagram of the language communication act. Language features.
- 5. Biological basics of language.
- 6. Animal language.
- 6. Language diversity (geographical, social, gender, functional etc.).
- 7. Evolution of language.
- 8. Basics of historical and comparative linguistics
- 8. The discovery of Sanskrit. The concept of a language family. Indo-European language family.
- 9. Nostratic hypothesis. Non-Indo-European languages.
- 10. Artificial languages. Esperanto
- 11. Language and culture. Cultural relativism. The concept of linguistic image of the world. Cognitive linguistics.
- 12. The language future of the world. Threats to the language.

### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Tutorial	Oral exam	Evaluation card	
W_02	Tutorial	Oral exam	Evaluation card	
W_03	Tutorial	Oral exam	Evaluation card	
	SKILLS			
U_01	Tutorial	Oral exams	Evaluation card	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Tutorial	Observations	Evaluation card	
K_01	Tutorial	Observations	Evaluation card	

#### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

**Knowledge criteria: for grade 2** - Insufficient mastery of the material; **for grade 3** - Basic acceptance and understanding of issues and concepts presented in class; **for grade 4**: Active participation in classes indicating good mastery of the teaching material; **for grade 5**: Very good knowledge of the material in question and the same intellectual activity.

**Skill criteria:** for grade **2** - Inability to use acquired knowledge in practice; for grade **3** - The student is able to use the acquired knowledge at the basic level; for grade **4**: The student demonstrates freedom in operating the lectured content; for grade **5**: Very good ability to use acquired knowledge.

**Criteria for social competences: for grade 2** - The student does not have any competences in transferring acquired knowledge; **for grade 3** - The student knows how to draw on the acquired knowledge in a barely satisfactory way; **for grade 4**: The student can pass his / her skill to others; **for grade 5**: Student may be an authority among other people.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

#### Basic literature

*Encyklopedia językoznawstwa ogólnego* [Encyclopedia of general linguistics], ed. by K. Polański, Wrocław 1993 (or the next edition).

- V. Fromkin, R. Rodman, N. Hyams, An introduction to language, 2003.
- R. Grzegorczykowa, Wstęp do językoznawstwa [Introduction to linguistics], Warszawa 2007.
- A. Heinz, Dzieje językoznawstwa w zarysie [An outline of the history of linguistics], Warszawa 1978.
- W.P. Lehmann, Historical Linguistics, London 1995.
- A. Weinsberg, Językoznawstwo ogólne [General linguistics], Warszawa 1983.

#### Additional literature

- J. Aitchison, *The seeds of speech : language origin and evolution*, Warszawa 2010.
- J. Bartmiński, Aspects of cognitive ethnolinguistics, London 2009.
- I. Bobrowski, Zaproszenie do językoznawstwa [An invitation to linguistics], Kraków 1998.
- R.M.W. Dixon, *The rise and fall of languages*, London 1997.
- R. Dunbar, Grooming, Gossip, and the Evolution of Language, Cambridge, Mass. 2002.

Jourdan, Christine, *Language, Culture, and Society Key Topics in Linguistic Anthropology*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2008.

- A. Majewicz, Języki świata i ich klasyfikowanie [World languages and their classification], Warszawa 1989.
- T. Milewski, Językoznawstwo [Linguistics] (latest available edition).

Salzmann Zdenek, James Stanlaw, and Nobuko Adachi, *Language, Culture, and Society: An Introduction to Linguistic Anthropology*, Boulder, CO: Westview Press, 2012.

- E. Tabakowska (ed.), *Kognitywne podstawy języka i językoznawstwa* [Cognitive basics of language and linguistics], Kraków 2001.
- A. Wierzbicka, O języku dla wszystkich, Warszawa 1967.

## I. General Information

Course name	Linguistic Anthropology – Tribal languages and world languages
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle MA)	BA
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies 50%, Social
	Communication Studies and Media Studies 50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible

Type of class (use only the types mentioned below)	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	VI	4

l =	
Course pre-requisites	
T COURSE DIE-REGUISHES	
Course pre-requisites	

# **II. Course Objectives**

1. Knowledge of tribal and world languages
2. Ability to apply principles of linguistic anthropology in fieldwork
3. Readiness to intercultural communication

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	has ordered basic knowledge of linguistic anthropology	K_W03
	SKILLS	
U_01	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication with tribal languages; recognizes social problems, designs activities and prepares the environment for communicative purposes	K_U14
		K_U07
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible	K_K01

skills regarding linguistic abilities, enriching knowledge	
required in research situations and the work of an	
anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities	

#### **IV. Course Content**

Languages, Dialects, and Accents. Language Families - Comparative Reconstruction. Linguistic Diversity, Field Linguistics, Language Maps, Languages of Europe: The Indo-European Language Family, The Indo-European Controversy, Non-Indo-European Languages of Europe, Endangered Languages of Europe. Languages of Iran and South Asia: Indo-European Languages of Iran and South Asia, Iranian Languages, Indo-Aryan Languages, Dravidian Languages, Other Languages of South Asia. Universals and the Parametric Theory of Language. Languages of Northern Eurasia: Finno-Ugric Languages, Other Uralic Languages, Turkic Languages, Other Languages of Siberia. Languages of the Caucasus: Northwest Caucasian Languages, Northeast Caucasian Languages, Kartvelian Languages, Indo-European Languages in the Caucasus, Focus on: Head-Marking vs. Dependent-Marking, Languages of the Greater Middle East: Afroasiatic Languages, Semitic Languages, Berber Languages. Language Contact. Languages of Sub-Saharan Africa: Nilo-Saharan Languages, Niger-Congo Languages, Khoisan Languages. Official Languages, Trade Languages, and Creole Languages in Sub-Saharan Africa. Languages of Eastern Asia: Sino-Tibetan Languages, Austro-Asiatic Languages, Tai-Kadai Languages, Japanese and Korean. Languages of the South Sea Islands: Discovery of the Austronesian Family and the Austronesian Homeland, Today's Austronesian Languages and the Internal Classification of the Family, Linguistic Properties of Austronesian Languages. The Mystery of Malagasy. Aboriginal Languages of New Guinea and Australia: Languages of New Guinea, Overview of Papuan Languages, Areal Papuan Features, Tok Pisin, Languages of Australia. Native Languages of the Americas: Languages of North America, Languages of Meso-America, Languages of South America. The Pirahã Controversy. Macro Families, Sign Languages, and Constructed Languages. Macro Families. The Dene-Yeniseian Hypothesis. Altaic and Ural-Altaic Macro Families. The Nostratic and Eurasiatic Hypotheses. Other Hypothesized Macro Families. Sign Languages. Constructed Languages.

#### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01			
W_02			
W			
		SKILLS	
U_01			
U_02			
U			
	SO	OCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01			
K_02			
K			

# VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

## VIII. Literature

Basic literature		
Additional literature		

## Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

#### I. General Information

Course name	Logics and critical thinking
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	
	Marcin Czakon, PhD

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	15	I	2
classes	15	1	

Course pre-requisites	General knowledge about mathematics of high school level.
l comice bio icalmentes	The second of th

## II. Course Objectives

- C1 Presentation and discussion about main concepts, problems and achievements of philosophical logic, taking into account metalogic.
- C2. Presentation of Propositional Calculus, First Order Logic and selected topics of non-classic logic.
- C3. Developing skills in solving logic problems.
- C4. Developing skills in paying attention to logical fallacies and logical correctness.

## III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol		Reference to			
Cymbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning			
		outcome			
	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	Student has knowledge about basic types of formulas, main ways to	K_W04			
	justification the theorems, main types of knowledge and he/she				
	understands specificity of them.				
W_02	Student has knowledge and understanding the features and way to	K_W04			
	construction logical theories and he/she knows the importance and				
	way to proof of limitations theorems.				
	SKILLS				
U_01	Student has a skill to analyzing, evaluating of correctness and	K_U16, K_U17			
	reading the structure of logical reasoning.				
U_02	Student has a skill to solve the problems in Propositional Calculus	K_U16, K_U17			
	and First Order Logic.				
U_03	Student has a skill to solve the problems in non-classical logics.	K_U16, K_U17			
U_04	Student has a skill to examine the correctness of the formal proofs.	K_U16, K_U17			
U_05	Student has a skill to recognize and naming basic logical fallacies.	K_U16, K_U17			
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Student is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and	K_K03			
	arguments; understands how different perspectives for perceiving				
	reality work and various cognitive and life contexts of communities,				
	especially as communities from countries or cultures other than				
	anthropologist				

### IV. Course Content

Structure, types and features of arguments, correctness and logical fallacies in reasoning. Induction, deduction, inconsistency and similar relations. Structure of logical theory, concepts of model and interpretation. Selected concepts of set theory, algebry and arithmetic of natural numbers. Propositional Calculus. First Order Logic, theory of identity, logics of higher order. The sources of non-classical logics, formal logic in philosophical and worldview discussion, selected non-classical logics. Structure and features of logical theories, axioms, proofs, definitions. Limitatnion theorems: I and II Godel's theorem, Tarski's theorem, Church's theorem. Variety of types of knowledge and sciences.

## V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
	KNOWLEDGE				
W_01	_01 Lecture oral examination		exam protocol		
W_02	Lecture	oral examination	exam protocol		
		SKILLS			
U_01	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the		
			performance		
U_02	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the		
			performance		
U_03	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the		
			performance		
U_04	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the		

			performance		
U_05	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the		
			performance		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Discussion	Evaluation of discussion	Evaluation of the		
			performance		

#### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

#### Fail:

Knowledge: Student doesn't have required knowledge about reasonings and definitions. Student doesn't have basic knowledge about constructing a logical theory, types of knowledge or limitation theorems.

Skills: Student doesn't have a skill to analyse arguments, recognize the logical fallacies and solve logical problems.

Social competences: The student is not involved in the learning process.

#### **Barely Pass:**

Knowledge: Student has required knowledge about types, features and correctness of reasonings and definitions. Student has knowledge about constructing a logical theory, types of knowledge and limitation theorems.

Skills: Student has a skill to analyse arguments, recognize and naming the logical fallacies and solve logical problems. Student can solve logical problems with the help of the teacher.

Social competences: The student is involved in the learning process.

#### **Good Pass:**

Knowledge: Student has knowledge about all topics presented during the course, but he/she can have insignificant gaps in detail.

Skills: Student has a skill to solve typical problems in all presented topics.

Social competences: The student is involved in the learning process.

### **Very Good Pass:**

Knowledge: Student has systematized and wide knowledge about all topics presented during the course

Skills: Student has a skill to solve typical and difficult problems in all presented topics. He/she can put the problems, find the answers and illustrate them by examples.

Social competences: student is very active at the classes.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

## Basic literature

 ${\tt D.\ Bonevac,\ Deduction.\ Introductory\ Symbolic\ Logic,}$ 

Blackwell Publishers Ltd., 2003.

## Additional literature

- J. C. Beall, B. C. van Fraassen, *Possibilities and Paradox. An Introduction to Modal and Many-Valued Logic*, Oxford 2003.
- R. M. Smullyan, Goedel's Incompleteness Theorems, Oxford 2001.

# I. General Information

Course name	Media discourse - analytical workshop
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and media Studies 50%,
	Philosophy 50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person	Dr hab. Robert Kublikowski
responsible	

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
Workshops	30	IV	2

Course pre-	basic critical thinking skills
requisites	

# II. Course Objectives

C1 to show the basic knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.
C2 to develop critical thinking.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

		Reference to
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme
		learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	student has well-ordered particular knowledge from the	W 06
	area of semiotics and methodology.	W_00
	SKILLS	
U_01	Student is able to find, analyze, evaluate, arrange and use	U_01
_	information by employing sources both printed and digital.	_
U_02	Student possesses basic research skills - including formulating and analyzing research problems, choosing research methods and instruments, elaborating and presenting results - which allow to solve philosophical problems.	U_02
U_03	Student selects the appropriate methods; uses the methodology of humanities and social sciences, translates oral and written statement	U_03
U_04	Student selects, develops, presents and interprets research	U_04

	results, draws conclusions within the selected specialty	
U_05	Student is able to select proper and adequate instruments for interpreting and analyzing philosophical texts, to summarise and analyse philosophical arguments as well as to identify their key theses, assumptions and consequences.	U_05
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Student understands the need for lifelong learning and developing critical thinking skills.	K_01
K_02	Student is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; understands how different perspectives for perceiving reality work and various cognitive and life contexts of communities from different countries or cultures	K_03
K_03	Student is able to analyse situations and problems and	K_04
	formulate on his own propositions how to solve them.	

#### IV. Course Content

- 1.Basic knowledge concerning semiotics (philosophy of language) and methodology.
- 2. Different types of sciences concerning language.
- 3. Semiotics as a formal science about language.
- 4. Language: a definition, types, functions (roles) and structure.
- 5. Methodology as a science concerning methods.
- 6. Analysing.
- 7. Classifying and typologisation.
- 8. Defining.
- 9. Questionig.
- 10. Reasoning.
- 11. Arguing.
- 12. Persuasion.
- 13. Manipulation.
- 14. Discussion.

## V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Lecture	2 oral revisions and	Grades of the work in a	
		a student presentation	group	
SKILLS				
U_01	Analysis of a text	Observation	Grades of the work in a	
			group	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Grades of the work in a	
			group	

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors ...

#### KNOWLEDGE

- 2 (unsatisfactory fail) Student does not obtain basic knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 3 (satisfactory) Student obtains basic knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 4 (good) Student obtains knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 5 (very good) Student obtains a precise, well-ordered knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.

#### COMPETENCE

- 2 (unsatisfactory fail) Student is not able to analyse and understand basic knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 3 (satisfactory) Student is able to analyse and understand basic knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 4 (good) Student is able to analyse and understand in a fluent way basic knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 5 (very good) Student is able to analyse and understand in a fluent way advanced knowledge concerning semiotics and methodology. Student is able to put many interesting questions and to search for correct answers.

#### SOCIAL COMPETENCE

- 2 (unsatisfactory fail) Student is not active in the learning process. Student is not able to put an interesting question and take a part in a discussion concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 3 (satisfactory) Student is active in the learning process. Student is able to put interesting questions and take a part in a discussion concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 4 (good) Student is very active in the learning process. Student is able to put interesting questions and take a part in a discussion concerning semiotics and methodology.
- 5 (very good) Student is very active in the learning process. Student is able to put many interesting questions and take a part in a discussion concerning semiotics and methodology.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

Basic literature	
Ziembiński Z., Practical Logic, Warsaw: PWN	
Additional literature	

Kublikowski R., Definition Within the Structure of Argumentation, *Special Issue on Informal Logic and Argumentation Theory*, red. M. Koszowy, "Studies in Logic, Grammar and Rhetoric" 16 (29) 2009, s. 229-244.

## I. General Information

Course name	Obligatory practice
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA
MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	Full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies/Social
	Communication Studies and media Studies/
	Management and quality sciences
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	
	Dr hab. Anna Kawalec, prof. KUL

Type of class (use only the types mentioned	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
below)			
practice	60	IV	2

Course pre-requisites	3 semesters of studies completed
-----------------------	----------------------------------

# II. Course Objectives

application of theoretical knowledge to carry out various tasks facing an anthropologist (applied)

## Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Student knows the legal and organizational norms and rules governing the institutions supervising activities in the field of applied anthropology, esp. in the field of intercultural and pro-social activities	K_W07
	SKILLS	
U_01	Student formulates research problems, uses the adequate research tools, and is able flexibly treats research tools	K_U02
U_02	plans and implements his knowledge and developing professional skills, using various sources of information	K_U21
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Student is involved in intercultural social activity, preparing pro-social and integration projects (especially in the intercultural contexts)	K_K06
K_02	applies the basic principles of research work ethics as a committed anthropologist	K_K12

## III. Course Content

the subject of the internship may be two main areas of interest: interculturalism and humanitarianism. They define the fields of the trainee

# IV. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods (choose from the list)	Forms of assessment (choose from the list)	Documentation type (choose from the list)
	(emoded from time masy	KNOWLEDGE	(encode from the nee)
W_01	Praca pod kierunkiem	observation	Protocol
	Ćwiczenia praktyczne		(Internship journal)
	SKILLS		
U_01	Praca pod kierunkiem	observation	Protocol
	Ćwiczenia praktyczne		(Internship journal)
U_02	Praca pod kierunkiem	observation	Protocol
	Ćwiczenia praktyczne		(Internship journal)
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Praca pod kierunkiem	observation	Protocol
	Ćwiczenia praktyczne		(Internship journal)
K_02	Praca pod kierunkiem	observation	Protocol
	Ćwiczenia praktyczne		(Internship journal)

## V. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

involved participation in practical work 100%

# VI. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	60
Number of hours of individual student work	0

# VII. Literature

Basic literature	
Selected according to the practical needs of solving problems in work situations	
Additional literature	
Selected according to the practical needs of solving problems in work situations	

#### I. General Information

Course name	Prejudices and Communication – case studies
Programme	Cultural Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy 50%, Social Communication Studies
	and Media Studies 50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr Marcin Iwanicki

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
Classes	30	IV	2

Course pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of logic and basic critical thinking skills

## II. Course Objectives

The goal of the course is to introduce students to theories and empirical findings concerning the main forms of prejudices present in the contemporary world. The classes will focus on psychological and philosophical literature. Through readings, class discussions, group activities and short weekly "reflections on the reading" assignments students will be able to confront the problem of prejudices in their own lives, as well and to develop their own views on this topic.

### III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning out-
		come
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods	K_W05
SKILLS		
U_01	perfects interpersonal and intercultural communication skills; undertakes intermediary activities between individuals and	K_U07

	groups from various social or cultural environments	
U_02	integrates various anthropological approaches and concepts, and related disciplines, including ways of communication in everyday life	K_U18
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations and the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural social activities	K_K03
K_02	takes care of maintaining methodological standards in research, openness and sensitivity to problems in the field of human and social sciences and making independent attempts to develop them	K_K07

#### IV. Course Content

This course is about prejudices and ways they influence our lives. Lately, the topic of prejudices has have been highly salient in the news, due to the so-called immigration crisis and the discussions concerning the rights of sexual minorities. The goal of this class is to set this moment into a larger theoretical perspective. All sides agree that prejudices, both explicit and implicit, play important role in lives of individuals and societies. But what exactly are prejudices, and how do they differ from stereotypes and discrimination? What are their main forms and the most effective ways to combat them? What do we know about their psychological, social, linguistic mechanisms? We will address these and other questions about prejudices and reflect on their relation to such philosophical ideals as social justice and epistemic justice. The topics covered include the development of prejudices in children, cognitive biases and heuristics, sexism, ageism, speciesism and discrimination against religion. Throughout, we will bring contemporary texts in philosophy – mostly social and political philosophy - to bear on the subject of prejudices.

#### V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Mini-lectures	Written test	
		SKILLS	
U_01	Weekly readings, class discussions and case-based	In-class observation and feedback	
	problems	CIAL COMPETENCIES	
	SU	CIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Group activities	In-class observation and	
		feedback	
K_02	Group activities	In-class observation and	
		feedback	

#### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

Grades will be based upon weekly assignments, final test, regular attendance, and civil and respectful, regular participation.

## VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

#### Basic literature

Rupert Brown, Prejudice Its Social Psychology, Wiley-Blackwell 2010

Daniel Kahneman, Thinking, Fast and Slow, Farrar, Straus and Giroux 2013 (selections)

S. M. Okin, Is Multiculturalism Bad for Women?, Princeton University Press 1999 (selections)

Martha C. Nussbaum, *The New Religious Intolerance. Overcoming the Politics of Fear in an Anxious Age*, Harvard University Press 2013, chapter 4

Martha C. Nussbaum and Saul Levmore, *Aging Thoughtfully: Conversations about Retirement, Romance, Wrinkles, and Regret,* Oxford University Press 2017, chapter 4

#### Additional literature

Kasper Lippert-Rasmussen , The Routledge Handbook of the Ethics of Discrimination, Routledge 2018

## • General Information

Course name	Reading group in anthropology: Arabic language
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle MA)	BA
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	Full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
translation classes	15	6	1

Course pre-requisites	Passed language classes
Course pre-requisites	i asseu language classes

# • Course Objectives

C1. Getting to know the anthropological literature of various cultural worlds.

C2. Improving translation skills.

# • Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	knows the terminology in the field of anthropology in English and in the basic range in languages implemented as part of education (Western and non-Western)	K_W02
W_02	has ordered basic knowledge of basic disciplines for anthropology (according to linguistic and national anthropological traditions)	K_W03,
	SKILLS	
U_01	Student uses a modern foreign language at a level enabling translation into selected language (and vice versa) of texts in the field of anthropology	K_U10
U_02	knows and uses at least at a basic level (A1) at least one modern language of non-Western culture (Arabic / Chinese), for the purpose of daily communication with representatives of these communities	K_U12

SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	student understands how different perspectives for perceiving reality	K_K03	
	work and various cognitive and life contexts of communities,		
	especially as communities from countries or cultures other than		
	anthropologist (for Western students and for non-Western students)		

#### • Course Content

Translation of anthropological foreign-language texts and their cultural interpretation.

# • Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01			
W_02			
W			
		SKILLS	
U_01			
U_02			
U			
	SC	OCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01			
K_02			
K			

# Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

•

## • Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	15
Number of hours of individual student work	15

#### • Literature

Basic literature
Selected according to the preferences of the lecturer and the group
Additional literature
Selected according to the preferences of the lecturer and the group

## I. General Information

Course name	Reading group in anthropology: Modern language (Russian)
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Culture and Religion Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
translation classes	30	VI	3

Course pre-	P_01: English proficiency at level B2 of the Common European
requisites	Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)
	P_02: Experience in reading and discussing academic texts in the
	Humanities in English
	P 03: Passing the course 'Anthropologist's toolkit: Anthropological
	reading (in Russian/Ukrainian)'

# II. Course Objectives

O1: Developing skills in using Russian/Ukrainian as a tool of anthropological reading
O3: Enhancing students' skills in reading and translating anthropological texts from
Russian/Ukrainian into English.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol		Reference to		
Cymbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme		
		learning outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Student understands the specific of anthropological reading,	K_W01		
	taking into account the integrated nature of applied			
	anthropology.			
W_02	Student knows the terminology in the field of anthropology in	K_W02		
	Russian/Ukrainian in the basic scope.			
W_03	Student has ordered basic knowledge of Russian/Ukrainian as	K_W03		
_	a language of anthropological reading.			
SKILLS				
U_01	Student knows and uses Russian/Ukrainian at a level enabling	K_U10		

	translation into native language of texts in the field of		
	anthropology; can prepare a conference poster and		
	multimedia studies in a foreign language.		
U 02	Student independently plans and implements expanding her	K U21	
_	knowledge and developing professional skills, using various	_	
	sources of information (in English, native and		
	Russian/Ukrainian) and modern technologies (ICT).		
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Student coordinates the process of acquiring knowledge, continuous education, improving competences, acquiring	K_K01	
	new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research		
	situations and the work of an anthropologist involved in		
	intercultural social activities.		
K_02	Student is open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; understands the ways of functioning of different perspectives of perceiving reality and various	K_K03	
	cognitive and life contexts of communities, especially as communities from states or cultures that are different than an anthropologist.		

## **IV.** Course Content

The course is designed to train students to read, analyse and translate anthropological texts from Russian/Ukrainian into English using dictionaries and online translation tools, with focus on the stylistic aspects of the academic discourse. In class, student discuss and compare different approaches to translating the same text. The course also covers the issues of transferring references and bibliography from Russian into English.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report
W_02	Conversational lecture	Observation	Observation report
W_03	Conversational lecture, work with text	Observation	Observation report
	•	SKILLS	•
U_01	Text analysis	Written assignment	Evaluated written assignment
U_02	Practical classes	Written assignment	Evaluated written assignment
U_03	Practical classes	Written assignment	Evaluated written assignment
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			

K_01	Discussion	Observation	Observation report
K_02	Discussion	Observation	Observation report

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade includes the following components:

- written assignment 70%
- participation in discussion 30%

## VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

#### VIII. Literature

ture

Abašin S. (2012), "Vlast' i fotografiâ: vizual'naâ reprezentaciâ v imperskoj ramke." *Neprikosnovennyj zapas*, no 4 (84), pp. 120–138.

Muller V. K. (2013) Complete English-Russian Russian English Dictionary.

Moscow: Eksmo.

Slepovich V.S. (2006), Russian-English Translation Handbook. TetraSystems.

Strelkova N. (2013), *Introduction to Russian-English Translation: Tactics and Techniques for the Translator.* Moscow: R. Valent.

## Additional literature and internet resources

https://www.lexilogos.com

https://www.multitran.com

https://www.ushuaia.pl/transliterate/?ln=en

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

#### I. General Information

Course name	Research Methods in Anthropology: Humani-	
	ties and Social Sciences	
Programme	applied anthropology	
Level of studies	BA	
Form of studies	full-time	
Discipline	philosophy	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	Paweł Kawalec
---------------------------------------	---------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	30	I	3

Course pre-requisites	none

# II. Course Objectives

- C1. To familiarize students with the basic concepts in the methodology of anthropological research and their ethical principles, as well as ways of communicating their results.
- C2. Ability to create a research plan, adequate selection of methods, interpretation and data analysis as well as communication of research results.
- C3. Shaping the basis for independent undertaking research tasks in the field of anthropology.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

		Reference to pro-		
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome			
		outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE			
W_01	Knowledge of the methodology of anthropological research in	K_W04		
	the context of the methodology of scientific research, esp. in			
	humanities and social sciences along with the basics of ethics			
	of scientific research			
	SKILLS			
U_01	Ability to choose a research plan for a research problem and	K_U02		
	adequate research methods; collecting ethnographic and soci-			
	ological data as well as interpreting and analyzing this data, as			
well as communicating the results obtained				
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Willingness to maintain methodological standards in research,	K_K02		
	openness and sensitivity to problems in the field of human			
	and social sciences, and independent attempts to develop			
	them			

#### IV. Course Content

Theory and methodology of research process in anthropology. Approaches to anthropological research and research design. Methodology of fieldwork. Modern methods of data collection, analysis and interpretation. Research ethics in anthropology. Communicating and publishing research.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	conversational lecture	written exam	assessment of the written
			exam
		SKILLS	
U_01	case study	observation	assessment sheet for
			group work
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	discussion	observation	assessment sheet for
			group work

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade consists of:

- 1. Active participation in classes 20%
- 2. 80% written exam.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	60

#### VIII. Literature

# **Basic literature**

Angrosino M., Doing Ethnographic and Observational Research, London 2008.

# Additional literature

Chalmers A., What Is This Thing Called Science: An Assessment of the Nature and Status of Science and Its Methods, OUP 1999.

Kawalec P., Wierzchosławski R., red. Social Responsibility and Science in Innovation Economy, Wydawnictwo KUL, Lublin 2015

Kawalec P., Moderately Pluralistic Methodology, "Roczniki Filozoficzne", 2012, t.60, nr 4, s. 233–247.

Kawalec P., On the origin and meta-principles of causal inference. The case of T. Haavelmo, "Zagadnienia Naukoznawstwa", 2017, t.53, nr 4(214), s. 453–466.

Lincoln Y.S., Denzin N.K. (eds.), Qualitative Research, New York 2003.

# **Course Syllabus**

# Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

#### I. General Information

Course name	Tutoring
Programme	applied anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA
MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	full-time
Discipline	philosophy
Language of instruction	English

	Course coordinator/person responsible	Paweł Kawalec
- 1	and the contraction of persons are personal and the contraction of the	1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0

Type of class (use only	Number of teaching	Semester	ECTS Points
the types mentioned	hours		
below)			
workshops	15		1

Course pre-requisites	Knowledge of the English language at the communicative level (A2).
	Understanding basic concepts related to labor. Ability to define needs
	related to the labor market. Willingness to learn. For students of applied
	anthropology only.

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. To familiarize students with the basic concepts of tutoring (e.g. educational, social and humanitarian goals, learning methods, time management, setting development goals).
- 2. Talent development and learning about tutoring tools.
- 3. Shaping attitudes and habits related to educational, social and humanitarian processes.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE	0 4100	
W_01	Presents selected concepts and conceptions in the field of time and project management in the field of humanitarian and social projects as well as the psychology of stress.	Un_T_W_01	
W_02	Has basic knowledge in the field of tutoring.	Un_T_W_02	
	SKILLS		
U_01	Performs a self-assessment of resources and talents and is able to adapt them to specific situations of humanitarian and professional aid and labor market.	Un_T_U_01	
U_02	Communicates with the group in an understandable way and expresses his opinion in an assertive manner in multicultural context.	Un_T_U_02	
U_03	Can formulate learning goals and use learning methods to achieve them.	Un_T_U_03	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Demonstrates commitment to the implementation of didactic tasks, including individual and team.	Un_T_K_01	
K_02	Improves and complements the knowledge, skills, attitudes and tools (including ICT) necessary to achieve the assumed didactic goals (Lifelong and Lifewide Learning).	Un_T_K_01	

#### IV. Course Content

- 1. Basics of tutoring
- 2. Defining educational goals
- 3. The importance of talents in personal development
- 4. Communication and self-presentation (Elevator pitch)
- 5. Team work: group dynamics, feedback, synergies and barriers
- 6. Preparation of educational, social and humanitarian aid projects (active, experience-based learning)
- 7. Time management
- 8. Coping with stress in multicultural context
- 9. Completion of the final project (presentation of team projects)

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods (choose from the list)	Forms of assessment (choose from the list)	Documentation type (choose from the list)
	KNOWLEDGE		
Un_T_W_0 1	Case study	Presentation	Observation report
Un_T_W_0 2	Discussion, case study, literature analysis	Presentation	Observation report
SKILLS			

Un_T_U_01	Didactic game	Test	Test results
Un_T_U_02	Team work	Observation	Team work report
Un_T_U_03	Problem based learning	Test of practical skills	Observation report
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
Un_T_K_01	Project method	Preparation of the project	Project rating card
Un_T_K_02	Project method	Preparation of the project	Project rating card

#### VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

The final grade consists of accumulation by students of the appropriate number of points for:

- 1. Active participation in classes (25%)
- 2. Performing specific tasks set by the lecturer on

various stages of the implementation of the program of activities (including tests and colloquia checking knowledge) (25%)

3. Implementation of a business project (50%)

Criteria for assessing the achieved learning outcomes

Accumulation of the appropriate number of points in 3 ranges:

- 1. Active participation: 0-100 points, passing from 50 points.
- 2. Performing tasks commissioned during the program implementation: 0-100 points,

Passing from 50 points.

3. Implementation of a business project: 0-100 points. Passing from 70 points.

Total minimum number of points required to pass the course: 170

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	15
Number of hours of individual student work	15

#### VIII. Literature

#### **Basic literature**

Ankersen R. (2014). Kopalnie talentów. Sine Qua Non

Clayton M. (2012). Zarządzanie stresem czyli jak sobie radzić w trudnych sytuacjach.

Wydawnictwo Samo Sedno

Davis M., McKay M., Fanning P. (2017). Sztuka skutecznego porozumiewania się.

Gdańskie Wydawnictwo Psychologiczne

Heszen I. (2016). Psychologia stresu. PWN

Maddux R.B. (2006). Budowanie zespołu. Onepress

Maj-Osytek M. (2014). *Komunikacja niewerbalna. Autoprezentacja, relacje, mowa ciała*. Samo sedno.

Niermeyer R. (2009). Umiejętności osobiste. Kadry, płace i BHP. BECK

Rzepka B. (2016). Work-life balance. Jak osiągnąć równowagę w pracy i w życiu.

Wydawnictwo One Press

Szczepanik R. (2001). Budowanie zespołu. Organizacja szkoleń team building i wypraw incentive. Onepress

Tracy B. (2011). Zarządzanie czasem. HELION

Cardona P., Rey C. (2009). Management by Missions. Palgrave

Boeri T., van Ours J., (2013). The Economics of Imperfect Labor Markets. Princeton

#### Additional literature

Klein, G. (2010). Sztuka podejmowania decyzji. Dlaczego mądrzy ludzie dokonują złych wyborów. Wydawnictwo: Onepress.

Leary M. (2017). Wywieranie wrażenia. Strategie autoprezentacji. Wydawnictwo: GWP.

Smółka, P. (2016). Kompetencje społeczne. Metody pomiaru i doskonalenia umiejętności

interpersonalnych. Wydawnictwo: Wolters Kluwer

Klein, G. (2010). Decision Making in Action: Models and Methods. Praeger.

Rudkin Ingle, B. (2013). Design Thinking for Entrepreneurs and Small Businesses. Apress

#### I. General Information

Course name	Variety of religious doctrines and interreligious dialogue
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Philosophy 50%, Culture and Religion Studies
	50%
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Dr hab. Marek Słomka, prof. KUL
---------------------------------------	---------------------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	30	Ш	2

Course pre-requisites	basic understanding of religious ideas, interest in the interreligious
	dialogue

# II. Course Objectives

C1: providing basic knowledge on the religious doctrines and interreligious dialogue

C2: providing the ability to understand important aspects of religious doctrines and interreligious dialogue

C3: enabling participation in rational discussions concerning important problems of religions and interreligious dialogue, developing the ability to distinguish between correct and incorrect arguments, encouraging independent thinking subordinated to methodological rules

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Students discuss the current state of religious doctrines and interreligious dialogue in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of religious conflicts, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods	K_W05	
	SKILLS		
U_01	Students have skills in interpersonal and intercultural and interreligious communication; recognize religious problems, can properly describe foundations of religious doctrines and interreligious dialogue, formulate research problems, and use appropriate tools to solve them	K_U14	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	Students are open and critical to new ideas, concepts, theories and arguments; can organize debates on religious doctrines and interreligious dialogue	K_K03	

#### IV. Course Content

Among others: basic religious terms, the idea of God and the ways of its presentation, main religions, foundations of religious doctrines, uniqueness of religious doctrines, the problem of revelation; interreligious dialogue: short history, institutions, representatives, unsolved problems, perspectives for the future, The Catholic Church impact to the interreligious dialogue.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Conventional lecture	Oral statement	Assessment sheet
	SKILLS		
U_01	The analysis of texts and problems	Observation	Assessment sheet
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES			
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet of team-working

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

An active participation 30%

an oral exam 70%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

#### Basic literature

Keith Ward, Religion in the Modern World. Celebrating Pluralism and Diversity, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press 2019; Michael L. Fitzgerald, Nostra Aetate, a Key to Interreligious Dialogue, "Gregorianum" 87 (4):2006, p. 700-713; William A. Christian, Oppositions of Religious Doctrines. A Study in the Logic of Dialogue among Religions, London: Macmillan 1972.

# Additional literature

Qodratollah Qorbani, Relation Between Exclusivism and Criteria of Rationality of Religious Traditions Dialogue, "Philosophical Investigations" 13 (27):2019, p. 273-292; Marina V. Vorobjova, Religious Tolerance as the Basic Component of Inter-Religious Dialogue, "Journal for the Study of Religions and Ideologies" 3 (9):2004, p. 19-26; Michael H. Mitias, Mysticism as a Basis of Inter-Religious Dialogue, "Dialogue and Universalism" 29 (2): 2019, p. 89-107.

# • General Information

Course name	Verbal and Non-Verbal communication
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA
MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media
	Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Anna Kawalec

Type of class (use only the types mentioned below)	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	VI	4

Course pre-requisites	
Todai od pro regulario	

# • Course Objectives

- 1. Knowledge of natural pragmatics and non-verbal communication methods
- 2. Ability to use natural codes and non-verbal contact
- 3. Readiness to intercultural interaction

# • Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

	1	
		Reference to
Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	programme learning
	Description of course rearning outcome	1
		outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	basic knowledge of natural pragmatics and non-verbal	K_W03
	communication	
	SKILLS	
U_01	perfects interpersonal and intercultural communication skills	K_U07
	using natural codes and non-verbal communication	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	active participation in non-verbal communication and social	K_K05
	activities in the intercultural context	

#### • Course Content

Principles of natural pragmatics and codes. Natural and non-natural meaning. Interjections and language. Prosody and gesture. Mind reading. Continuum of showing-meaning. Methods and techniques of non-verbal communication.

# • Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01				
W_02				
W				
		SKILLS		
U_01				
U_02				
U				
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01				
K_02				
K				

# Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

•

#### • Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

#### • Literature

Basic li	erature
Additio	nal literature

# • General Information

Course name	Western and Oriental – Comparative studies
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA
MA)	
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	Full-time
Discipline	Philosophy
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	

Type of class (use only the types mentioned below)	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
tutorial	30	6	4

Course pre-requisites	none
-----------------------	------

# • Course Objectives

- C1. Acquainting students with the characteristics of Oriental and Western cultures on the basis of selected "cultural texts"
- C2. Comparison and interpretation of comparative conclusions of the specificity of cultural worlds
- C3. Shaping comparative skills

# • Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning	
	VALOUM ED CE	outcome	
	KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	Student discusses the current state of civilization and cultural circles	K_W05	
	SKILLS		
U_01	perfects interpersonal and intercultural communication skills on the	K_U07	
basis of the "cultural texts"		_	
U_02	has developed skills in interpersonal and intercultural communication	K_U14	
on the basis of comparative skills		_	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	student is open and critical to new and foreign ideas, concepts,	K_K03	
	theories and arguments; understands various cognitive and life		
	contexts of communities		

#### Course Content

Presentation the main specifics of Oriental and Western cultures on the basis of selected cultural texts: artefacts and lectures. Discussions about the selected ideas and fundamental concepts of these cultures. Comparison and interpretation of the specificity of cultural circles in the context of history of the discipline of anthropology and philosophy.

# Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)	(choose from the list)
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01			
W_02			
W			
		SKILLS	
U_01			
U_02			
U			
	SC	OCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01			
K_02			
K			

# Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

•

#### Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	90

# • Literature

Basic literature
selected according to the preferences of the group and the lecturer
Additional literature
selected according to the preferences of the group and the lecturer

# I. General Information

Course name	Work with the excluded – child and youth
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and Media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	dr hab. Ewa Domagała-Zyśk prof. KUL
---------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
workshops	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	English – level B2
course pre requisites	211811311 16461 32

# II. Course Objectives

- 1. To know various aspects of exclusion, especially exclusion connected with disability
- 2. To acquire tools for education the children and youths with different special needs
- 3. To acquire tools for teaching and promoting disability awareness and special needs awareness

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning out-	
	KNOWLEDGE	000	
W_01	W_01 discusses the current state of civilization in many aspects; this knowledge covers the area of the hottest outbreaks of social, political and religious conflicts, humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods		
	SKILLS		
U_01	Perfects interpersonal and intercultural communication skills; undertakes intermediary activities between individuals and groups from various social or cultural environments	K_U07	
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	creatively uses acquired knowledge and skills to solve theoretical and practical problems of the community in which the anthropologist works, in justified cases he consults experts	K_K04	
K_02	diagnoses and inspires the need for pro-social activities, especially in the intercultural context, promotes scientific knowledge in the contexts of various cultures and communities,	K_K08	

CONCLIGITA ST	Dubs Excluded 10	i sociai, politicai	or economic reasons

# IV. Course Content

- 1. Definitions and classifications of disabilities, models of disability research
- 2. Mapping children's needs
- 3. Universal design for teaching children with special needs
- ${\bf 4.} \ Reasonable \ adjust ments \ and \ modifications \ for \ inclusive \ curricula$
- 5. Online teaching, blended and hybrid tools for inclusive education.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type
		KNOWLEDGE	
W_01	Text analysis brainstorming discussion problematic method teamwork case study	group project active participation in discussion	Recording on the grade sheet
	•	SKILLS	
U_01	Text analysis brainstorming discussion problematic method teamwork case study	group project active participation in discussion	Recording on the grade sheet
U_02	Text analysis brainstorming discussion problematic method teamwork case study	group project active participation in discussion	Recording on the grade sheet
		SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	Text analysis brainstorming discussion problematic method teamwork case study	group project active participation in discussion	Recording on the grade sheet
K_02	Text analysis brainstorming discussion problematic method teamwork case study	group project active participation in discussion	Recording on the grade sheet
K_03	Text analysis brainstorming discussion problematic method teamwork	group project active participation in discussion	Recording on the grade sheet

- 1	Cac	a study	i l
- 1	Cas	c study	i l

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

# Active participation in discussions based on text analysis - 50% Groups projects -50%

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

#### VIII. Literature

#### Basic literature

Rieser R. (2012). Implementing Inclusive Education: A Commonwealth Guide to Implementing Article 24 of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. Commonwealth Secretariat.

Domagała-Zyśk E., Knopik T. (2020). Functional diagnosis as a strategy for implementing inclusive education in Poland. *Revista Brasileira de Educação Especial*, 26,2,203-330.

ScorgieK., Sobsey D. (2017). Working with families for inclusive education. Emerald.

Gajewski A. (2017). Ethics, equity and inclusive education. Emerald.

# Additional literature

Online materials from World of inclusion site:

http://worldofinclusion.com/

Online books from European Agency on Special Needs and Inclusive Education

https://www.european-agency.org/

Online tools from CAST website

http://www.cast.org/impact/universal-design-for-learning-udl

Course from study programme for the cycle: 2022/2023

#### I. General Information

Course name	Worker's Law
Programme	Applied Anthropology
Level of studies	BA
Form of studies	Full-time
Discipline	Social Communication Studies and media Studies
Language of instruction	English

Course coordinator/person responsible	Paweł Nowik, PhD, Associate Professor

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
classes	30	П	1

W4. The ability to interpret the provisions of applicable law.		W1. The knowledge of elementary issues of state and law theory; W2. The ability to think logically, to formulate statements independently; W3. The ability to work in a team; W4. The ability to interpret the provisions of applicable law.
--	--	--

# **II.** Course Objectives

# Knowledge:

- C 1 acquainting students with basic knowledge about the place and importance of labour law and social security in the system of private law and relations to other sciences;
- C 2 acquainting students with the basic notions of daily social security law and gaining knowledge about the basic definitions of labour law and norms of this law, taking into account the sources of law, popularization of the binding and so-called autonomous labour law;
- C 3 transfer of knowledge of the entities involved in legal relations relevant to labour and social security law;
- C 4 acquaint students with basic institutions of labour and social security law;

#### Skills:

- C 1 develop skills in the use of basic labour law concepts, develop skills in the use of oral and written labour law terminology and use this terminology in a way that is consistent and understandable with different audiences;
- C 2 develop skills in using different sources of labour law (common and autonomous);
- C 3 to develop the ability to solve simple legal problems on their own; to obtain information on various events and to verify them using various sources of communication;
- C 4 get to know the workshop of the HR and payroll specialist, HR manager, HR manager;

### Social competences:

- C 1 to be aware of one's knowledge and skills, to understand the need for lifelong learning in the face of dynamically changing socio-economic relations determining the shape of labour law and social security;
- C 2- to develop skills of acquired knowledge in professional practice, including supplementing and improving acquired knowledge and skills;
- C 3 developing the skills of a reliable and responsible approach to problems;
- C 4 acquiring necessary, practical skills in the field of individual and collective labour law getting to know the basic principles of cooperation between the employer and trade unions, acquiring practical skills in social security.

#### III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning outcome
	KNOWLEDGE	
W_01 she/he knows the legal and organizational standards in the field of labour law and the rules of functioning of institutions supervising activities in the field of labour law and social security		K_W07
	SKILLS	1
U_01 she/he recognizes social problems concerning labour law and social security issues, is able to use theoretical knowledge of labour law and social security, in particular the knowledge of labour law, labour protection law and collective labour law to analyse and interpret certain legal, economic and social processes and phenomena in the field of employment and performance of work, is able to formulate statements in legal and legal language about labour relations and relations not related to employment, mitigating social conflicts and leading to their resolution.		K_U14
	SOCIAL COMPETENCIES	
K_01	She/ he actively participates in discussions and activities aimed at improving working conditions and other aspects of labour law and social security.	K_K05
K_02	She/ he engages in social activities, preparing pro-social and integration projects (especially in the context of labour law and social security)	K_K06
K_03	She/ he Inspires, organizes and manages the activities of others	K_K11

#### **IV. IV.** Course Content

#### PROBLEM BLOCKS:

Preliminary issues, labour law sources, labour law functions

Content of the employment relationship - general information

Obligations of employer and employee

Establishment of an employment relationship

Termination of an employment relationship

Change of employment relationship

Remuneration for work

Working time

Staff vacations

Protection of health and life of the employee

Legal liability of the parties to the employment relationship

Labour protection authorities

The concept and subject matter of collective labour law.

Collective labour law entities.

Trade unions and employer organisations.

Collective labour law principles.

Solving collective disputes.

Employee participation.

The concept and essence of social insurance.

Methods of financing social insurance benefits.

Principles of social insurance coverage.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type	
		KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	a conversation lecture, case study,	Colloquium/activity in class	Protocol/ List of student activities	
W_02	a conversation lecture, case study,	Colloquium/activity in class	Protocol/ List of student activities	
W_03	a conversation lecture, case study,	Colloquium/activity in class	Protocol/ List of student activities	
SKILLS				
U_01 Discussion, case study Colloquium/activity in class Protocol/ List of student activities			1100000	
U_02	Discussion, case study	Colloquium/activity in class	Protocol/ List of student activities	
U_03	Discussion, case study	Colloquium/activity in class	Protocol/ List of student activities	
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES				
K_01	Discussion	Activity in the practice classes	List of student activities	
K_02	Discussion	Activity in the practice classes	List of student activities	

K_03 Discussion Activity in the practice classes List of str	udent activities
--	------------------

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors.....

Conditions to pass the exercises:

- attendance at all classes
- homework for a grade
- obtain positive ratings (at least sufficient) from 2 colloquia. The colloquium is a single-choice test (20 questions) with a combination of descriptive question elements (2 essay questions).

The assessment from the colloquia is numerical on a scale from 2 to 5. The condition for obtaining a score of 3.0 is to obtain 50% of the points plus 1 point from all possible points.

#### Assessments:

- 5 100%-94,00%
- 4,5 93,99%-89,00%
- 4,0 88,99%-80,00%
- 3,5 79,99%-70,00%
- 3 69,99%-50% plus 1 point
- 2 50%-0%

The final assessment is a resultant:

- a. All colloquia were counted: a.
- b. Assessments of involvement in the exercises

Inadequate evaluation - no evaluation of the colloquium, unjustified absences.

- 3 knowledge of basic labour law regulations concerning the scope of the exercises.
- 4 knowledge of the basic labor law regulations concerning the scope of the exercises + ability to make the necessary interpretation.
- 5 knowledge of basic labor law regulations concerning the scope of exercises + ability to make necessary interpretation + ability to act during exercises + ability to apply regulations in practice.
- \*In the case of conducting classes in a remote form, the credits will be taken using the platform provided by the University. The conditions of passing remain unchanged.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
------------------	-----------------

Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	

# VIII. Literature

Basic literature
K.W. Baran, Principles of Polish Labour Law, Warsaw 2018 B. Bercusson, Cambridge University Press, 2 edition 2007,
Additional literature
K.W. Baran, Labour law disputes in Polish legal system, Warsaw 2018 K. W. Baran, Polish Collective Employment Law, Warsaw 2019

#### I. General Information

Course name	World's organizations for humanitarian aid	
	(esp. refugees and immigrants)	
Programme	Applied Anthropology	
Level of studies (BA, BSc, MA, MSc, long-cycle	BA	
MA)		
Form of studies (full-time, part-time)	full-time	
Discipline	Social and Economic Geography and spatial	
	management 50%, Social Communication	
	Studies and media Studies 50%	
Language of instruction	English	

Course coordinator/person responsible	
	Dr hab. Anna Kawalec, prof. KUL

Type of class	Number of teaching hours	Semester	ECTS Points
lecture	30	III	2

Course pre-requisites	none
-----------------------	------

# II. Course Objectives

C1: providing basic knowledge on the world's organizations for humanitarian aid (esp. refugees and immigrants)

C2: providing the ability to understand intergovernmental, interpersonal and intercultural communication; identifies social problems realizing by international organizations

C3: coordinates the process of gaining knowledge, gaining new, flexible skills, enriching knowledge required in research situations and the work of an anthropologist involved in intercultural and international social organizations.

# III. Course learning outcomes with reference to programme learning outcomes

Symbol	Description of course learning outcome	Reference to programme learning
	Description of course learning outcome	' ' '
		outcome
KNOWLEDGE		
W_01	discusses the humanitarian crises, with a special emphasis on	K_W05
	knowledge of global institutions and remedial methods,	
	providing basic knowledge on the world's organizations for	
	humanitarian aid (esp. refugees and immigrants)	
W_02	knows the legal and organizational norms and rules governing	K_W07
	the institutions supervising activities in the field of	
	anthropology, esp. engaged anthropology	
	SKILLS	

U_01	providing the ability to understand and identifies social problems, prepares and edits the project, writes a research	K_U05
	report and esp. application forms (to work in worlds pro-social institution)	
U_02	realizes project goals or application documents to humanitarian work independently or in a group, effectively cooperates in a group, takes active roles in a team	K_U19
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES		
K_01	diagnoses and inspires the need for pro-social activities,	K_K08
	especially in the intercultural context, promotes	
	anthropological knowledge in the contexts of various cultures	
	and communities, especially groups excluded for social,	
	political or economic reasons	

#### IV. Course Content

Among others: What is an humanitarian aid, Institutions for humanitarian aid, , international humanitarian system, specifics of GO and NGO (including INGOs), list and specifics of national and international organisations (Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) organizations and recording the assessment in the RC/HC/DO and UNCT performance...), application forms.

# V. Didactic methods used and forms of assessment of learning outcomes

Symbol	Didactic methods	Forms of assessment	Documentation type		
KNOWLEDGE					
W_01	Conventional lecture	Written exam	Assessment sheet		
W_02	Conventional lecture,	Written exam	Assessment sheet		
	discussion				
SKILLS					
U_01	Discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet		
SOCIAL COMPETENCIES					
K_01	Discussion	Observation	Assessment sheet		

# VI. Grading criteria, weighting factors

A written exam: 60%, an active participation: 40%.

#### VII. Student workload

Form of activity	Number of hours
Number of contact hours (with the teacher)	30
Number of hours of individual student work	30

# VIII. Literature

5	
Basic literature	
Basic interactare	

A Brief Guide for Humanitarian Aid (IASC),

Nolan R., Development Anthropology, NY, Routledge 2002,

websites of global humanitarian organizations.

# Additional literature

J. Von Willigen, Applied Anthropology. An Introduction, Westport, Bergin&Garvey 2002, C. Ellick, J. E. Watkins, , The Anthropology Graduate's Guide, C. Ellick, J. E. Watkins, London, Routledge 2016.